



Registration form for interested parties and contributors

Case No.: AD0075

Type of investigation: Anti-dumping Investigation into Boom Lifts and Components thereof from the Peoples Republic of China (PRC)

Completed on behalf of (provide the name of your business or organisation):	Niftylift Ltd, the Applicant
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Note:

Please provide **two copies of your response to this form**: a **confidential** and a **non-confidential version**. Both copies must be returned to the TRA using the Trade Remedies Service (www.trade-remedies.service.gov.uk).

When you have completed each form, indicate the **confidentiality** status of the document by placing a **x** in the relevant box below and in the header of the form. We strongly recommend this questionnaire be completed on a computer, so this step is easy to complete.

- Confidential
 Non-confidential (will be made available on the public file: <https://www.trade-remedies.service.gov.uk/public/cases/>)

Deadline for response:	19 January 2026
Case team contact:	AD0075@traderemedies.gov.uk



Introduction

Registration of interest to the investigation

We invite interested parties and contributors to **register** their interest in this investigation by **completing the relevant sections** as indicated in this form **and submitting the completed form** using the Trade Remedies Service (www.trade-remedies.service.gov.uk).

An interested party is either:

- a government of the foreign country or territory subject to the investigation;
 - an overseas exporter, an overseas producer or an importer of the goods subject to the investigation;
 - a UK producer of goods that are like the goods subject to the investigation; or
 - a trade or business association representing one or more of the above parties.
- A contributor is a person or organisation who is not an interested party but who wants to register so that they can participate in an investigation

Scope of the investigation

Goods Concerned	<p>Boom lifts (alternative names for the same product – cherry pickers, mobile access equipment (MAE), Mobile Elevating Work Platforms (MEWP), aerial work platforms (AWP) and elevating work platforms (EWP)) described as:</p> <p>Boom lifts designed for the lifting of people, equipment and/or materials, with a maximum working height of 6 metres or more, and pre-assembled or ready-to-assemble sections thereof, excluding individual components when presented separately (but not excluding the sections, presented individually or together, listed below). The goods concerned may contain additional features that provide for functions beyond the primary lifting function.</p> <p>The goods concerned may be imported as finished boom lifts, assembled or unassembled, or in the following sections presented individually or together:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • booms including articulated and telescopic or straight (with or without jibs) or sub-assemblies thereof, assembled or not; • chassis or sub-assemblies thereof, assembled or not;
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • boom turret or turntables or sub-assemblies thereof, assembled or not; • platforms or baskets or sub-assemblies thereof, assembled or not. <p>The scope excludes scissor lifts, forklifts, vertical mast lifts (including where described as a ‘boom’ or otherwise), mobile self-propelled cranes and motor vehicles that incorporate a scissor arm assembly or boom assembly.</p> <p>The imported goods are commonly classified under the commodity codes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 8427 1010 10. • 8427 1010 90. • 8427 2019 10. • 8427 2019 90. • 8427 9000 80. • 8428 1020 00. • 8428 1080 00. • 8428 9090 20. • 8428 9090 80. <p>Pre-assembled parts for boom lifts are commonly classified under the following commodity codes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 8431 2000 60. • 8431 3100 00. • 8431 3900 10. • 8431 3900 90.
<p>Period of investigation (POI)</p>	<p>1 October 2024 to 30 September 2025</p>
<p>Alleged dumping</p>	<p>The Applicant alleges that boom lifts originated in the PRC and imported into UK are being dumped. The Applicant considers that these dumped imports are causing injury to the UK industry.</p>

For further details, please refer to the *Notice of Initiation* on the public file:
<https://www.trade-remedies.service.gov.uk/public/cases/>.



Completing this registration form and pre-sampling questionnaire

To register to this case, you need to provide two copies of your response to this form: a confidential and a non-confidential version. Your non-confidential version should be as similar as possible to your confidential version except for the redaction of the confidential information.

Both copies must be returned to the TRA by **12 January 2026** using the Trade Remedies Service (www.trade-remedies.service.gov.uk).

The non-confidential version of your registration form and pre-sampling questionnaire may be placed on the public file: <https://www.trade-remedies.service.gov.uk/public/cases/>.

It is your responsibility to ensure that the non-confidential version does not contain any confidential information, which includes personal contact information, names and signatures. Please see the [TRA's public guidance](#)¹ for further information on providing confidential information and non-confidential summaries.

All information provided to the TRA in confidence will be treated as confidential in accordance with regulation 45 of the Trade Remedies (Dumping and Subsidisation) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (the Regulations) and only used for this investigation (except in limited circumstance as permitted by regulation 46 of the Regulations) and will be stored in protected systems.

Request to complete a detailed questionnaire

If, on the basis of the information provided in this form, we determine that you are an overseas exporter or an importer of the goods subject to the investigation or a UK producer of goods that are like the goods subject to the investigation, we will ask you to complete a detailed questionnaire to inform this investigation.

If we consider it appropriate, we may only ask a sample of overseas exporters, importers and/or UK producers to complete a detailed questionnaire. By submitting this completed registration form and pre-sampling questionnaire, you agree that you may be included in any such sample.

¹ <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/the-uk-trade-remedies-investigations-process/the-tras-investigation-process>



If your business is included in the sample, you will be asked to respond to the questions in the detailed questionnaire and to support the TRA in verifying your responses. This may involve the TRA carrying out a verification visit to your premises.

If you are an overseas exporter and indicate that you do not agree to possible inclusion in a sample, your business may be deemed not to have cooperated in the investigation. The TRA will base its findings for non-cooperating parties on facts available. This may result in an outcome that is less favourable to your business than if it had cooperated.

If we decide to sample overseas exporters, and your business is not selected for this sample, you may submit a request to us to calculate individual margins for your business. We will accept your request providing that:

- you submit the required information on time; and
- the number of exporters subject to examination is not so large that complying with the request would be unduly burdensome and risk preventing the timely completion of the investigations.



Section A: About your business or organisation

A1. Your business' or organisation's activities

1. To determine your business' or organisation's role for the purpose of this investigations, please select all of the following options that are applicable to your business or organisation. Please refer to the period of investigation (POI) defined on page 2.
 - [A1.1] During the POI, we produced the goods concerned in the People's Republic of China (PRC).
Note: Please complete sections A2 and B.
 - [A1.2] During the POI, we directly exported the goods concerned from the People's Republic of China (PRC) to the UK.
Note: Please complete sections A3 and B.
 - [A1.3] During the POI, we indirectly exported the goods concerned from the People's Republic of China (PRC) to the UK via a third party (located either in the People's Republic of China (PRC) or a third country not subject to the investigations).
Note: Please complete sections A3 and B.
 - [A1.4] During the POI, we imported the goods concerned originating in the People's Republic of China (PRC) to the UK.
Note: Please complete sections A4 and B.
 - [A1.5] During the POI, we produced goods that are like the goods concerned in the UK.
Note: Please complete sections A5 and B.
 - [A1.6] Other.
Note: Please complete section B.
2. If you selected 'Other' [A1.6], please describe the activity/activities of your business or organisation and your business' or organisation's interest in this investigation in the field below.

N/A



A2. Production and domestic sales of the goods concerned

Complete this section if you indicated under **A1** that **you are a producer of the goods concerned in the PRC**

1. Please refer to the description of the goods concerned on page 2. In the field below, describe the goods that you produce and that fall within the description, and please further specify the form in which you produce and sell the goods (e.g. in component parts only, as assembled machines only, or in multiple formats.)

N/A

2. Please provide your business' total production volumes and production capacity for the goods concerned during the period of investigation (POI) in the table below.

Total production volume (POI) [units]	
Total production capacity (POI) [units]	
Total production volume (POI) [kg]	
Total production capacity (POI) [kg]	

Consider providing these figures in ranges in your non-confidential version of this form.

3. Please give details of all associated parties involved with the business in the production and sales (export and/or domestic) of the goods concerned during the period of investigation. Both natural persons (individuals) and legal persons (e.g. companies) are considered to be associated where they meet the definition of 'Related Persons' in regulation 128 of the Customs (Import Duty) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018.

Company name	Company location (city, country)	Activities	Relationship

Add additional rows as required

Consider redacting this information in your non-confidential version of this form, in accordance with [TRA's public guidance](#).



4. Please provide the total of your domestic sales volumes and sales values of the goods concerned produced by your business during the POI in the table below.

Total domestic sales volume (POI) [units]	
Total domestic sales volume (POI) [kg]	
Total domestic sales value (POI) [£]	

Consider providing these figures in ranges in your non-confidential version of this form.

5. Please provide your views on whether it is more appropriate to measure production volumes of boom lifts in *kilograms (kg)* or *units (i.e. 55 boom lifts)*?

6. Has there been a change of demand in UK market for other types of Boom lifts that you currently don't produce but may start producing for the UK market in the next few years?



A3. Direct and indirect exports of the goods concerned

Complete this section if you indicated under **A1** that **you are an exporter of the goods concerned from the PRC**.

1. If you are not the producer of the goods concerned that you export to the UK, please provide details for your suppliers of the goods concerned and indicate whether these are the producers of the of the goods concerned in the table below.

Company name	Company location (city, country)	Relationship	Producer (Y/N)

Add additional rows as required

Consider redacting this information in your non-confidential version of this form, in accordance with [TRA's public guidance](#).

2. Please provide the total of your direct and indirect export volumes and export values of the goods concerned (both assembled machines and sub-assemblies) to the UK during POI in the table below.

Note: Exports to the UK via a third party (whether or not associated to your business), which is located in the PRC or a third country, are to be considered indirect exports.

Total direct export volume (POI) [units]	
Total indirect export volume (POI) [units]	
Total direct export volume (POI) [kg]	
Total indirect export volume (POI) [kg]	
Total direct export value (POI) [£]	
Total indirect export value (POI) [£]	

Consider providing these figures in ranges in your non-confidential version of this form.

3. What percentage of your total export volumes to the UK is made up of assembled boom lifts only?



4. Please provide your views on whether it is more appropriate to measure export volumes of boom lifts in *kilograms (kg)* or *units (i.e. 55 boom lifts)*?

5. If you exported the goods concerned to the UK via third parties, please provide details for these parties below.

Company name	Company location (city, country)	Activities	Relationship

Add additional rows as required

Consider redacting this information in your non-confidential version of this form, in accordance with [TRA's public guidance](#).

6. Please provide details of the commodity code(s) under which you export the goods concerned to the UK, and any explanation for the use of certain commodity code(s) over others. If you export component parts/sub-assemblies under particular code(s), please identify these and the reasons for using any particular commodity code(s) over others.

7. Please provide a summary of your boom lift exporting activities, including the types of boom lifts that you export to the UK, and whether you export assembled boom lifts only, or component parts/subassemblies.



8. Has there been a change of demand in the UK market for other types of Boom lifts that you currently don't export but may export in the next few years?



A4. UK imports of the goods concerned

Complete this section if you indicated under **A1** that **you are an importer of the goods concerned from the PRC**.

1. Please provide the total of your import volumes and import values of the goods concerned exported from the PRC to the UK during the POI in the table below.

Total import volume (POI) [units]	
Total import volume (POI) [kgs]	
Total import value (POI) [£]	

Consider providing these figures in ranges in your non-confidential version of this form.

2. What percentage of your total import volumes to the UK is made up of assembled boom lifts only?

3. Please provide your views on whether it is more appropriate to measure import volumes of boom lifts in *kilograms (kg)* or *units (i.e. 55 boom lifts)?*

4. Please provide details for your suppliers of the goods concerned exported from the PRC in the table below.

Company name	Company location (city, country)	Activities (producer, trader, etc.)	Relationship

Add additional rows as required

Consider redacting this information in your non-confidential version of this form, in accordance with [TRA's public guidance](#).



5. Please specify the purpose of the goods concerned that you are importing from the PRC. Select **all** of the following options that are applicable to your business or organisation.

- We resell the goods unchanged to distributors or final customers.
- We process the goods before reselling them to distributors or final customers.
- We use the goods as input in our production of _____.
(specify the product/s).
- Other.

6. If you selected 'Other', please specify the purpose of the goods concerned that you are importing from the PRC in the field below.

7. Please describe how the goods concerned compare to UK produced goods that are like the goods concerned in the field below.

8. Please provide a summary of your boom lift importing activities, including what types of boom lifts you import, and whether you import assembled boom lifts only, or component parts/subassemblies.

9. Please provide the total of number of fully assembled boom lifts (in units and in kgs) as a percentage of the total import volumes of boom lifts (which includes sub-assemblies) you import to the UK.



10. Please provide details of the commodity code(s) under which you import the goods concerned to the UK, and any explanation for the use of certain commodity code(s) over others. If you import component parts/sub-assemblies under particular code(s), please identify these and the reasons for using any particular commodity code(s) over others.

11. Has there been a demand in the UK market for other types of boom lifts that you currently don't import from the PRC but may import from the PRC in the next few years?



A5. Production and sales of goods produced in the UK that are like the goods concerned

Complete this section if you indicated under **A1** that **you are a producer in the United Kingdom of goods that are like the goods concerned.**

1. Please describe the goods that you produce in the UK and that you consider to be like the goods concerned.

Niftylift produces boom lifts designed for the lifting of people, equipment and/or materials, with a maximum working height of 6 metres or more, and pre-assembled sections thereof. Please refer to the Application for a full description of the goods produced by Niftylift.

2. Please provide your business' total production volumes and production capacity for UK production of goods that are like the goods concerned during the POI in the table below.

Total production volume (POI) [units]	[2,400 – 2,900]
Total production capacity (POI) [units]	[23,600 – 28,500] <i>Calculated based on factory running at 3 shifts, 5 days a week, with factory closure over Christmas period.</i>
Total production volume (POI) [kg]	[8,600,000 – 10,300,000] kg
Total production capacity (POI) [kg]	[97,600,000 – 118,000,000] kg <i>Calculated based on factory running at 3 shifts, 5 days a week, with factory closure over Christmas period.</i>

Consider providing these figures in ranges in your non-confidential version of this form.

3. Please provide the total of your domestic and export sales volumes and sales values of the goods that are like the goods concerned produced by your business in the UK during the POI in the table below.



Total domestic sales volume (POI) [units]	[560 – 720]
Total domestic sales volume (POI) [kg]	[330,000 – 391,000] kg
Total domestic sales value (POI) [£]	£[30,400,000 – 36,000,000]
Total export sales volume (POI) [units]	[2,130 – 2,670]
Total export sales volume (POI) [kg]	[772,000 – 914,000] kg
Total export sales value (POI) [£]	£[79,000,000 – 98,500,000]

Consider providing these figures in ranges in your non-confidential version of this form.

4. Please provide your views on whether it is more appropriate to measure production and export volumes of boom lifts in *kilograms (kg)* or *units (i.e. 55 boom lifts)*?

Niftylift suggests measuring production and export volumes in units for the following reasons:

- 1) Generally speaking, there is an industry trend of making machines lighter.
- 2) Niftylift's boom lifts are designed to be low weight. They are generally much lighter when compared to similar boom lift models produced by the other manufacturers with comparable maximum working height and outreach. Therefore, comparing Niftylift's production and export volumes of boom lifts to other manufacturers' production and export volumes by machine weight would result in an inaccurate comparison.
- 3) For instance, when comparing manufacturers' production by weight, Niftylift's percentage of the total weight of booms lifts produced by all manufacturers would be lower than Niftylift's percentage of the total number (units) of boom lifts produced. As other manufacturers' machine weights are similar, it would be expected that their percentage of the total weight of booms lifts produced by all manufacturers would be alike to their percentage of the total number (units) of boom lifts produced.

5. In the field below, please provide any other comments or evidence related to injury you believe your company is suffering as a result of alleged dumping imports of the goods concerned into the UK from the PRC. This can relate to the prices, volumes and/or profits associated with your business, in the context of the goods concerned or goods that are like the goods concerned.

The injury indicators evidence the material injury suffered by Niftylift due to the surge of imports of Chinese boom lifts. As demonstrated below:

- Actual UK production decreased, which is directly related to the decline in orders due to customers switching to purchasing cheaper Chinese boom lifts.



- For the first time since the company's establishment, Niftylift has been forced to produce new machines for stock to maintain a minimum level of production.
- The volume of domestic sales decreased. Niftylift has been focusing since then on selling more expensive machines to counter the injurious effects of dumped and subsidised Chinese boom lift imports. This increased the value and the unit price of domestic sales.
- Niftylift has been forced to increase export sales due to dumped and subsidised imports of Chinese boom lifts.
- Niftylift is making losses as turnover has decreased due to the decline in domestic sales.
- Niftylift is unable to generate ROI despite continuous investment.
- Niftylift has been making employees redundant to prevent further losses. The reduction in staff is a combination of redundancies and the Applicant not replacing staff that have voluntarily left.
- Niftylift is reviewing further options to reduce costs as sales and turnover have declined.



Section B: Additional information

B1. Notifying other interested parties

1. If you believe there are other interested parties that should register an interest in this case, please provide their business' or organisation's name and website details below.

Name	Website
Niftylift provided a list of Chinese exporters in the Application.	

Add additional rows as required

B2. Scope

1. If you consider that the scope of the investigation should be different, please provide your reasons in the field below.

The scope of the investigation appropriately covers boom lifts that may be imported from China as finished boom lifts, assembled or unassembled, or in sections presented individually or together.

2. Please provide any views on the categorisation of sub-assemblies which have been listed in the scope, which consists of:

- booms including articulated and telescopic or straight (with or without jibs) or sub-assemblies thereof, assembled or not;
- chassis or sub-assemblies thereof, assembled or not;
- boom turret or turntables or sub-assemblies thereof, assembled or not;
- platforms or baskets or sub-assemblies thereof, assembled or not.

- Lower boom structure can include different configurations of links and riser.
- Machines with stabilisers (namely outriggers or jacklegs) such as trailers and self-drives will typically be hydraulic (rather than manual) to assist the user with levelling the machine. But the stabilisers are not extendable in that they do not extend in length.
- For the turret and chassis assemblies a machine designed to be narrow to fit through doors and tight spaces will be <1.6m wide. These machines require a different and technically more advanced design. Therefore, they have a different price range compared to a machine with a similar max working height and outreach not designed to be narrow.



- Please provide any further remarks relating to the goods concerned and the like goods. Areas may include, for example: the interchangeability of component parts/sub-assemblies between different types and brands of boom lifts.

Niftylift components are generally bespoke. The Applicant understands that other manufacturers use bespoke parts in a similar manner, particularly when they are competing within the same market. That said, this does not prevent manufacturers from producing machines that incorporate identical parts or sub-assemblies, or from replicating another manufacturer's design. One manufacturer may also engage another to produce components according to the same specifications.

In summary, it is technically feasible for different manufacturers and suppliers to produce identical designs. Niftylift, for instance, may use two separate suppliers to manufacture the same components in order to strengthen supply chain resilience.

B3. Product control numbers

The TRA uses product control numbers (PCNs) to define and distinguish the different types or subcategories of goods that fall under the goods description of the goods concerned. Subcategories are developed on the basis of differences in the physical and/or commercial characteristics of the goods which may impact the price at which each subcategory is sold.

PCNs, which come in the form of an alphanumeric code, help to create a categorisation system so that comparisons can be made between goods produced in the UK and those produced in the country/ies subject to an investigation or review.

Draft PCN table:

Instructions: For all goods, please complete Table 0. Then:

- For assembled boom lifts, complete Table 1.
- For chassis sections, complete Table 2.
- For turret sections, complete Table 3.
- For boom sections, complete Table 4.
- For cage sections, complete Table 5.

Table 0		
Description	Answer	Value
Assembled Machine or Section?	Assembled Machine	1



	Chassis Section	2
	Turntable/Turret Section	3
	Boom Section	4
	Basket/Cage Section	5

Table 1: Assembled Boom Lifts		
Description	Answer	Value
Vehicle Type	Trailer Mounted	M
	Self-Drive	D
	Self-Propelled	P
Tracks or Wheels	Tracked	1
	Wheeled	0
Extendable Stabilisers	Yes	Y
	No	N
Maximum Working Height (m)	6m≤9m	06
	>9m≤13m	09
	>13m≤18m	13
	>18m≤23m	18
	>23m≤28m	23
	>28m	28
Power Type	Combustion	C
	Electric	E
	Hybrid	H
Boom Type	Telescopic	1
	Articulated	0

Table 2: Chassis Sections		
Description	Answer	Value
Vehicle Type	Trailer Mounted	M
	Self Drive	D
	Self Propelled	P



Tracks or Wheels	Tracked	1
	Wheeled	0
Extendable Stabilisers	Yes	Y
	No	N
Maximum Working Height (m) of the machine it is designed for	6m≤9m	06
	>9m≤13m	09
	>13m≤18m	13
	>18m≤23m	18
	>23m≤28m	23
	>28m	28
Power Type	Combustion	C
	Electric	E
	Hybrid	H

Table 3: Turret Sections		
Vehicle Type	Trailer Mounted	M
	Self-Drive	D
	Self-Propelled	P
Maximum Working Height (m) of the machine it is designed for	6m≤9m	06
	>9m≤13m	09
	>13m≤18m	13
	>18m≤23m	18
	>23m≤28m	23
	>28m	28
Power Type	Combustion	C
	Electric	E
	Hybrid	H

Table 4: Boom Sections		
Description	Answer	Value
Lower boom structure*	Links	L



	Riser	R
	None	NA
Lower boom maximum extended length	≤5m	5
	>5m	6
	Not applicable	NA
Upper boom assembly: fly boom/jib included?	Yes	Y
	No	N
Telescopic boom assembly: maximum extended length	≤12m	12
	>12m	13
Telescopic boom assembly: number of booms	≤2	2
	>2	3

Table 5: Basket/Cage Sections		
Description	Answer	Value
Cage width	≤1.6m	6
	>1.6m	7
Cage rotation	≤100 degrees	100
	>100 degrees	101
Cage floor	Metal	M
	Non-metal (e.g. composite)	N

*For stick booms, select 'NA'.

Example PCN for an electric, articulated self-drive boom lift with a 14m maximum working height and no extendable stabilisers: **1D0N13E0**

Example PCN for a chassis section for an electric, self-drive boom lift with a 14m maximum working height and no extendable stabilisers: **2D0N14E**

1. Please review the above draft PCN structure for this investigation and comment in the field below whether the PCN structure is adequate and appropriate to categorise



the goods produced, exported and/or imported by your business. In particular, we are interested in your opinions on:

- . The categorisation of product features; and
- . If there is any overlap in our PCN structure where products could be more than one PCN. If so, please suggest alternatives.

Niftylift would like to make three points on the PCN structure:

1) Concerning the "Extendable Stabilisers", self-drive, trailer-mounted and track-drive machines must have a jacklegs/outriggers (in contrast to a self-propelled machine which does not need it as they have counter weights), because they are lighter machines and do not have a counterweight. As such, if it is a self-drive, trailer-mounted or track-drive machine, then the selection has automatically been made, and this criterion becomes redundant.

- 2) As regards the "Lower boom structure", please see the following comments:
- An articulated boom lift must have at least a link or riser, but could also have both links and a riser. It cannot have none.
 - A telescopic boom lift could have a riser or it could have none. It cannot have a link. We note that confusingly, a linkage on a telescopic boom lift might act like a type of riser.
 - Niftylift would like to clarify that this criterion should allow for a multiple-choice answer.

3) The asterisk says "For stick booms, select 'NA'". For consistency, this should refer to telescopic boom lifts (given a telescopic boom is a subassembly), but it could also include the following: "aka stick boom lifts".

B4. Economic Interest Test

1. If, following an investigation or review, we conclude that a measure should be imposed or extended, we conduct an Economic Interest Test (EIT) to determine whether the proposed measure is in the wider economic interest of the UK. In order to obtain a complete picture of the UK market, could you please help by providing us with details of UK upstream companies (providing inputs for the manufacture of the goods that are like the goods concerned) and UK customers (downstream companies buying the goods). Please confirm in the final column if we are able to contact these companies.

Company name	Company location (city, country)	Contact details (email/tel.)	Relationship	Contact permission (Y/N)
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<p>Please refer to Annex 1 for Niftylift's UK suppliers. This Annex has been redacted as it contains commercially sensitive information which is not possible to summarise.</p>				
<p>Please refer to Annex 2 for Niftylift's UK customers. Please note this list includes customers who have purchased one machine to customers who have placed multiple orders. This Annex has been redacted as it contains commercially sensitive information which is not possible to summarise.</p>				

Add additional rows as required

Consider redacting this information in your non-confidential version of this form, in accordance with [TRA's public guidance](#).



B5. Particular market situation

The applicant has alleged that there is a Particular Market Situation (PMS) in the market for goods concerned in the PRC. The TRA will therefore assess whether such a PMS exists as part of its investigations.

1. The applicant alleged that there is a particular market situation² in the PRC. If you have any concerns or information about the possible existence of a particular market situation in the PRC, please provide details in the box below. This can include examples such as:
 - Prices are artificially low;
 - There is significant barter trade (e.g. goods exchanged for other goods);
 - Prices reflect non-commercial factors; or
 - Anything else.

The Applicant confirms statements made in the Application.

2. The TRA has received an allegation of a Particular Market Situation (PMS) in the boom lift market in the PRC which it will assess as part of this investigation. If the TRA determines that there is a PMS in the PRC boom lifts market which does not permit a proper comparison of the domestic sales price in the PRC to the export sales price to the UK, the TRA may construct a normal value in accordance with Regulation 8(1)(a) of the Trade Remedies (Dumping and Subsidisation)(EU Exit) Regulations 2019. If the TRA decides it is appropriate to construct a normal value in this way, it will need to determine the largest inputs by cost and weight of a boom lift. Currently, the TRA considers that the largest material costs to make a boom lift can be grouped into the following categories:
 - Electronics;
 - Engine;
 - Plastics;
 - Hydraulics; and
 - Steel (where not included in a prior category).

Do you agree with this categorisation of the largest material costs to make a boom lift? If not, provide an alternative list of categories

² [Determining dumping and anti-dumping duties - GOV.UK](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/determining-dumping-and-anti-dumping-duties)



The Applicant confirms statements made in the Application.

B6. Representative Third country

If the TRA determines that a PMS exists and the effect of the PMS on the domestic sales price is that it is not possible to make a proper comparison between that domestic sales price and the export price, it may not use the domestic sales price for the purpose of determining normal value.

In such circumstances, the TRA may determine normal value using the costs of production plus a reasonable amount for administrative, selling, and general costs and for profits. The TRA may also make adjustments to those costs and profits using data from an appropriate, representative third country if it determines that any relevant costs or profits are unrepresentative because they do not reasonably reflect the overseas exporter's costs in a market if those costs or profits were substantially determined by market forces.

1. In the event that the TRA needs to make such adjustments, the applicant has proposed Brazil as an appropriate representative country. Please provide any comments on the applicant's suggested representative country.

The Applicant confirms statements made in the Application.

2. If you do not agree with the third country proposed by the applicant, please suggest an appropriate third country for which suitable costs and profit data can be obtained.

The Applicant confirms statements made in the Application.

3. If you have suggested an appropriate representative third country, please provide contact details of a producer in that country who may be willing to participate in the investigation (if you have them).

The Applicant confirms statements made in the Application.



B7. Other comments

1. Threat of injury is defined as "injury which, although it has not yet occurred, is clearly foreseen and imminent." Do you have any information in relation to the threat of injury which may be being caused by the goods concerned? If so, please explain this here, and substantiate your claims with evidence.

The Applicant confirms statements made in the Application.

2. Please use the field below to provide additional information that you consider relevant to this investigation.

N/A

Consider redacting this information in your non-confidential version of this form, in accordance with [TRA's public guidance](#).