



The Fourteenth Five-Year Plan for the National Economic and Social Development of the People's Republic of China and the Outline of the Long-term Goals for 2035

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The Fourteenth Five-Year Plan for National Economic and Social Development of the People's Republic of China (2021-2025) and the Outline of Long-Term Goals for 2035 The "Proposals for Five-Year Long-Term Goals" was compiled to clarify the national strategic intentions, clarify the focus of government work, and guide and standardize the behavior of market entities. It is a grand blueprint for my country to embark on a new journey of building a socialist modern country in an all-round way, and a common action program for all ethnic groups in the country. .

The first one starts a new journey of building a socialist modern country in an all-round way

The "14th Five-Year Plan" period is the first five years after my country has built a moderately prosperous society in an all-round way and achieved its first centenary goal. It has seized the momentum to embark on a new journey of building a socialist modern country in an all-round way and marched towards the second centenary goal.

Chapter One Development Environment

my country has entered a new stage of development, with a more solid foundation for development, profound changes in development conditions, and new opportunities and challenges for further development.

Section 1 Decisive victory and decisive achievement in building a well-off society in all respects

The "13th Five-Year Plan" period is the decisive stage for building a well-off society in all respects. Facing the complicated international situation and the arduous and arduous tasks of domestic reform, development and stability, especially the severe impact of the new crown pneumonia epidemic, the Party Central Committee with Comrade Xi Jinping at its core has not forgotten its original aspirations and remembered its mission, united and led the entire party and people of all ethnic groups to move forward. Pioneering and innovative, working hard and promising to advance the party and the country's various undertakings Major breakthroughs have been made in comprehensively deepening reforms, major progress has been made in comprehensively governing the country in accordance with the law, major results have been achieved in comprehensive and strict governance of the party, the modernization of the country's governance system and governance capabilities has accelerated, and the leadership of the Communist Party of China and the advantages of my country's socialist system have further demonstrated.

The overall economic operation was stable, the economic structure continued to be optimized, and the GDP exceeded 100 trillion yuan. The construction of an innovative country has achieved fruitful results, with a number of major scientific and technological achievements in the fields of manned spaceflight, lunar exploration projects, deep-sea engineering, supercomputing, quantum information, "Fuxing" high-speed trains, and large aircraft manufacturing. The decisive battle for poverty alleviation has achieved an overall victory. 55.75 million rural poor people have been lifted out of poverty. The absolute poverty problem that has plagued the Chinese nation for thousands of years has been solved historically, creating a miracle in the history of human poverty reduction. Agricultural modernization is advancing steadily, and the annual grain output has continuously stabilized at more than 1.3 trillion catties. The goal of 100 million agricultural migrants and other permanent residents settled in cities and towns has been successfully achieved, and the regional major strategy has been solidly advanced. Pollution prevention and control efforts have been increased, the total emission reduction target of major pollutants has been exceeded, resource utilization efficiency has been significantly improved, and the ecological environment has been significantly improved. Financial risk disposal has achieved important phased results. Opening to the outside world continued to expand, and the joint construction of the "Belt and Road" achieved fruitful results. People's living standards have improved significantly, the fairness and quality of education have been greatly improved, higher education has entered the stage of popularization, more than 60 million new jobs have been created in urban areas, and the world's largest social security system has been established. Basic medical insurance covers more than 1.3 billion

people. Endowment insurance covers nearly 1 billion people, and more than 23 million houses have been renovated in urban shanty towns. The prevention and control of the new crown pneumonia epidemic has achieved major strategic results, and the ability and level of responding to emergencies has been greatly improved. The level of public cultural services has been continuously improved, and cultural undertakings and cultural industries have developed prosperously. The level of national defense and army building has been greatly improved, and the organization of the army has undergone major changes. National security has been comprehensively strengthened, and society has maintained harmony and stability.

The goals and tasks of the "13th Five-Year Plan" have been successfully completed. my country's economic strength, scientific and technological strength, comprehensive national strength and people's living standards have leapt to a new level, the building of a moderately prosperous society in all respects has made great historic achievements, and the great rejuvenation of the Chinese nation has taken a step forward. In a new big step, socialist China stands in the east of the world with a more majestic posture.

Section 2 my country's development environment is facing profound and complex changes

At present and in the future, my country's development is still in a period of important strategic opportunities, but there are new developments and changes in both opportunities and challenges. The world today is undergoing major changes unseen in a century. A new round of scientific and technological revolution and industrial transformation are developing in depth. The balance of international forces is profoundly adjusted. Peace and development are still the themes of the times. The concept of a community with a shared future for mankind is deeply rooted in the hearts of the people. At the same time, the international environment is becoming increasingly complex, instability and uncertainty have increased significantly, the impact of the new crown pneumonia epidemic has been widespread and far-reaching, the world economy has fallen into a downturn, economic globalization has encountered a countercurrent, the global energy supply and demand landscape has undergone profound changes, and the international economic and political landscape is complex and changeable. The world has entered a period of turbulent change, and unilateralism, protectionism, and hegemonism pose threats to world peace and development.

my country has turned to a stage of high-quality development, with significant institutional advantages, improved governance efficiency, long-term economic improvement, solid material foundation, abundant human resources, broad market space, strong development resilience, overall social stability, and multiple advantages and conditions for continued development. At the same time, the problem of inadequate development in my country is still prominent, the reform tasks in key areas and key links are still arduous, the innovation ability does not meet the requirements of high-quality development, the agricultural foundation is not stable, the gap between urban and rural regional development and income distribution is large, and the ecological environment has a long way to go. There are shortcomings in the protection of people's livelihood, and there are still weaknesses in social governance.

It is necessary to coordinate the overall strategy of the great rejuvenation of the Chinese nation and the major changes in the world that have not been seen in a century, have a deep understanding of the new characteristics and requirements brought about by the changes in the main contradictions of our society, have a deep understanding of the new contradictions and challenges brought about by the complex international environment, and enhance the awareness of opportunities and Risk awareness, based on the basic national conditions of the primary stage of socialism, maintain strategic determination, do your own affairs well, understand and grasp the law of development, carry forward the spirit of struggle, strengthen the ability to fight, establish a bottom line thinking, accurately recognize changes, scientifically respond, and actively seek changes, Good at nurturing opportunities in crises, opening new games amidst changes, seizing opportunities, responding to challenges, seeking advantages and avoiding disadvantages, and advancing courageously.

Chapter 2 Guidelines

For economic and social development during the "14th Five-Year Plan" period, the following guiding ideologies, principles and strategic directions must be firmly grasped.

The first section of the guiding ideology

Hold high the great banner of socialism with Chinese characteristics, thoroughly implement the spirit of the 19th National Congress of the Communist Party of China and the 2nd, 3rd, 4th, and 5th Plenary Sessions of the 19th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, and adhere to the importance of Marxism-Leninism, Mao Zedong Thought, Deng Xiaoping Theory, and the "Three Represents." Guided by ideology, scientific development concept, and Xi Jinping's Thought on Socialism with Chinese Characteristics for a New Era, fully implement the party's basic theories, basic lines, and basic strategies, and promote the overall layout of economic construction, political construction, cultural construction, social construction, and ecological civilization construction. , Coordinate and advance the strategic layout of comprehensively building a socialist modern country, comprehensively deepening reforms, comprehensively governing the country according to law, and comprehensively administering the party strictly, unswervingly implement the new development concepts of innovation, coordination, green, openness, and sharing, and adhere to the stability and progress The overall tone of the work is to promote high-quality development as the theme, to deepen supply-side structural reforms as the main line, reform and innovation as the fundamental driving force, to meet the people's growing needs for a better life as the fundamental goal, to coordinate development and security, and to speed up the modernization The economic system, accelerate the construction of a new development pattern with the domestic cycle as the main body and the mutual promotion of the domestic and international dual cycles, promote the modernization of the national governance system and governance capabilities, realize economic stability and long-term stability, social stability and harmony, and open the way for the comprehensive construction of a modern socialist country. A good game, a good start.

Principles that must be followed in Section 2

-Uphold the party's overall leadership. Adhere to and improve the party's institutional mechanism for leading economic and social development, adhere to and improve the socialist system with Chinese characteristics, and continuously improve the ability and level to implement new development concepts and build a new development pattern, so as to provide a fundamental guarantee for achieving high-quality development.

—Insist on putting people as the center. Adhere to the dominant position of the people, adhere to the direction of common prosperity, always achieve development for the people, development depends on the people, and the fruits of development are shared by the people, safeguard the fundamental interests of the people, stimulate the enthusiasm, initiative, and creativity of all people, promote social justice, and enhance people's livelihood and welfare. Continuously realize the people's yearning for a better life.

—Adhere to the new development concept. Make the new development concept complete, accurate, and comprehensive throughout the entire development process and all fields, build a new development pattern, effectively transform the development mode, promote quality change, efficiency change, and power change, and achieve higher quality, more efficiency, more fairness, and more Sustainable and safer development.

—Persist in deepening reform and opening up. Unswervingly advance reforms, unswervingly expand opening up, strengthen the modernization of the national governance system and governance capabilities, remove the institutional and institutional barriers that restrict high-quality development and high-quality life, and strengthen it is conducive to improving the efficiency of resource allocation and mobilizing the enthusiasm of the whole society The major reform and opening-up measures in the country continued to increase development momentum and vitality.

—Adhere to the system concept. Strengthen forward-looking thinking, overall planning, strategic layout, and overall advancement, coordinate the domestic and international situations, handle the two major issues of development and security, adhere to the national game of chess, give better play to the central, local, and regional polarities, and strive to solidify the foundation , Enhance advantages, make up for shortcomings, strengths and weaknesses, pay attention to preventing and resolving major risks and challenges, and achieve the unity of development quality, structure, scale, speed, efficiency and safety.

Section 3 Strategic Orientation

To promote high-quality development during the "14th Five-Year Plan" period, we must base ourselves on the new development stage, implement the new development concept, and build a new development pattern. Grasping the new development stage is the realistic basis for implementing the new development concept and building a new development pattern. The implementation of the new development concept provides an action guide for grasping the new development stage and building a new development pattern. Building a new development pattern is to deal with the opportunities and challenges of the new development stage. , The strategic choice to implement the new development concept. We must persist in deepening supply-side structural reforms, lead and create new demand with innovation-driven, high-quality supply, and improve the resilience of the supply system and its adaptability to domestic demand. It is necessary to establish an effective system for expanding domestic demand, accelerate the cultivation of a complete domestic demand system, strengthen demand-side management, and build a strong domestic market. We must unswervingly advance reforms, remove institutional barriers that restrict economic cycles, and promote the circulation of production factors and the organic connection of production, distribution, circulation, and consumption. We must unswervingly expand opening up, continue to deepen factor flow opening, steadily expand institutional opening, and rely on the domestic economic cycle system to form a strong gravitational field for global factor resources. It is necessary to strengthen the leading role of the domestic cycle, improve the efficiency and level of the domestic cycle through the international cycle, and realize the mutual promotion of the domestic and international double cycles.

Chapter Three Main Objectives

According to the strategic arrangement for building a modern socialist country in an all-round way, the long-term goals for 2035 and the main goals for economic and social development during the 14th Five-Year Plan period are as follows.

The first section of the 2035 vision

Looking forward to 2035, my country will basically realize socialist modernization. Economic strength, scientific and technological strength, and overall national strength will rise sharply, the total economic output and the per capita income of urban and rural residents will reach a new level, and the key core technology will achieve major breakthroughs and enter the forefront of innovative countries. Basically realize new industrialization, informatization, urbanization, and agricultural modernization, and establish a modern economic system. Basically realize the modernization of the national governance system and governance capabilities, the people's equal participation and equal development rights are fully guaranteed, and a country ruled by law, a government ruled by law, and a society ruled by law are basically built. Build a country strong in culture, education, talent, sports, and healthy China. The quality of the people and the level of social civilization have reached new heights, and the country's cultural soft power has been significantly enhanced. Green production and lifestyles have been widely formed, carbon emissions have reached a peak and have been steadily reduced, the ecological environment has been fundamentally improved, and the goal of building a beautiful China has basically been achieved. A new pattern of opening up has been formed, and new advantages in participating in international economic cooperation and competition have been significantly enhanced. Per capita GDP has reached the level of moderately developed countries, middle-income groups have expanded significantly, basic public services have been equalized, and the gap between urban and rural regional development and the gap in the living standards of residents has been significantly reduced. The construction of Safe China has reached a higher level, basically realizing the modernization of national defense and military. People's lives are better, and the overall development of people and the common prosperity of all people have made more obvious substantive progress.

Section 2 The main goals of economic and social development during the "14th Five-Year Plan" period

-Economic development has achieved new results. Development is the foundation and key to solving all the problems in our country. Development must adhere to the new development concept, achieve sustained and healthy economic development on the basis of obvious improvement in quality and efficiency, fully realize the growth potential, and maintain the average annual growth of GDP within a reasonable range. According to the situation, it is proposed in the year that the growth of labor productivity of all employees is higher than the growth of GDP, the domestic market is stronger, the economic structure is more optimized, and the innovation ability is

significantly improved. The R&D expenditure of the whole society increases by more than 7% annually, and strives to exceed the investment intensity. During the "Thirteenth Five-Year Plan" period, the industrial base has been advanced and the level of industrial chain modernization has improved significantly, the agricultural foundation has become more stable, the coordination of urban and rural development has been significantly enhanced, the urbanization rate of the permanent population has increased to 65%, and the construction of a modern economic system has made significant progress .

-New steps have been taken in reform and opening up. The socialist market economy system has been improved, the high-standard market system has basically been established, the market players have become more dynamic, the reform of the property rights system and the market-oriented allocation of factors have made significant progress, the fair competition system has become more complete, and the new higher-level open economic system has basically taken shape .

—The level of social civilization has been newly improved. The core values of socialism are deeply rooted in the hearts of the people, the people's ideological and moral quality, scientific and cultural quality, and physical and mental health quality have been significantly improved, the public cultural service system and cultural industry system have become more complete, the people's spiritual and cultural life has become increasingly enriched, the influence of Chinese culture has further increased, and the cohesion of the Chinese nation Further enhancement.

— New progress has been achieved in the construction of ecological civilization. The development and protection pattern of land and space has been optimized, the green transformation of production and lifestyle has achieved remarkable results, the allocation of energy resources has been more reasonable, the utilization efficiency has been greatly improved, the energy consumption and carbon dioxide emissions per unit of GDP have been reduced by 13.5% and 18% respectively, and the total emissions of major pollutants The amount has continued to decrease, the forest coverage rate has increased to 24.1%, the ecological environment has continued to improve, the ecological security barrier has become stronger, and the urban and rural human settlement environment has improved significantly.

-People's livelihood and well-being reached a new level. Achieve more full and higher-quality employment, control the urban surveyed unemployment rate within 5.5%, the growth of per capita disposable income of residents basically keeps pace with the growth of gross domestic product, the distribution structure has improved significantly, the level of equalization of basic public services has been significantly improved, and the entire population has access to education The level of education continues to increase, the average number of years of education for the working-age population has increased to 11.3 years, the multi-level social security system has been improved, the basic pension insurance participation rate has increased to 95%, the health system has been improved, the average life expectancy has increased by 1 year, and poverty has been eliminated. Achievements have been consolidated and expanded, the rural revitalization strategy has been comprehensively promoted, and all people have taken solid steps to become rich together.

—The effectiveness of national governance has been newly improved. The socialist democracy and the rule of law have been improved, social fairness and justice have been further demonstrated, the national administrative system has been improved, the role of the government has been improved, administrative efficiency and credibility have been significantly improved, the level of social governance, especially grassroots governance has improved significantly, and the prevention and resolution of major risks have been continuously improved. , The ability to deal with public emergencies has been significantly enhanced, the level of natural disaster defense has been significantly improved, the development of security guarantees has become more effective, and the modernization of national defense and the military has taken major steps.

专栏1 “十四五”时期经济社会发展主要指标					
类别	指标	2020年	2025年	年均/累计	属性
经济发展	1.国内生产总值（GDP）增长（%）	2.3	—	保持在合理区间、各年度视情提出	预期性
	2.全员劳动生产率增长（%）	2.5	—	高于GDP增长	预期性
	3.常住人口城镇化率（%）	60.6*	65	—	预期性
创新驱动	4.全社会研发经费投入增长（%）	—	—	>7、力争投入强度高于“十三五”时期实际	预期性
	5.每万人口高价值发明专利拥有量（件）	6.3	12	—	预期性
	6.数字经济核心产业增加值占GDP比重（%）	7.8	10	—	预期性
民生福祉	7.居民人均可支配收入增长（%）	2.1	—	与GDP增长基本同步	预期性
	8.城镇调查失业率（%）	5.2	—	<5.5	预期性
	9.劳动年龄人口平均受教育年限（年）	10.8	11.3	—	约束性
	10.每千人口拥有执业（助理）医师数（人）	2.9	3.2	—	预期性
	11.基本养老保险参保率（%）	91	95	—	预期性
	12.每千人口拥有3岁以下婴幼儿托位数（个）	1.8	4.5	—	预期性
	13.人均预期寿命（岁）	77.3*	—	（1）	预期性
绿色生态	14.单位GDP能源消耗降低（%）	—	—	（13.5）	约束性
	15.单位GDP二氧化碳排放降低（%）	—	—	（18）	约束性
	16.地级及以上城市空气质量优良天数比率（%）	87	87.5	—	约束性
	17.地表水达到或好于Ⅲ类水体比例（%）	83.4	85	—	约束性
	18.森林覆盖率（%）	23.2*	24.1	—	约束性
安全保障	19.粮食综合生产能力（亿吨）	—	>6.5	—	约束性
	20.能源综合生产能力（亿吨标准煤）	—	>46	—	约束性

注：①（）内为5年累计数。②带*的为2019年数据。③能源综合生产能力指煤炭、石油、天然气、非化石能源生产能力之和。④2020年地级及以上城市空气质量优良天数比率和地表水达到或好于Ⅲ类水体比例指标值受新冠肺炎疫情等因素影响，明显高于正常年份。⑤2020年全员劳动生产率增长2.5%为预计数。

Chapter 2 Persist in innovation-driven development and comprehensively shape new development advantages

Adhere to the core position of innovation in the overall situation of my country's modernization drive, take scientific and technological independence and self-reliance as the strategic support of national development, face the frontiers of world science and technology, face the main economic battlefield, face the major needs of the country, face the people's life and health, and implement the strategy of rejuvenating the country through science and education and talents Strengthen the country strategy, innovation-driven development strategy, improve the national innovation system, and accelerate the construction of a scientific and technological power.

Chapter 4 Strengthen National Strategic Science and Technology Forces

Formulate a program of action to strengthen the country through science and technology, improve the new nationwide system under the conditions of a socialist market economy, fight a battle for key core technologies, and improve the overall effectiveness of the innovation chain.

Section 1 Integrate and optimize the allocation of scientific and technological resources

Promote the optimization and combination of the innovation system guided by the national strategic needs, and accelerate the construction of a strategic scientific and technological force led by the national laboratory. Focus on quantum information, photonics and micro-nanoelectronics, network communications, artificial intelligence, biomedicine, modern energy systems and other major innovation fields to establish a number of national laboratories, reorganize the state key laboratories, and form a laboratory system with reasonable structure and efficient operation. Optimize and upgrade innovation bases such as the National

Engineering Research Center and the National Technology Innovation Center. Promote the optimal allocation and resource sharing of scientific research forces in scientific research institutes, universities and enterprises. Support the development of new types of innovation entities such as new research universities and new research and development institutions, and promote the diversification of input entities, the modernization of management systems, the marketization of operating mechanisms, and the flexibility of employment mechanisms.

Section 2 Strengthen original and leading scientific and technological research

Formulate and implement strategic scientific plans and scientific projects in basic core areas related to national security and overall development. Aiming at cutting-edge fields such as artificial intelligence, quantum information, integrated circuits, life and health, brain science, biological breeding, aerospace science and technology, and deep seas, we will implement a number of forward-looking and strategic national major scientific and technological projects. Proceeding from the urgent and long-term needs of the country, we will concentrate superior resources on key core technologies in the fields of prevention and control of emerging infectious diseases and biosafety risks, medicine and medical equipment, key components and parts and basic materials, and oil and gas exploration and development.

专栏 2 科技前沿领域攻关	
01	新一代人工智能 前沿基础理论突破, 专用芯片研发, 深度学习框架等开源算法平台构建, 学习推理与决策、图像图形、语音视频、自然语言识别处理等领域创新。
02	量子信息 城域、城际、自由空间量子通信技术研发, 通用量子计算原型机和实用化量子模拟机研制, 量子精密测量技术突破。
03	集成电路 集成电路设计工具、重点装备和高纯靶材等关键材料研发, 集成电路先进工艺和绝缘栅双极型晶体管 (IGBT)、微机电系统 (MEMS) 等特色工艺突破, 先进存储技术升级, 碳化硅、氮化镓等宽禁带半导体发展。
04	脑科学与类脑研究 脑认知原理解析, 脑介观神经联接图谱绘制, 脑重大疾病机理与干预研究, 儿童青少年脑智发育, 类脑计算与脑机融合技术研发。
05	基因与生物技术 基因组学研究应用, 遗传细胞和遗传育种、合成生物、生物药等技术创新, 创新疫苗、体外诊断、抗体药物等研发, 农作物、畜禽水产、农业微生物等重大新品种创制, 生物安全关键技术研究。
06	临床医学与健康 癌症和心脑血管、呼吸、代谢性疾病等发病机制基础研究, 主动健康干预技术研发, 再生医学、微生物组、新型治疗等前沿技术研发, 重大传染病、重大慢性非传染性疾病防治关键技术研究。
07	深空深地深海和极地探测 宇宙起源与演化、透视地球等基础科学研究, 火星环绕、小行星巡视等星际探测, 新一代重型运载火箭和重复使用航天运输系统、地球深部探测装备、深海运维保障和装备试验船、极地立体观测监测平台和重型破冰船等研制, 探月工程四期、蛟龙探海二期、雪龙探极二期建设。

Section 3 Persevere in strengthening basic research

Strengthen the driving force of applied research, encourage free exploration, formulate and implement a ten-year action plan for basic research, and focus on the layout of a group of basic subject research centers. Increase the financial investment in basic research, optimize the expenditure structure, implement tax incentives for corporate investment in basic research, encourage the society to invest in multiple channels through donations and fund establishments, form a continuous and stable investment mechanism, and increase the proportion of basic research expenditures in R&D expenditures To more than 8%. Establish and improve the evaluation system and incentive mechanism that conform to scientific laws, implement long-term evaluation of

basic research and exploration, and create a good scientific research ecology that is conducive to basic research.

Section 4 Building a major scientific and technological innovation platform

Support Beijing, Shanghai, Guangdong–Hong Kong–Macao Greater Bay Area to form international science and technology innovation centers, build comprehensive national science centers in Beijing Huairou, Shanghai Zhangjiang, Greater Bay Area, Hefei, Anhui, and support the construction of regional science and technology innovation centers in places where conditions permit. Strengthen innovative functions such as national independent innovation demonstration zones, high-tech industrial development zones, and economic and technological development zones. Appropriately advance the layout of major national scientific and technological infrastructures to improve the level of sharing and use efficiency. Intensively build a natural science and technology resource bank, a national field scientific observation and research station (network), and a scientific big data center. Strengthen the R&D and manufacturing of high-end scientific research equipment. Build a high-end exchange platform for national scientific research papers and scientific and technological information.

专栏3 国家重大科技基础设施	
01 战略导向型	建设空间环境地基监测网、高精度地基授时系统、大型低速风洞、海底科学观测网、空间环境地面模拟装置、聚变堆主机关键系统综合研究设施等。
02 应用支撑型	建设高能同步辐射光源、高效低碳燃气轮机试验装置、超重力离心模拟与试验装置、加速器驱动嬗变研究装置、未来网络试验设施等。
03 前瞻引领型	建设硬 X 射线自由电子激光装置、高海拔宇宙线观测站、综合极端条件实验装置、极深地下极低辐射本底前沿物理实验设施、精密重力测量研究设施、强流重离子加速器装置等。
04 民生改善型	建设转化医学研究设施、多模态跨尺度生物医学成像设施、模式动物表型与遗传研究设施、地震科学实验场、地球系统数值模拟器等。

Chapter 5 Enhancing the Enterprise's Technological Innovation Capability

Improve the market-oriented mechanism of technological innovation, strengthen the position of enterprises as the mainstay of innovation, promote the concentration of various innovative elements in enterprises, and form a technological innovation system with enterprises as the main body, market-oriented, and in-depth integration of production, education, research and application.

Section 1 Encourage companies to increase R&D investment

We will implement more inclusive policies such as extra deductions for R&D expenses and tax incentives for high-tech enterprises. Expand and optimize the insurance compensation and incentive policies for the first (set) of major technical equipment, play the leading role of major projects, and use government procurement policies to support innovative products and services. Through measures such as improving standards, quality, and competition regulations, the company's innovation motivation will be enhanced. Improve the evaluation system that encourages R&D by state-owned enterprises, and establish a R&D reserve system with independent accounting, exemption from value-added and value-preserving evaluation, and error tolerance to ensure that the annual growth rate of central state-owned industrial enterprise R&D expenditure significantly exceeds the national average. Improve the preferential tax policies that encourage innovation of small and medium-sized technological enterprises.

Section 2 Supporting industry common basic technology research and development

Concentrate efforts to integrate and upgrade a number of key common technology platforms, and support industry-leading enterprises to jointly build a national industrial innovation center with universities,

research institutes, and upstream and downstream enterprises in the industry to undertake major national scientific and technological projects. Support conditional enterprises to jointly transform scientific research institutes to form industry research institutes, and provide common technical services for public welfare. Create a new common technology platform to solve key common technical problems across industries and fields. Give full play to the leading and supporting role of large enterprises, support the growth of innovative small, medium and micro enterprises as an important birthplace of innovation, and promote the integration and innovation of the upper, middle and lower reaches of the industrial chain, and large and small enterprises. Encourage localities with conditions to rely on industrial clusters to establish a mixed-ownership industrial technology research institute to serve the research and development of key common technologies in the region.

Section 3 Improving the Enterprise Innovation Service System

Promote the further opening of national scientific research platforms, scientific and technological reports, and scientific research data to enterprises, innovate mechanisms for the transformation of scientific and technological achievements, and encourage the licensing of qualified scientific and technological achievements supported by financial funds to small and medium-sized enterprises. Promote the reform of innovation and entrepreneurship institutions, and build a professional market-oriented technology transfer institution and a team of technical managers. Improve the financial support innovation system, encourage financial institutions to develop technology financial products such as intellectual property pledge financing, technology insurance, etc., and carry out pilot projects for the risk compensation of loans for the transformation of scientific and technological achievements. Unblock the domestic listing and financing channels of technology companies, enhance the "hard technology" characteristics of the Sci-tech Innovation Board, enhance the function of the ChiNext Board to serve growth-oriented innovative entrepreneurial enterprises, encourage the development of angel investment and venture capital, and better play the role of venture capital guiding funds and private equity funds .

Chapter 6 Stimulate Talent's Innovation and Vitality

Implement the principles of respecting labor, knowledge, talents, and creativity, deepen the reform of the talent development system and mechanism, cultivate, introduce and make good use of talents in all directions, and give full play to the role of talents as the first resource.

The first section cultivates a high-level talent team

Follow the law of talent growth and scientific research activities, cultivate more world-class strategic scientific and technological talents, leading scientific and technological talents and innovation teams, cultivate a reserve army of young scientific and technological talents with international competitiveness, and focus on training and discovering talents relying on major scientific and technological tasks and major innovation bases , Support the establishment of post-doctoral innovation positions. Strengthen the cultivation of innovative, application-oriented and skilled talents, implement knowledge renewal projects and skills upgrading actions, and expand the team of high-level engineers and high-skilled talents. Strengthen the training of top-notch students in basic disciplines, build bases for basic disciplines such as mathematics, physics and chemistry, and frontier science centers. Implement a more open talent policy, and build a scientific research and innovation highland that gathers outstanding talents at home and abroad. Improve the residency policy for high-end foreign talents and professionals in China for work, scientific research, and exchanges, improve the permanent residence system for foreigners in China, and explore the establishment of a skilled immigration system. Improve the salary and welfare, children's education, social security, tax incentives and other systems to provide an internationally competitive and attractive environment for overseas scientists to work in China.

The second section encourages talents to play a better role

Improve the talent evaluation and incentive mechanism, improve the scientific and technological talent evaluation system oriented by innovation ability, quality, effectiveness, and contribution, and build a revenue distribution mechanism that fully reflects the value of innovation elements such as knowledge and technology. Select and make good use of leading talents and top-notch talents, and give greater power to decide on

technical routes and to use funds. All-round loosening of scientific research personnel and expanding the "green channel" of scientific research management. Implement a distribution policy oriented to increase the value of knowledge, improve the mechanism for sharing rights and interests of scientific research personnel's work invention achievements, explore to grant scientific research personnel the ownership or long-term use right of their work scientific and technological achievements, and increase the proportion of scientific research personnel's income sharing. Deepen the reform of the academician system.

Section 3 Optimize Innovation and Entrepreneurship to Create Ecosystem

Vigorously promote the spirit of scientists in the new era, strengthen the construction of scientific research integrity, and improve the scientific and technological ethics system. Protect the property rights and innovation income of entrepreneurs in accordance with the law, and give full play to the important role of entrepreneurs in grasping the direction of innovation, gathering talents, and raising funds. Promote the in-depth development of innovation, entrepreneurship, and innovation, and optimize the construction of demonstration bases for innovation and entrepreneurship. Advocate an innovative and entrepreneurial culture of dedication, lean, focus and tolerance of failure, and improve the trial-and-error-tolerant and error-correction mechanism. Carry forward the spirit of science and craftsmanship, carry out extensive scientific popularization activities, strengthen the guidance and cultivation of young people's scientific interest, form a social atmosphere that loves science and advocates innovation, and improves the scientific quality of the people.

Chapter VII Improving the System and Mechanism of Technological Innovation

Deepen the reform of the science and technology system, improve the national science and technology governance system, optimize the national science and technology planning system and operating mechanism, and promote the integrated allocation of projects, bases, talents, and funds in key areas.

Section 1 Deepen the reform of the science and technology management system

Accelerate the transformation of science and technology management functions, strengthen planning policy guidance and create an innovative environment, and reduce direct interventions such as dividing money and assets. Integrate the financial research investment system, focus on strategic key areas, and change the state of division, small and scattered departments. Reform the establishment and organization and management of major scientific and technological projects, give more autonomy to scientific research units and scientific researchers, implement the responsibility system of chief technicians, implement systems such as "revealing the rankings" and "horse racing", and improve the financial support mechanism of combining rewards and subsidies. Improve the science and technology evaluation mechanism, improve the classification and evaluation system for free-exploratory and task-oriented science and technology projects, establish an evaluation mechanism for non-consensus science and technology projects, and optimize science and technology reward projects. Establish and improve a modern institution system for scientific research institutions, and support scientific research institutions to try out more flexible management systems for staffing, positions, and salaries. Establish a sound mechanism for the free and orderly flow of innovative resources among colleges and universities, scientific research institutions, and enterprises. Deepen the comprehensive innovation and reform experiment.

Section 2 Improve the system for the protection and application of intellectual property rights

Implement the strategy of strengthening the country with intellectual property rights, implement a strict intellectual property protection system, improve laws and regulations related to intellectual property rights, and accelerate intellectual property legislation in new fields and new formats. Strengthen the judicial protection and administrative law enforcement of intellectual property rights, improve the arbitration, mediation, notarization and rights protection assistance system, improve the punitive compensation system for intellectual property infringement, and increase damage compensation. Optimize patent subsidy and reward policies and assessment and evaluation mechanisms, better protect and encourage high-value patents, and cultivate patent-intensive industries. Reform the ownership and rights distribution mechanism of state-owned intellectual property rights, and expand the autonomy of intellectual property disposal of scientific research institutions and universities. Improve the intangible asset evaluation system and form a management mechanism

that coordinates incentives and supervision. Build a public service platform for the protection and use of intellectual property rights.

Section 3 Actively promote open cooperation in science and technology

Implement a more open, inclusive, mutually beneficial and shared international science and technology cooperation strategy, and more actively integrate into the global innovation network. Practically promote international scientific and technological cooperation in the fields of global epidemic prevention and control and public health, and focus on climate change, human health and other issues to strengthen joint research and development with scientific researchers from various countries. Actively design and lead the international big science plan and big science project, and play the unique role of the science fund. Intensify the opening up of the national science and technology plan, launch a number of major scientific and technological cooperation projects, study the establishment of a global scientific research fund, and implement a scientist exchange plan. Support the establishment of international scientific and technological organizations in my country, and foreign scientists to hold posts in my country's scientific and technological academic organizations.

Chapter Three: Accelerate the development of a modern industrial system, consolidate and strengthen the foundation of the real economy

Persist in focusing on economic development on the real economy, accelerate the construction of a country with a strong manufacturing and quality, promote the deep integration of advanced manufacturing and modern service industries, strengthen the supporting and leading role of infrastructure, and build the real economy, technological innovation, modern finance, and human resources A modern industrial system with coordinated development of resources.

Chapter VIII In-depth implementation of manufacturing power strategy

Adhere to independent controllability, safety and efficiency, advance the advanced industrial base, modernize the industrial chain, maintain the basic stability of the manufacturing industry, enhance the competitive advantage of the manufacturing industry, and promote high-quality development of the manufacturing industry.

Section 1 Strengthen the construction of basic industrial capacity

Implement the industrial infrastructure reengineering project to accelerate the completion of basic parts and components, basic software, basic materials, basic technology and industrial technology foundations and other bottlenecks and shortcomings. Relying on leading enterprises in the industry, increase efforts to tackle key products and key core technologies, and accelerate breakthroughs in engineering industrialization. Implement key technological and equipment research projects, improve incentives and risk compensation mechanisms, and promote the first set of equipment, the first batch of materials, and the first version of the software demonstration application. Improve the industrial basic support system, deploy a number of national manufacturing innovation centers in key areas, improve the national quality infrastructure, build production application demonstration platforms and standard measurement, certification and accreditation, inspection and testing, test verification and other industrial technology basic public service platforms, improve Industrial basic databases such as technology and craftsmanship.

Section 2 Improve the modernization level of the industrial chain supply chain

Adhere to the combination of economy and safety, make up short boards and forge long boards, do a good job in supply chain strategic design and precise policy implementation by industry, and form a more innovative, higher value-added, safer and more reliable industrial chain supply chain . Promote the strengthening of the manufacturing chain, strengthen the support of resources, technology, and equipment, strengthen international industrial security cooperation, and promote the diversification of the industrial chain and supply chain. Based on industrial scale advantages, supporting advantages and first-mover advantages in some fields, consolidate and enhance the competitiveness of the entire industry chain in high-speed rail, power equipment, new energy, shipping and other fields, and create a strategic overall industry from the complete product that meets the direction of future industrial reforms chain. Optimize the layout of the regional industrial chain,

guide the key links of the industrial chain to stay in the country, and strengthen the construction of the ability to undertake industrial transfer in the central, western and northeastern regions. Implement the emergency product production capacity reserve project, and build a regional emergency material production support base. Implement the pilot enterprise cultivation project and cultivate a group of leading enterprises with ecological leadership and core competitiveness. Promote small and medium-sized enterprises to enhance their professional advantages, and cultivate specialized and new "little giant" enterprises and single-sport champion enterprises in the manufacturing industry. Strengthen technical and economic safety assessment, and implement industrial competitiveness survey and evaluation projects.

Section 3 Promote the optimization and upgrading of the manufacturing industry

Deepen the implementation of intelligent manufacturing and green manufacturing projects, develop new service-oriented manufacturing models, and promote high-end, intelligent, and green manufacturing. Cultivate advanced manufacturing clusters and promote the innovative development of industries such as integrated circuits, aerospace, marine and marine engineering equipment, robots, advanced rail transit equipment, advanced power equipment, engineering machinery, high-end CNC machine tools, medicine and medical equipment. Transform and upgrade traditional industries, promote the optimization and structural adjustment of the raw material industries such as petrochemicals, steel, nonferrous metals, and building materials, expand the supply of high-quality products such as light industry and textiles, accelerate the transformation and upgrading of enterprises in key industries such as chemicals and paper, and improve the green manufacturing system. In-depth implementation of special projects to enhance the core competitiveness of the manufacturing industry and technological transformation, encourage enterprises to apply advanced and applicable technologies, strengthen equipment renewal and large-scale application of new products. Build an intelligent manufacturing demonstration factory and improve the intelligent manufacturing standard system. In-depth implementation of quality improvement actions to promote the "increasing variety, quality and brand creation" of manufacturing products.

Section 4 Implementation of manufacturing cost and burden reduction actions

Strengthen factor guarantees and efficient services, consolidate and expand the results of tax reduction and fee reduction, reduce the production and operation costs of enterprises, and enhance the embeddedness and competitiveness of the manufacturing industry. Promote the increase in capacity and efficiency of industrial land, and promote new industrial land models. Expand the scale of mid- and long-term loans and credit loans for the manufacturing industry, increase loans for technological innovation, and promote equity investment and bond financing to tilt toward the manufacturing industry. Manufacturing enterprises are allowed to participate in all electricity market-oriented transactions, standardize and reduce logistics charges such as port shipping, road and rail transportation, and comprehensively clean up and standardize corporate charges. Establish a full-cycle service mechanism for major manufacturing projects and a system for entrepreneurs to participate in enterprise-related policy formulation, and support the construction of a comprehensive service platform for information, technology, import and export, and digital transformation for small and medium-sized enterprises.

专栏4 制造业核心竞争力提升	
01	高端新材料 推动高端稀土功能材料、高品质特殊钢材、高性能合金、高温合金、高纯稀有金属材料、高性能陶瓷、电子玻璃等先进金属和无机非金属材料取得突破，加强碳纤维、芳纶等高性能纤维及其复合材料、生物基和生物医用材料研发应用，加快茂金属聚乙烯等高性能树脂和集成电路用光刻胶等电子高纯材料关键技术突破。
02	重大技术装备 推进CR450高速度等级中国标准动车组、谱系化中国标准地铁列车、高端机床装备、先进工程机械、核电机组关键部件、邮轮、大型LNG船舶和深海油气生产平台等研发应用，推动C919大型客机示范运营和ARJ21支线客机系列化发展。
03	智能制造与机器人技术 重点研制分散式控制系统、可编程逻辑控制器、数据采集和视频监控系统等工业控制装备，突破先进控制器、高精度伺服驱动系统、高性能减速器等智能机器人关键技术。发展增材制造。
04	航空发动机及燃气轮机 加快先进航空发动机关键材料等技术研发验证，推进民用大涵道比涡扇发动机CJ1000产品研制，突破宽体客机发动机关键技术，实现先进民用涡轴发动机产业化。建设上海重型燃气轮机试验电站。
05	北斗产业化应用 突破通信导航一体化融合等技术，建设北斗应用产业创新平台，在通信、金融、能源、民航等行业开展典型示范，推动北斗在车载导航、智能手机、穿戴设备等消费领域市场化规模化应用。
06	新能源汽车和智能（网联）汽车 突破新能源汽车高安全动力电池、高效驱动电机、高性能动力系统等关键技术，加快研发智能（网联）汽车基础技术平台及软硬件系统、线控底盘和智能终端等关键部件。
07	高端医疗装备和创新药 突破腔镜手术机器人、体外膜肺氧合机等核心技术，研制高端影像、放射治疗等大型医疗设备及关键零部件。发展脑起搏器、全降解血管支架等植入介入产品，推动康复辅助器具提质升级。研发重大传染性疾病所需疫苗，开发治疗恶性肿瘤、心脑血管等疾病特效药。加强中医药关键技术装备研发。
08	农业机械装备 开发智能型大马力拖拉机、精量（免耕）播种机、喷杆喷雾机、开沟施肥机、高效联合收割机、果蔬采收机、甘蔗收获机、采棉机等先进适用农业机械，发展丘陵山区农业生产高效专用农机。推动先进粮油加工装备研发和产业化。研发绿色智能养殖饲喂、环控、采集、粪污利用等装备。研发造林种草等机械装备。

Chapter 9 Development and Growth of Strategic Emerging Industries

Focusing on seizing opportunities for future industrial development, cultivating leading and pillar industries, and promoting the integration, clustering, and ecological development of strategic emerging industries, the added value of strategic emerging industries accounted for more than 17% of GDP.

Section 1 Building a new pillar of the industrial system

Focus on the new generation of information technology, biotechnology, new energy, **new materials**, high-end equipment, new energy vehicles, green environmental protection, aerospace, marine equipment and other strategic emerging industries, accelerate the innovation and application of key core technologies, enhance the ability to guarantee elements, and **Foster growth** New momentum for industrial development. Promote the integration and innovation of biotechnology and information technology, accelerate the development of biomedicine, biobreeding, biomaterials, bioenergy and other industries, and expand and strengthen the bioeconomy. Deepen the promotion

and application of the Beidou system and promote the high-quality development of the Beidou industry. Deepen the development of national strategic emerging industrial clusters, improve the organizational management and professionalization of industrial clusters, build innovation and public service complexes, and build a number of strategic emerging industrial growth engines with their own characteristics, complementary advantages, and reasonable structure. Encourage technological innovation and enterprise mergers and reorganizations to prevent low-level redundant construction. Give full play to the guiding role of industrial investment funds, and increase financing guarantees and risk compensation.

The second section forward-looking plans for the future industry

Organize and implement future industry incubation and acceleration plans in the fields of brain-like intelligence, quantum information, genetic technology, future networks, deep-sea aerospace development, hydrogen energy and energy storage and other cutting-edge technologies and industrial transformations, and plan to deploy a number of future industries. In areas with outstanding scientific and educational resources and a strong industrial foundation, a number of national future industrial technology research institutes will be deployed to strengthen the multi-path exploration, cross-integration and disruptive technology supply of cutting-edge technologies. Implement demonstration projects for cross-industry integration, create future technology application scenarios, and accelerate the formation of a number of future industries.

Chapter 10 Promoting the Prosperity and Development of the Service Industry

Focus on the needs of industrial transformation and upgrading and residents' consumption upgrading, expand the effective supply of the service industry, improve service efficiency and service quality, and build a new system of high-quality, efficient, structurally optimized, and highly competitive service industries.

The first section promotes the integrated development of the producer service industry

Guided by the high-quality development of the service manufacturing industry, we will promote the extension of the producer service industry to specialization and the high end of the value chain. Focus on improving industrial innovation and speed up the development of services such as R&D design, industrial design, business consulting, inspection, testing and certification. Focus on improving the efficiency of factor allocation, and promote the innovative development of supply chain finance, information data, human resources and other services. Focus on enhancing the advantages of the entire industry chain, and improve the development level of modern logistics, procurement and distribution, production control, operation management, and after-sales service. Promote the deep integration of modern service industry with advanced manufacturing and modern agriculture, deepen business linkage, chain extension, and technology penetration, and support the development of new specialized service organizations such as intelligent manufacturing system solutions and process reengineering. Cultivate service companies with international competitiveness.

Section 2 Accelerate the quality development of the life service industry

Guided by improving convenience and improving service experience, promote the upgrade of the life service industry to high quality and diversification. Accelerate the development of service industries such as health, elderly care, childcare, culture, tourism, sports, and real estate, strengthen the supply of public welfare and basic service industries, and expand the supply of various services covering the entire life cycle. Continue to promote the quality and expansion of the domestic service industry, and integrate development with smart communities and nursing care for the elderly. Encourage the innovation of commercial circulation business formats and models, promote digital and intelligent transformation and cross-industry integration, and meet consumer demand through all online and offline channels. Accelerate the improvement of service standards for the elderly, housekeeping, etc., improve the certification and accreditation system for the life service industry, and promote the professional development of the life service industry.

Section 3 Deepen the reform and opening up in the service sector

Expand the opening up of the service industry to the outside world, further relax market access, comprehensively clean up unreasonable restrictions, and encourage social forces to expand the supply of diversified and multi-level services. Improve the policy system that supports the development of the service

industry, and innovate land, fiscal, tax, financial, and price policies that meet the needs of new service formats, new models and industrial integration development. Improve the service quality standard system and strengthen the implementation and promotion of standards. Accelerate the formulation of supervision catalogs, procedures and standards for key service areas, and build an efficient and coordinated service industry supervision system. Improve the professional title evaluation system for talents in the service field and encourage employees to participate in vocational skills training and appraisal. Deepen the comprehensive reform of the service industry and expand the opening up.

Chapter 11 Building a Modern Infrastructure System

Promote the construction of traditional infrastructure and new infrastructure as a whole, and create a modern infrastructure system that is complete, efficient, practical, intelligent, green, safe and reliable.

Section 1 Speed up the construction of new infrastructure

Focusing on strengthening the support of digital transformation, intelligent upgrading, and integration and innovation, the layout and construction of new infrastructure such as information infrastructure, integration infrastructure, and innovation infrastructure. Build a high-speed, ubiquitous, integrated, interconnected, safe and efficient information infrastructure to enhance data perception, transmission, storage, and computing capabilities. Accelerate the large-scale deployment of 5G networks, increase the user penetration rate to 56%, and promote the upgrade of gigabit optical fiber networks. Forward-looking layout of 6G network technology reserves. Expand the backbone network interconnection nodes, set up a new batch of international communication gateways, and comprehensively promote the commercial deployment of Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6). Implement the infrastructure network improvement project for small and medium-sized cities in the central and western regions. Promote the all-round development of the Internet of Things, and create IoT access capabilities that support the integration of fixed and mobile, and the combination of broadband and narrow. Accelerate the construction of a national integrated big data center system, strengthen the overall intelligent scheduling of computing power, build several national hub nodes and big data center clusters, and build E-level and 10E-level supercomputing centers. Actively and steadily develop the industrial Internet and the Internet of Vehicles. Create a space infrastructure system for communications, navigation, and remote sensing with global coverage and efficient operation, and build a commercial space launch site. Accelerate the digital transformation of traditional infrastructure such as transportation, energy, and municipal administration, and strengthen the construction of ubiquitous perception, terminal networking, and intelligent dispatching systems. Give play to the leading role of the market, open up diversified investment channels, and build a new infrastructure standard system.

Section 2 Accelerate the construction of a transportation power

Build a modern comprehensive transportation system, promote the integrated and integrated development of various transportation methods, and improve network effects and operational efficiency. Improve the comprehensive transportation corridors, strengthen the construction of strategic backbone corridors out of Xinjiang and Tibet, the central and western regions, along the river and coastal borders, and promote the upgrade and expansion of the capacity-struck corridors in an orderly manner, and strengthen interconnection with neighboring countries. Build an express network, basically run through the "eight vertical and eight horizontal" high-speed railways, improve the quality of the national expressway network, and accelerate the construction of a world-class port cluster and airport cluster. Improve the trunk line network, accelerate the construction of general-speed railways and the electrification of existing railways, optimize the layout of passenger and freight railways, promote the upgrade of bottleneck sections of ordinary national and provincial roads, promote the expansion and upgrading of high-grade inland waterways, and steadily build branch airports, general airports and freight transport The airport actively develops general aviation. Strengthen the construction of postal facilities, and implement the project of express delivery "into the village, into the factory and out of the sea". Promote the integration of urban transportation in urban agglomerations, speed up the construction of intercity railways and urban (suburban) railways, build a highway loop system, and promote the development of urban rail transportation in an orderly manner. Improve the depth of traffic access, promote the construction of regional railways, accelerate the construction of border-to-border highways, continue to

promote the construction of "four good rural roads", and improve road safety facilities. Construct a multi-level and integrated comprehensive transportation hub system, optimize the layout of hubs and stations, promote intensive and comprehensive development, improve the collection and distribution system, develop passenger combined transportation and cargo multimodal transportation, and promote the whole process of "one-stop" and "one order" System" service. Promote the construction of the China-Europe Express Train Assembly Center. Deepen the reform of railway enterprises, comprehensively deepen the reform of the air traffic control system, and promote the reform of the highway toll system and maintenance system.

专栏5 交通强国建设工程	
01	战略骨干通道 建设川藏铁路雅安至林芝段和伊宁至阿克苏、酒泉至额济纳、若羌至罗布泊等铁路，推进日喀则至吉隆、和田至日喀则铁路前期工作，打通沿边公路G219和G331线，提质改造川藏公路G318线。
02	高速铁路 建设成都重庆至上海沿江高铁、上海经宁波至合浦沿海高铁、京沪高铁辅助通道天津至新沂段和北京经雄安新区至商丘、西安至重庆、长沙至赣州、包头至银川等高铁。
03	普速铁路 建设西部陆海新通道黄桶至百色、黔桂增建二线铁路和瑞金至梅州、中卫经平凉至庆阳、柳州至广州铁路，推进玉溪至磨憨、大理至瑞丽等与周边互联互通铁路建设。提升铁路集装箱运输能力，推进中欧班列运输通道和口岸扩能改造，建设大型工矿企业、物流园区和重点港口铁路专用线，全面实现长江干线主要港口铁路进港。
04	城市群和都市圈轨道交通 新增城际铁路和市域（郊）铁路运营里程3000公里，基本建成京津冀、长三角、粤港澳大湾区轨道交通网。新增城市轨道交通运营里程3000公里。
05	高速公路 实施京沪、京港澳、长深、沪昆、连霍等国家高速公路主线拥挤路段扩容改造，加快建设国家高速公路主线并行线、联络线，推进京雄等雄安新区高速公路建设。规划布局建设充换电设施。新改建高速公路里程2.5万公里。
06	港航设施 建设京津冀、长三角、粤港澳大湾区世界级港口群，建设洋山港区小洋山北侧、天津北疆港区C段、广州南沙港五期、深圳盐田港东区等集装箱码头。推进曹妃甸港煤炭运能扩容、舟山江海联运服务中心和北部湾国际门户港、洋浦枢纽港建设。深化三峡水运新通道前期论证，研究平陆运河等跨水系运河连通工程。
07	现代化机场 建设京津冀、长三角、粤港澳大湾区、成渝世界级机场群，实施广州、深圳、昆明、西安、重庆、乌鲁木齐、哈尔滨等国际枢纽机场和杭州、合肥、济南、长沙、南宁等区域枢纽机场改扩建工程，建设厦门、大连、三亚新机场。建成鄂州专业性货运机场，建设朔州、嘉兴、瑞金、黔北、阿拉尔等支线机场，新增民用运输机场30个以上。
08	综合交通和物流枢纽 推进既有客运枢纽一体化智能化升级改造和站城融合，实施枢纽机场引入轨道交通工程。推进120个左右国家物流枢纽建设。加快邮政国际寄递中心建设。

Section 3 Building a modern energy system

Promote the energy revolution, build a clean, low-carbon, safe and efficient energy system, and improve energy supply guarantee capabilities. Accelerate the development of non-fossil energy, adhere to both centralized and distributed, vigorously increase the scale of wind power and photovoltaic power generation, accelerate the development of distributed energy in the eastern and central regions, develop offshore wind power in an orderly manner, accelerate the construction of hydropower bases in the southwest, and promote the

construction and construction of coastal nuclear power safely and securely For a batch of clean energy bases with complementary versatility, the proportion of non-fossil energy in total energy consumption will increase to about 20%. Promote the concentration of coal production in resource-rich areas, reasonably control the scale and development pace of coal power construction, and promote the replacement of coal with electricity. Orderly liberalize market access for oil and gas exploration and development, accelerate the utilization of deep-sea, deep-seated and unconventional oil and gas resources, and promote increased oil and gas reserves and production. Develop and utilize geothermal energy according to local conditions. Improve the utilization rate of UHV transmission channels. Accelerate the intelligent transformation of power grid infrastructure and the construction of smart microgrids, improve power system complementarity and intelligent regulation capabilities, strengthen source-grid-load-storage connection, improve clean energy consumption and storage capabilities, and enhance transmission and distribution capabilities to remote areas. Flexible transformation of coal power, speeding up the construction of pumped-storage power stations and the large-scale application of new energy storage technologies. Improve coal cross-regional transportation channels and collection and distribution systems, accelerate the construction of natural gas trunk pipelines, and improve the oil and gas interconnection network.

专栏6 现代能源体系建设工程	
01	大型清洁能源基地 建设雅鲁藏布江下游水电基地。建设金沙江上下游、雅砻江流域、黄河上游和几字湾、河西走廊、新疆、冀北、松辽等清洁能源基地，建设广东、福建、浙江、江苏、山东等海上风电基地。
02	沿海核电 建成华龙一号、国和一号、高温气冷堆示范工程，积极有序推进沿海三代核电建设。推动模块式小型堆、60万千瓦级商用高温气冷堆、海上浮动式核动力平台等先进堆型示范。建设核电站中低放废物处置场，建设乏燃料后处理厂。开展山东海阳等核能综合利用示范。核电运行装机容量达到7000万千瓦。
03	电力外送通道 建设白鹤滩至华东、金沙江上游外送等特高压输电通道，实施闽粤联网、川渝特高压交流工程。研究论证陇东至山东、哈密至重庆等特高压输电通道。
04	电力系统调节 建设桐城、磐安、泰安二期、浑源、庄河、安化、贵阳、南宁等抽水蓄能电站，实施电化学、压缩空气、飞轮等储能示范项目。开展黄河梯级电站大型储能项目研究。
05	油气储运能力 新建中俄东线境内段、川气东送二线等油气管道。建设石油储备重大工程。加快中原文23、辽河储气库群等地下储气库建设。

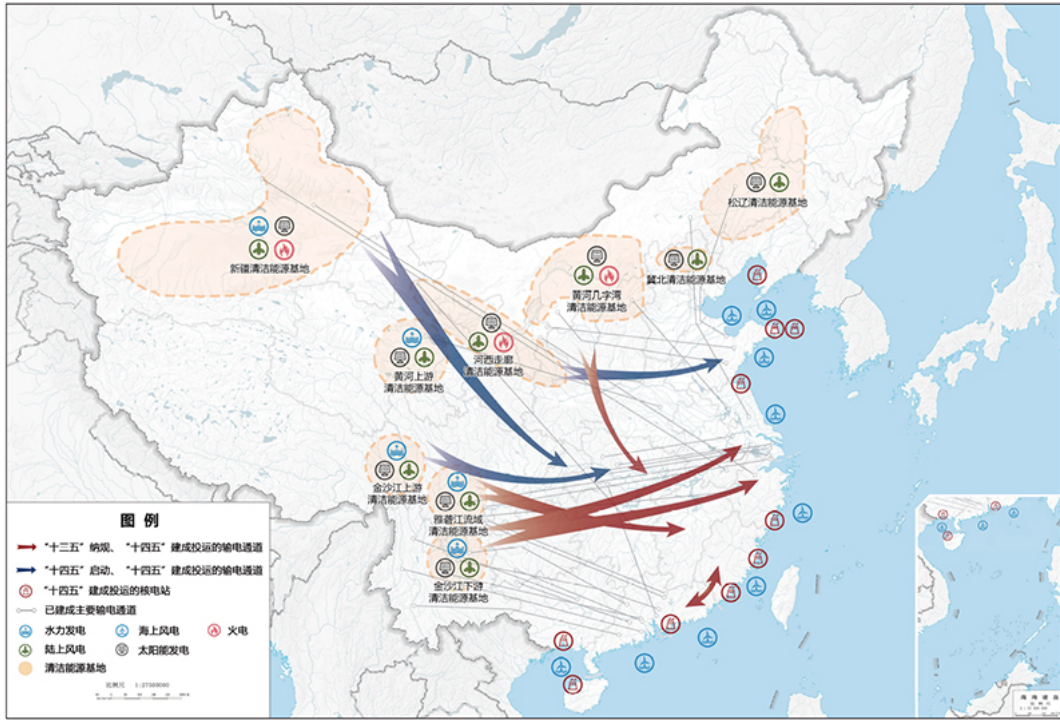


图1 “十四五”大型清洁能源基地布局示意图

Section 4 Strengthen the construction of water conservancy infrastructure

Based on the overall river basin and the balanced allocation of water resources, strengthen the governance and protection of river systems across administrative regions and the construction of backbone projects, strengthen the coordination of large, medium and small water conservancy facilities, and improve the optimal allocation of water resources and the ability to prevent floods and droughts. Prioritize water conservation, improve the water resources allocation system, build key water resources allocation projects, and strengthen the construction of key water sources and urban emergency standby water source projects. Implement flood control upgrading projects to solve the weak links of flood control, speed up the construction of flood control control hub projects and the management of small and medium-sized rivers, and the reinforcement of dangerous reservoirs, and comprehensively promote the construction of dikes and flood storage and detention areas. Strengthen the protection and restoration of water conservation areas, increase the protection and comprehensive management of key rivers and lakes, and restore the aquatic ecosystem with clear waters and green banks.

专栏7 国家水网骨干工程	
01 重大引调水	推动南水北调东中线后续工程建设，深化南水北调西线工程方案比选论证。建设珠三角水资源配置、渝西水资源配置、引江济淮、滇中引水、引汉济渭、新疆奎屯河引水、河北雄安干渠供水、海南琼西北水资源配置等工程。加快引黄济宁、黑龙江三江连通、环北部湾水资源配置工程前期论证。
02 供水灌溉	推进新疆库尔干、黑龙江关门嘴子、贵州观音、湖南犬木塘、浙江开化、广西长塘等大型水库建设。实施黄河河套、四川都江堰、安徽淠史杭等大型灌区续建配套和现代化改造，推进四川向家坝、云南耿马、安徽怀洪新河、海南牛路岭、江西大坳等大型灌区建设。
03 防洪减灾	建设雄安新区防洪工程、长江中下游崩岸治理和重要蓄滞洪区、黄河干流河道和滩区综合治理、淮河入海水道二期、海河河道治理、西江干流堤防、太湖吴淞江、海南迈湾水利枢纽等工程。加强黄河古贤水利枢纽、福建上白石水库等工程前期论证。

Adhere to the strategic basis of expanding domestic demand, accelerate the cultivation of a complete domestic demand system, organically integrate the implementation of the strategy of expanding domestic demand with the deepening of supply-side structural reforms, and drive innovation, high-quality supply to lead and create new demand, and accelerate the construction of a domestic cycle as the main body, A new development pattern of mutual promotion of domestic and international double cycles.

Chapter 12 Smooth Domestic Circulation

Relying on a strong domestic market, link production, distribution, circulation, and consumption to form a higher level of dynamic balance in which demand drives supply and supply creates demand, and promotes a virtuous cycle of the national economy.

Section 1 Improve the adaptability of the supply system

Deepen the supply-side structural reforms and improve the ability of supply to adapt and lead to create new demand. Adapt to individualized, differentiated, and quality consumer demand, promote innovation in production models and industrial organization methods, continue to expand the supply of high-quality consumer goods, mid-to-high-end product supply and education, medical care, and pension services, improve product service quality and customer satisfaction, and promote Coordination and matching of supply and demand. Optimize and upgrade the supply structure, and promote the coordinated development of agriculture, manufacturing, service industry, energy resources and other industries. Improve the industrial supporting system, accelerate the marketization of competitive links in natural monopoly industries, and realize the effective connection of upstream and downstream, production, supply and marketing. We will improve the long-term mechanism of market-based rule of law to resolve excess capacity, and improve laws, regulations and supporting policies for corporate mergers and reorganizations. Establish and improve the quality grading system, speed up the iteration of standards and the transformation and application of international standards. Carry out Chinese brand creation activities, protect and develop Chinese time-honored brands, enhance the influence and competitiveness of independent brands, and take the lead in cultivating a number of high-end brands in the consumer goods fields such as cosmetics, clothing, home textiles, and electronic products.

Section 2 Promote the smooth flow of resource elements

Eliminate blockages that restrict the rational flow of elements, correct the imbalance and mismatch of resource elements, and unblock the national economic cycle from the source. Improve the ability of financial services to the real economy, improve the medium and long-term capital supply system arrangements for the real economy, innovate financial products and services that directly reach the real economy, and enhance the financing function of the multi-level capital market. Implement a long-term mechanism for the stable and healthy development of the real estate market to promote the balanced development of real estate and the real economy. Effectively upgrade the skills of workers, improve the quality of employment and income levels, and form a virtuous circle of human capital improvement and industrial transformation and upgrading. Improve the free flow mechanism of urban and rural factors, build a regional industrial gradient transfer pattern, and promote the benign interaction between urban and rural areas.

Section 3 Strengthen the supporting role of the circulation system

Deepen the reform of the circulation system, unblock the circulation channels of goods and services, improve circulation efficiency, and reduce transaction costs for the whole society. Accelerate the construction of a unified domestic market, optimize the market environment by benchmarking with international advanced rules and best practices, promote the harmonization of standards, rules, and policies in different regions and industries, and effectively eliminate local protection, industry monopoly, and market segmentation. Build a modern logistics system, accelerate the development of cold chain logistics, coordinate the construction of logistics hub facilities, backbone lines, regional distribution centers and terminal distribution nodes, improve the facilities and conditions of national logistics hubs, backbone cold chain logistics bases, and improve the county and village three-level logistics distribution system, Develop high-speed rail express and other railway express freight products, strengthen the construction of international air freight capacity, and enhance the competitiveness of international shipping. Optimize international logistics channels, and

accelerate the formation of a safe and efficient logistics network with internal and external connections. Improve the modern commerce circulation system, cultivate a group of modern circulation enterprises with global competitiveness, support the transformation and upgrading of commerce circulation facilities such as convenience stores and farmer's markets, develop contactless transaction services, and strengthen the standardization and green development of commerce circulation. Speed up the establishment of an emergency logistics system with sufficient reserves, rapid response and strong shock resistance.

Section 4 Improve the policy system that promotes the domestic cycle

Maintain a reasonable level of fiscal expenditure and deficit rate, improve tax and fee reduction policies, and build a tax system that is conducive to enterprises to expand investment, increase R&D investment, regulate income distribution, and reduce consumers' burdens. Maintain reasonable and abundant liquidity, keep money supply and the growth rate of social financing scale basically matched with nominal economic growth, innovate structural policy tools, guide financial institutions to increase support for key areas and weak links, and standardize the development of consumer credit. Promote the transformation of industrial policies towards inclusiveness and functionality, strengthen the fundamental position of competition policy, and support technological innovation and structural upgrading. Improve the income distribution, social security, and public service systems commensurate with the level of economic development.

Chapter 13 Promoting Domestic and International Dual Cycles

Based on the domestic cycle, we will coordinately promote the construction of a strong domestic market and a strong trade country, form a strong gravitational field of global resource elements, promote the coordinated development of domestic and external demand, import and export, foreign investment and foreign investment, and accelerate the cultivation of new advantages in international cooperation and competition.

The first section promotes the coordinated development of import and export

Improve the integrated control system for domestic and foreign trade, promote the integration of domestic and foreign trade laws and regulations, regulatory systems, operating qualifications, quality standards, inspection and quarantine, certification and accreditation, and promote the same line, the same standard, and the same quality. Reduce import tariffs and institutional costs, expand imports of high-quality consumer goods, advanced technology, important equipment, energy resources, etc., and promote the diversification of import sources. Improve export policies, optimize the quality and structure of export commodities, and steadily increase the added value of exports. Optimize the international market layout, guide enterprises to deepen the traditional export market, expand emerging markets, expand the scale of trade with neighboring countries, and stabilize the international market share. Promote the transformation and upgrading of processing trade, deepen the construction of foreign trade transformation and upgrading bases, special customs supervision areas, trade promotion platforms, and international marketing service networks, accelerate the development of new models such as cross-border e-commerce and market procurement trade, encourage the construction of overseas warehouses, and protect the foreign trade industry chain. The supply chain runs smoothly. Innovatively develop service trade, promote the construction of an open platform for the innovative development of service trade, and enhance the level of trade digitization. Implement the trade and investment integration project. Successfully run exhibitions such as the China International Import Expo, China Import and Export Fair, and China International Trade in Services Fair.

Section 2 Improve the level of international two-way investment

Adhere to both importing and going out, efficient use of global resource elements and market space with high-level two-way investment, improve the supply chain guarantee mechanism of the industrial chain, and promote the improvement of industrial competitiveness. Greater efforts will be made to attract and utilize foreign capital, and orderly promote the opening of related businesses in the fields of telecommunications, Internet, education, culture, and medical care. Comprehensively optimize foreign investment services, strengthen the promotion and protection of foreign investment, give full play to the demonstration effects of major foreign investment projects, support foreign investment in increasing mid-to-high-end manufacturing, high-tech, traditional manufacturing transformation and upgrading, modern services and other fields, as well as

investment in the central and western regions, and support the establishment of foreign-funded enterprises R&D center and participate in undertaking national science and technology plan projects. Encourage reinvestment of profits of foreign-funded enterprises. Adhere to the main body of enterprises, innovate overseas investment methods, optimize the structure and layout of overseas investment, and improve risk prevention capabilities and income levels. Improve the overseas production service network and circulation system, accelerate the international development of financial, consulting, accounting, legal and other productive service industries, and promote Chinese products, services, technologies, brands, and standards to go global. Support enterprises to integrate into the global industrial chain supply chain, and improve the ability and level of transnational operations. Guide companies to strengthen compliance management to prevent and resolve various risks such as overseas politics, economy, and security. Promote the establishment of multilateral and bilateral investment cooperation mechanisms, improve policies and service systems for promoting and guaranteeing overseas investment, and promote overseas investment legislation.

Chapter 14 Accelerate the Cultivation of a Complete Domestic Demand System

Deepen the implementation of the strategy of expanding domestic demand, strengthen the fundamental role of consumption in economic development and the key role of investment in optimizing the supply structure, and build a strong domestic market with strong consumption and investment demand.

The first section promotes consumption comprehensively

Conform to the trend of residents' consumption upgrading, combine the expansion of consumption with the improvement of people's quality of life, promote the green, healthy and safe development of consumption, and steadily increase the consumption level of residents. Improve traditional consumption, accelerate the transformation of consumer goods such as automobiles from purchase management to use management, improve the mandatory obsolescence system and the recycling system for durable consumer goods such as waste home appliances and consumer electronics, and promote the healthy development of housing consumption. Cultivate new types of consumption, develop information consumption, digital consumption, and green consumption, and encourage the development of new models and formats such as customization, experience, intelligence, and fashion consumption. Develop service consumption, relax market access in service consumption, promote the quality and expansion of consumption in education and training, medical and health, elderly care, cultural tourism and sports, and accelerate the integration of online and offline development. Appropriately increase public consumption and improve the efficiency of public service expenditures. Expand holiday consumption, improve the holiday system, and fully implement the paid vacation system. Cultivate and build an international consumption center city and build a group of regional consumption centers. Improve the urban-rural integrated consumption network, expand the coverage of e-commerce in rural areas, improve the county-level consumption environment, and promote the upgrading of rural consumption. Improve the city's duty-free shop policy and plan to build a batch of city duty-free shops with Chinese characteristics. Take measures such as increasing residents' income and reducing burdens to continuously expand the middle-income group, and continue to release the consumption potential. Strengthen consumer rights protection, improve quality standards and post-evaluation systems, improve defective product recall, product injury monitoring, product quality assurance and other systems, and improve diversified consumer rights protection mechanisms and dispute resolution mechanisms.

Section 2 Expanding investment space

Optimize investment structure, improve investment efficiency, and maintain reasonable investment growth. Accelerate the completion of shortcomings in infrastructure, municipal engineering, agriculture and rural areas, public safety, ecological environmental protection, public health, material reserves, disaster prevention and mitigation, and people's livelihood protection, promote enterprise equipment update and technological transformation, and expand investment in strategic emerging industries. Promote the construction of major projects such as new infrastructure, new urbanization, transportation and water conservancy that not only promote consumption and benefit the people's livelihood, but also adjust the structure to increase stamina. To serve the major national strategies, implement the Sichuan-Tibet Railway, the new western land-sea channel, the national water network, the downstream hydropower development of the Yarlung Zangbo River, interstellar exploration, Beidou industrialization and other major projects, promote major scientific research

facilities, major ecosystem protection and restoration, public health emergency guarantee, The construction of a number of major projects with strong foundations, increased functions, and long-term benefits, such as major water diversion, flood prevention and disaster reduction, power transmission and gas transmission, and coastal transportation along the border and rivers. Deepen the reform of the investment and financing system, give full play to the leveraging role of government investment, stimulate the vitality of private investment, and form a market-led endogenous investment growth mechanism. Improve the project planning, reserve, and promotion mechanism, increase capital and land use and other factors to ensure that the implementation of investment projects is accelerated. Promote government-private capital cooperation (PPP) in a standardized and orderly manner, promote the healthy development of real estate investment trust funds (REITs) in the infrastructure sector, effectively revitalize existing assets, and form a virtuous circle of existing assets and new investment.

Chapter 5 Accelerating Digital Development and Building Digital China

To meet the digital age, activate the potential of data elements, promote the construction of a network power, accelerate the construction of a digital economy, a digital society, and a digital government, and drive the transformation of production methods, lifestyles and governance methods through digital transformation as a whole.

Chapter 15 Creating New Advantages of the Digital Economy

Give full play to the advantages of massive data and rich application scenarios, promote the deep integration of digital technology and the real economy, empower the transformation and upgrading of traditional industries, catalyze the creation of new industries, new formats and new models, and strengthen the new engine of economic development.

Section 1 Strengthening the innovative application of key digital technologies

Focus on high-end chips, operating systems, key artificial intelligence algorithms, sensors and other key areas, and accelerate the advancement of research and development breakthroughs and iterative applications of basic theories, basic algorithms, and equipment materials. Strengthen the integrated research and development of general-purpose processors, cloud computing systems and software core technologies. Accelerate the deployment of cutting-edge technologies such as quantum computing, quantum communications, neural chips, DNA storage, strengthen the cross-innovation of basic disciplines such as information science, life sciences, and materials, support the development of innovative consortia such as digital technology open source communities, and improve open source intellectual property and legal systems, Encourage enterprises to open software source code, hardware design and application services.

The second section accelerates the promotion of digital industrialization

Cultivate and expand emerging digital industries such as artificial intelligence, big data, blockchain, cloud computing, and network security, and improve the industrial level of communication equipment, core electronic components, and key software. Build 5G-based application scenarios and industrial ecology, and carry out pilot demonstrations in key areas such as smart transportation, smart logistics, smart energy, and smart medical care. Encourage companies to open up search, e-commerce, social and other data, and develop third-party big data service industries. Promote the healthy development of sharing economy and platform economy.

Section 3 Promoting the Digital Transformation of Industries

The implementation of the "cloud use data to empower intelligence" action to promote data-enabled coordinated transformation of the entire industry chain. Establish a number of international-level industrial Internet platforms and digital transformation promotion centers in key industries and regions, deepen the digital application of R&D and design, manufacturing, operation management, and market services, cultivate and develop new models such as personalized customization and flexible manufacturing, and accelerate the industry Digital transformation of the park. Deepen the digital transformation of the service industry, and cultivate new growth points such as crowdsourcing design, smart logistics, and new retail. Accelerate the development of

smart agriculture and advance the digital transformation of agricultural production, operation and management services.

专栏 8 数字经济重点产业	
01	云计算 加快云操作系统迭代升级,推动超大规模分布式存储、弹性计算、数据虚拟隔离等技术创新,提高云安全水平。以混合云为重点培育行业解决方案、系统集成、运维管理等云服务产业。
02	大数据 推动大数据采集、清洗、存储、挖掘、分析、可视化算法等技术创新,培育数据采集、标注、存储、传输、管理、应用等全生命周期产业体系,完善大数据标准体系。
03	物联网 推动传感器、网络切片、高精度定位等技术创新,协同发展云服务与边缘计算服务,培育车联网、医疗物联网、家居物联网产业。
04	工业互联网 打造自主可控的标识解析体系、标准体系、安全管理体系,加强工业软件研发应用,培育形成具有国际影响力的工业互联网平台,推进“工业互联网+智能制造”产业生态建设。
05	区块链 推动智能合约、共识算法、加密算法、分布式系统等区块链技术创新,以联盟链为重点发展区块链服务平台和金融科技、供应链管理、政务服务等领域应用方案,完善监管机制。
06	人工智能 建设重点行业人工智能数据集,发展算法推理训练场景,推进智能医疗装备、智能运载工具、智能识别系统等智能产品设计与制造,推动通用化和行业性人工智能开放平台建设。
07	虚拟现实和增强现实 推动三维图形生成、动态环境建模、实时动作捕捉、快速渲染处理等技术创新,发展虚拟现实整机、感知交互、内容采集制作等设备和开发工具软件、行业解决方案。

Chapter 16 Accelerating the Construction of a Digital Society

Adapt to the full integration of digital technology into social interactions and new trends in daily life, promote innovation in public services and social operations, and build a digital life enjoyed by all.

The first section provides smart and convenient public services

Focus on key areas such as education, medical care, elderly care, childcare, employment, culture and sports, and disability assistance, promote the inclusive application of digital services, and continue to enhance the sense of gain among the people. Promote the digitization of resources of public service institutions such as schools, hospitals, and nursing homes, and increase the intensity of open sharing and application. Promote the common development and deep integration of online and offline public services, actively develop online classrooms, Internet hospitals, smart libraries, etc., support high-level public service institutions to connect with grassroots, remote and underdeveloped areas, and expand the radiation coverage of high-quality public service resources. Strengthen the construction of smart courts. Encourage social forces to participate in "Internet + public services", and innovatively provide service models and products.

Section 2 Building Smart Cities and Digital Villages

Digitalization is used to promote urban and rural development and governance model innovation, and comprehensively improve operational efficiency and livability. Promote the construction of new smart cities by classification and classification, incorporate IoT sensing facilities and communication systems into the

unified planning and construction of public infrastructure, and promote the application and intelligent transformation of the Internet of things such as municipal public facilities and buildings. Improve the city information model platform and operation management service platform, build the city data resource system, and promote the construction of the city data brain. Explore the construction of digital twin cities. Accelerate the construction of digital villages, build a comprehensive information service system for agricultural and rural areas, establish a general information service mechanism for agriculture-related information, and promote the digitalization of rural management services.

The third section builds a new picture of a better digital life

Promote the digitization of various scenarios such as shopping and consumption, home life, tourism and leisure, transportation and travel, and create a new digital life of wisdom sharing and harmony and co-governance. Promote the construction of smart communities, relying on community digital platforms and offline community service agencies to build a convenient and beneficial smart service circle, and provide online and offline integrated community life services, community governance and public services, smart communities and other services. Enrich the digital life experience and develop the digital home. Strengthen the education and training of digital skills for all, popularize and improve citizens' digital literacy. Speed up the construction of information barrier-free, and help the elderly and the disabled to share their digital lives.

Chapter 17 Improving the level of digital government construction

Digital technology is widely used in government management services, promotes the reengineering of government governance processes and model optimization, and continuously improves decision-making science and service efficiency.

Section 1 Strengthen the open sharing of public data

Establish and improve the national public data resource system, ensure the security of public data, and promote cross-department, cross-level, cross-regional convergence and in-depth utilization of data. Improve the data resource catalog and responsibility list system, enhance the functions of the national data sharing and exchange platform, and deepen the sharing and utilization of basic information resources such as national population, legal persons, and spatial geography. Expand the safe and orderly opening of basic public information data, explore the integration of public data services into the public service system, build a unified national public data open platform and development and utilization ports, and give priority to the promotion of high-value data sets such as corporate registration and supervision, health, transportation, and meteorology. The society is open. Carry out pilot projects for government data authorization operations, and encourage third parties to deepen the mining and utilization of public data.

Section 2 Promote the co-construction and sharing of government information

Intensify the overall planning of government informatization, improve the list of government informatization projects, continue to deepen the integration of government information systems, and deploy and build major information systems such as governance capabilities, rule of law, economic governance, market supervision, public security, and ecological environment, and improve cross-departmental Collaborative governance capabilities. Improve the national e-government network, intensively build the government cloud platform and data center system, and promote the cloud migration of the government information system. Strengthen the rapid iteration of government information construction, and enhance the ability of rapid deployment and flexible expansion of government information systems.

Section 3 Improving the efficiency of digital government services

Comprehensively promote the digitization and intelligentization of government operations, business processes and service models. Deepen the "Internet + government services" and enhance the full-process integrated online service platform functions. Accelerate the establishment of a digital technology-assisted government decision-making mechanism, and improve the level of accurate dynamic monitoring, prediction and early warning based on high-frequency big data. Strengthen the application of digital technology in response to

public emergencies such as public health, natural disasters, accidents and disasters, and social security, and comprehensively improve early warning and emergency response capabilities.

Chapter 18 Creating a Good Digital Ecosystem

Adhere to equal emphasis on decentralization, promote the unification of development and standardized management, build a digital rule system, and create an open, healthy and safe digital ecology.

Section 1 Establish and improve market rules for data elements

Coordinate the development and utilization of data, privacy protection, and public security, and accelerate the establishment of basic systems and standards for data resource property rights, transaction circulation, cross-border transmission, and security protection. Establish and improve data property rights transactions and industry self-discipline mechanisms, cultivate standardized data transaction platforms and market entities, and develop market operation systems such as data asset evaluation, registration and settlement, transaction matching, and dispute arbitration. Strengthen the protection of data involving national interests, business secrets, and personal privacy, accelerate the advancement of basic legislation in the fields of data security and personal information protection, and strengthen the security protection of data resources throughout the life cycle. Improve the data classification and hierarchical protection system applicable to the big data environment. Strengthen data security assessment and promote the safe and orderly flow of data across borders.

Section 2 Create a standardized and orderly policy environment

Build a system of policies and regulations compatible with the development of the digital economy. Improve the sharing economy, platform economy and new individual economy management norms, clean up unreasonable administrative licenses, qualifications, and support platform enterprises to innovate and develop and enhance international competitiveness. Strengthen the economic supervision of Internet platforms in accordance with laws and regulations, clarify the positioning of platform enterprises and regulatory rules, improve the legal norms for determining monopoly, and crack down on acts of monopoly and unfair competition. Explore the establishment of a regulatory framework for autonomous driving, online medical care, financial technology, and smart distribution, and improve relevant laws, regulations and ethical review rules. Improve the statistical monitoring system of the digital economy.

Section Three Strengthen Network Security Protection

Improve national cybersecurity laws, regulations, and system standards, and strengthen security guarantees for data resources in important areas, important networks, and information systems. Establish and improve the protection system of critical information infrastructure, improve security protection and maintain political security capabilities. Strengthen cyber security risk assessment and review. Strengthen the construction of network security infrastructure, strengthen cross-domain network security information sharing and work coordination, and improve network security threat discovery, monitoring and early warning, emergency command, and attack source tracing capabilities. Strengthen the research and development of key cyber security technologies, accelerate the innovation of artificial intelligence security technologies, and enhance the comprehensive competitiveness of the cyber security industry. Strengthen network security publicity and education and personnel training.

Section 4 Promote the construction of a community of shared future in cyberspace

Promote international exchanges and cooperation in cyberspace, and promote the formulation of international rules for digital and cyberspace with the United Nations as the main channel and the UN Charter as the basic principles. Promote the establishment of a multilateral, democratic, and transparent global Internet governance system, and establish a more fair and reasonable network infrastructure and resource governance mechanism. Actively participate in the formulation of international rules and digital technology standards such as data security, digital currency, and digital taxes. Promote the construction of a global cybersecurity guarantee cooperation mechanism, and build an international coordination and cooperation mechanism for protecting data elements, handling cybersecurity incidents, and combating cybercrimes. Provide technology, equipment, services

and other digital assistance to underdeveloped countries, so that countries can share the dividends of the digital age. Actively promote network cultural exchanges and mutual learning.

专栏9 数字化应用场景	
01	智能交通 发展自动驾驶和车路协同的出行服务。推广公路智能管理、交通信号联动、公交优先通行控制。建设智能铁路、智慧民航、智慧港口、数字航道、智慧停车场。
02	智慧能源 推动煤矿、油气田、电厂等智能化升级,开展用能信息广泛采集、能效在线分析,实现源网荷储互动、多能协同互补、用能需求智能调控。
03	智能制造 促进设备联网、生产环节数字化连接和供应链协同响应,推进生产数据贯通化、制造柔性化、产品个性化、管理智能化。
04	智慧农业及水利 推广大田作物精准播种、精准施肥施药、精准收获,推动设施园艺、畜禽水产养殖智能化应用。构建智慧水利体系,以流域为单元提升水情测报和智能调度能力。
05	智慧教育 推动社会化高质量在线课程资源纳入公共教学体系,推进优质教育资源在线辐射农村和边远地区薄弱学校,发展场景式、体验式学习和智能化教育管理评价。
06	智慧医疗 完善电子健康档案和病历、电子处方等数据库,加快医疗卫生机构数据共享。推广远程医疗,推进医学影像辅助判读、临床辅助诊断等应用。运用大数据提升对医疗机构和医疗行为的监管能力。
07	智慧文旅 推动景区、博物馆等发展线上数字化体验产品,建设景区监测设施和大数据平台,发展沉浸式体验、虚拟展厅、高清直播等新型文旅服务。
08	智慧社区 推动政务服务平台、社区感知设施和家庭终端联通,发展智能预警、应急救援救护和智慧养老等社区惠民服务,建立无人物流配送体系。
09	智慧家居 应用感应控制、语音控制、远程控制等技术手段,发展智能家电、智能照明、智能安防监控、智能音箱、新型穿戴设备、服务机器人等。
10	智慧政务 推进政务服务一网通办,推广应用电子证照、电子合同、电子签章、电子发票、电子档案,健全政务服务“好差评”评价体系。

Chapter 6 Comprehensively deepen reforms and build a high-level socialist market economy system

Uphold and improve the basic socialist economic system, give full play to the decisive role of the market in the allocation of resources, give better play to the role of the government, and promote a better integration of effective markets and effective governments.

Chapter 19 Stimulating the vitality of various market entities

Unswervingly consolidate and develop the public economy, unswervingly encourage, support, and guide the development of the non-public economy, and cultivate more dynamic, creative and competitive market players.

Section 1 Speeding up the optimization of the state-owned economy's layout and structural adjustment

Focusing on the strategy of serving the country, insist on advancing and retreating, and accelerating the optimization, structural adjustment and strategic reorganization of the state-owned economy to enhance the competitiveness, innovation, control, influence, and anti-risk ability of the state-owned economy, Make state-

owned capital and state-owned enterprises stronger and better. Give full play to the strategic supporting role of the state-owned economy, promote the state-owned economy to further focus on strategic security, industry leadership, national economy and people's livelihood, public services and other functions, adjust and activate existing assets, optimize the allocation of incremental capital, and focus on important industries that are related to national security and the lifeline of the national economy. Concentration of important industries related to the national economy and people's livelihood, such as the provision of public services, emergency response capacity building, and public welfare, and the concentration of forward-looking strategic emerging industries. For the state-owned economy in a fully competitive field, strengthen the capital gain target and financial hard constraints, enhance liquidity, and improve the optimal allocation mechanism of state-owned capital. Establish a long-term mechanism for the adjustment of the layout and structure, and dynamically issue guidelines for the optimization and structural adjustment of the state-owned economy.

Section 2 Promote state-owned enterprises to improve the modern enterprise system with Chinese characteristics

Persist in the party's overall leadership of state-owned enterprises, promote the integration of strengthening party leadership and improving corporate governance, and speed up the establishment of a corporate governance mechanism with statutory powers and responsibilities, transparent power and responsibilities, coordinated operation, and effective checks and balances. Strengthen the construction of the board of directors, implement the functions and powers of the board of directors, and make the board of directors the main body of business operation and decision-making. In accordance with the requirements of improving governance, strengthening incentives, highlighting the main business, and improving efficiency, deepen the reform of mixed ownership of state-owned enterprises, deepen the transformation of operating mechanisms, and explore the implementation of governance mechanisms and supervision systems for mixed-ownership enterprises that are different from those of wholly state-owned and wholly-owned companies. Promote the tenure system and contract management of management members, improve the market-based salary distribution mechanism, and flexibly carry out various forms of medium and long-term incentives.

Section 3 Improve the State-owned Assets Supervision System Based on Capital Management

Adhere to the combination of authorization and supervision, and the unification of deregulation and good management, and vigorously promote the transformation of the concept, focus, and methods of state-owned assets supervision. Optimize the method of capital management, fully implement inventory management, in-depth implementation of classification authorization and decentralization, focus on performing duties through the corporate governance structure, and strengthen supervision during and after the event. Deepen the reform of state-owned capital investment and operating companies, and scientifically and rationally define the boundaries of rights between the government and state-owned regulatory agencies, state-owned capital investment, operating companies, and shareholding companies. Improve the coordinated and efficient supervision mechanism, strictly enforce accountability, and effectively prevent the loss of state-owned assets. Accelerate the centralized and unified supervision of operating state-owned assets.

Section 4 Optimize the development environment of private enterprises

Improve the legal environment, policy environment and market environment that support the development of private enterprises, and equally protect the property rights of private enterprises and the rights and interests of entrepreneurs in accordance with the law. Ensure that private enterprises use resource elements in an equal manner in accordance with the law, participate in competition in an open, fair and just manner, and are equally protected by law. Further relax market access for private enterprises, and break down various barriers in areas such as bidding and bidding. Innovate financial support policy tools for private enterprises, improve the financing credit enhancement support system, treat the credit ratings and bond issuance of private enterprises equally, and reduce comprehensive financing costs. Improve the policy system that promotes the development of small, medium and micro enterprises and individual industrial and commercial households, and increase tax and fee concessions and credit support. Establish pro-Qing political and business relations and establish standardized government-enterprise communication channels. Improve the long-term mechanism for preventing and resolving arrears to SMEs.

Section 5 Promote the high-quality development of private enterprises

Encourage private enterprises to reform and innovate, and improve their operational capabilities and management levels. Guide qualified private enterprises to establish a modern enterprise system. Support private enterprises to carry out basic research and technological innovation, participate in the research and development of key core technologies, and tackle key problems in major national scientific and technological projects. Improve the mechanism for private enterprises to participate in the implementation of major national strategies. Promote private enterprises to operate in compliance with laws and regulations, and encourage private enterprises to actively fulfill their social responsibilities and participate in social welfare and charity. Carry forward the entrepreneurial spirit and implement a plan to promote the healthy growth of the younger generation of private entrepreneurs.

Chapter 20 Building a High Standard Market System

Implement high-standard market system construction actions, improve the basic system of the market system, adhere to equal access, fair supervision, openness and orderly, honesty and law-abiding, and form a unified domestic market with high efficiency, regulation and fair competition.

Section 1 Comprehensively improve the property rights system

Improve the modern property right system with clear ownership, clear rights and responsibilities, strict protection, and smooth circulation. Implement the Civil Code, formulate and revise property rights laws and regulations such as property rights, creditor's rights, and stock rights, clarify the ownership of property rights, and improve property rights. Improve the property rights protection system based on the principle of fairness, and equally protect the property rights of state-owned, private, and foreign-owned enterprises in accordance with the law. Improve the judicial protection system for law enforcement of property rights, improve the protection mechanisms for appeals, reviews, and retrials of enterprise property rights cases, promote the normalization of the legal identification and correction of unjust and wrong cases involving enterprises, and smooth the channels for reporting and handling government property rights disputes. Strengthen the establishment of property rights systems in the fields of data, knowledge, environment, etc., and improve the property rights systems and laws and regulations of natural resource assets.

Section 2 Promote the reform of the market-oriented allocation of factors

Establish and improve a unified urban and rural construction land market, and coordinate the promotion of rural land expropriation, collective operating construction land entering the market, and the reform of the homestead system. Reform the land plan management method, give the provincial government greater autonomy in land use, and explore the establishment of a nationwide cross-regional transaction mechanism for construction land and supplemented arable land indicators. Establish a reasonable conversion mechanism for different types of industrial land to increase the supply of mixed industrial land. Improve the unified and standardized human resources market system, remove the barriers to the flow of labor and talents between urban and rural areas, regions, and units of different ownerships, and reduce unreasonable restrictions in the management of personnel files. Develop markets for technology and data elements. Improve the operating mechanism of the factor market, and improve the trading rules and service system. Deepen the integration and sharing of public resource trading platforms.

Section 3 Strengthen the basic position of competition policy

Persist in encouraging competition, opposing monopoly, improving the competition policy framework, and building a competition policy implementation mechanism that covers all aspects of the pre-event, during and after the event. Coordinate the incremental review and inventory clearance, strengthen the rigid constraints of the fair competition review system, improve the rules for fair competition review, and continue to clear and abolish regulations and practices that hinder the national unified market and fair competition. Improve the market competition evaluation system and establish a complaint reporting and handling response mechanism. Intensify anti-monopoly and anti-unfair competition law enforcement and judicial efforts to prevent the disorderly expansion of capital. Promote market-oriented reforms in the competitive sectors of the energy,

railway, telecommunications, and public utilities industries, liberalize access to competitive businesses, further introduce market competition mechanisms, and strengthen the supervision of natural monopoly businesses.

Section 4 Improve the social credit system

Establish and improve a system of credit laws, regulations and standards, formulate a public credit information catalog and a list of sanctions for untrustworthiness, and improve the credit restoration mechanism for untrustworthy entities. Promote the credit commitment system. Strengthen the collection, sharing, disclosure and application of credit information, and promote credit products and services that benefit the people and enterprises. Establish a sharing and integration mechanism for public credit information and financial information. Cultivate internationally competitive corporate credit reporting agencies and credit rating agencies, strengthen credit reporting supervision, and promote the healthy development of the credit service market. Strengthen the security management of credit information to protect the legitimate rights and interests of credit subjects. Establish and improve the accountability system for government's untrustworthiness.

Chapter 21 Establishing a modern fiscal, taxation and financial system

We will make better use of the fundamental and important pillar role of finance in national governance, enhance the ability of financial services to serve the real economy, and improve the fiscal, taxation and financial system that meets the requirements of high-quality development.

Section 1: Speed up the establishment of a modern financial system

Deepen the reform of the budget management system, and strengthen the macro guidance, review and supervision of budget preparation. Strengthen the overall planning of financial resources, promote the standardization of financial expenditures, and strengthen budget constraints and performance management. Improve the cross-year budget balance mechanism, strengthen the management of mid-term financial planning, and strengthen the financial guarantee for major national strategic tasks. Establish a central and local fiscal relationship with clear powers and responsibilities, financial coordination, and regional balance, appropriately strengthen the central government's powers in intellectual property protection, endowment insurance, and cross-regional ecological and environmental protection, and reduce and standardize the common power of the central and local governments. Improve the fiscal system below the provincial level, and enhance the ability to guarantee grass-roots public services. Improve the fiscal transfer payment system, optimize the transfer payment structure, and standardize transfer payment projects. Improve the accrual government's comprehensive financial reporting system. Establish a sound and standardized government debt financing mechanism.

Section 2 Improve the modern taxation system

Optimize the structure of the tax system, improve the direct tax system, and appropriately increase the proportion of direct tax. Improve the personal income tax system, promote the expansion of the scope of syndrome income, and optimize the tax rate structure. Focus on supporting the stabilization of the manufacturing industry, consolidating the industrial supply chain, and further optimizing the value-added tax system. Adjust and optimize the scope and tax rate of consumption tax, promote the backward movement of the collection link, and steadily demarcate the local government. Standardize and improve tax incentives. Promote real estate tax legislation, improve the local tax system, and gradually expand the power of local tax administration. Deepen the reform of the tax collection and management system, build smart taxation, and promote the modernization of tax collection and management.

Section 3 Deepen the structural reform of the financial supply side

Complete a modern financial system that is highly adaptable, competitive, and inclusive, and build an institutional mechanism for financial support to effectively support the real economy. Build a modern central bank system and improve the money supply control mechanism. Promote the research and development of digital currency steadily. Improve the market-based interest rate formation and transmission mechanism, improve the central bank's policy interest rate system, and better play the role of the benchmark interest rate quoted in

the loan market. Optimize the structure of the financial system, deepen the reform of state-owned commercial banks, accelerate the improvement of the governance structure of small and medium banks and rural credit cooperatives, standardize the development of non-bank financial institutions, and enhance financial inclusiveness. Reform and optimize policy-based finance, and strengthen the ability to serve national strategies and planning. Deepen the reform of insurance companies and improve commercial insurance protection capabilities. Improve the corporate governance of financial institutions and strengthen the supervision of shareholder equity and related party transactions. Improve the basic system of the capital market, improve the multi-level capital market system, vigorously develop institutional investors, and increase the proportion of direct financing, especially equity financing. Fully implement the registration system for stock issuance, establish a normal delisting mechanism, and improve the quality of listed companies. Deepen the reform of the New Third Board. Improve the market-oriented bond issuance mechanism, steadily expand the scale of the bond market, enrich bond varieties, and issue long-term government bonds and infrastructure long-term bonds. Improve the investor protection system and deposit insurance system. Improve the modern financial supervision system, make up for the shortcomings of the supervision system, promote financial innovation in an orderly manner under the premise of prudential supervision, improve the supervision framework for full risk coverage, and improve the transparency and rule of law in financial supervision. Steadily develop financial technology and accelerate the digital transformation of financial institutions. Strengthen the use of regulatory technology and financial innovation risk assessment, and explore the establishment of innovative product correction and suspension mechanisms.

Chapter 22 Enhancing the Government's Economic Governance Capabilities

Accelerate the transformation of government functions, build a government governance system with clear responsibilities and administration according to law, innovate and improve macro-control, and improve the efficiency of government governance.

Section 1 Improve Macroeconomic Governance

We will improve a macroeconomic governance system that takes national development planning as its strategic direction, fiscal policy and monetary policy as the main means, closely cooperates with employment, industry, investment, consumption, environmental protection, and regional policies, and optimizes objectives, reasonable division of labor, and efficient and coordinated macroeconomic governance system. Strengthen the national development plan's macro-guidance, overall coordination and coordination functions for public budgets, land development, resource allocation and other policies, improve macro-policy formulation and implementation mechanisms, attach importance to expected management and guidance, and reasonably control economic growth, employment, prices, balance of payments, etc. Regulating targets, strengthening directional control, camera control and precise control on the basis of interval control. Improve the macro-control policy system, do a good job in cross-cyclical policy design, improve counter-cyclical adjustment capabilities, and promote economic aggregate balance, structural optimization, and internal and external balance. Strengthen the construction of macroeconomic governance databases, enhance the ability to assist governance with modern technologies such as big data, and promote the modernization of statistics. Improve the macroeconomic policy evaluation and evaluation system and the major risk identification and early warning mechanism, unblock the channels for participation in policy formulation, and improve the level of scientific, democratic, and legal decision-making.

Section 2 Build a first-class business environment

Deepen the reform of streamlining administration and delegating power, combining decentralization, and optimizing services, fully implement the government's list of powers and responsibilities, and continue to optimize the market-oriented legalized international business environment. Implement a unified national market access negative list system, break down hidden barriers to access outside of the list, and further relax access restrictions with a focus on the service industry. Simplify administrative licensing items, reduce merged qualifications and licenses, cancel unnecessary registration and annual inspections, and standardize inspections involving enterprises. Comprehensively implement the reforms of "separation of licenses and licenses" and "reduction of licenses after licenses", and comprehensively carry out the reform of the approval

system for construction projects. Reform the production license system, simplify the approval procedures for industrial products, and implement the management of the list of business license items related to enterprises. Establish a convenient, efficient, and orderly exit system for market entities, simplify ordinary cancellation procedures, and establish and improve corporate bankruptcy and natural person bankruptcy systems. Innovate government service methods and promote the convenience of examination and approval services. Deepen the construction of a "single window" in international trade. Improve the business environment evaluation system.

Section 3 Promoting the Modernization of Regulatory Capabilities

Improve the new regulatory mechanism based on "double random, one open" supervision and "Internet + supervision", supplemented by key supervision, and based on credit supervision, and promote integrated online and offline supervision. Strict market supervision, quality supervision, and safety supervision, strengthen supervision of food and drug, special equipment and online transactions, tourism, advertising, intermediary, property, etc., strengthen the supervision of factor market transactions, and implement inclusive and prudential supervision of new industries and new formats. Deepen the reform of comprehensive administrative law enforcement for market supervision, and improve the cross-field and cross-departmental joint law enforcement and coordinated supervision mechanism. Deepen the reform of industry associations, chambers of commerce and intermediary institutions. Strengthen the supervision of the public and the news media.

Chapter Seven: Persist in giving priority to the development of agriculture and rural areas, and comprehensively promote rural revitalization

Take the road of socialist rural revitalization with Chinese characteristics, fully implement the strategy of rural revitalization, strengthen the use of industry to supplement agriculture, and use cities to lead the countryside, promote the formation of a new type of industrial-agricultural-urban-rural relationship featuring mutual promotion of industry and agriculture, complementary urban and rural development, coordinated development, and common prosperity. .

Chapter 23 Improving Agricultural Quality, Efficiency and Competitiveness

Continue to strengthen the basic position of agriculture, deepen the structural reform of the agricultural supply side, strengthen quality guidance, and promote the revitalization of rural industries.

Section 1 Enhance comprehensive agricultural production capacity

Consolidate the foundation of grain production capacity and ensure the safety of the supply of important agricultural products such as grain, cotton, oil, sugar, meat, and milk. Adhere to the strictest arable land protection system, strengthen the quantity protection and quality improvement of arable land, strictly observe the red line of 1.8 billion acres of arable land, curb the "non-agriculturalization" of arable land, prevent "non-grainization", standardize the balance of arable land, and strictly prohibit the use of superiors to compensate for inferior products. Occupy paddy field to make up dry land. Focusing on functional areas for grain production and protected areas for the production of important agricultural products, we will build a national food safety industrial belt, implement high-standard farmland construction projects, and build 1.075 billion acres of concentrated contiguous high-standard farmland. Implement black soil protection projects to strengthen the protection of black soil and the restoration of fertility in the Northeast. Promote water-saving transformation and refined management of large and medium-sized irrigation areas, build key water-saving irrigation projects, and simultaneously advance comprehensive water price reforms. Strengthen the research and development and application of large and medium-sized, intelligent and compound agricultural machinery, and increase the comprehensive mechanization rate of crop cultivation and harvest to 75%. Strengthen the protection and utilization of germplasm resources and the construction of seed banks to ensure the safety of seed sources. Strengthen the research of agricultural superior seed technology, promote the industrial application of biological breeding in an orderly manner, and cultivate leading enterprises in the seed industry with international competitiveness. Improve the agricultural technology innovation system, innovate agricultural technology extension service methods, and build smart agriculture. Strengthen animal epidemic prevention and crop pest control, and strengthen agricultural meteorological services.

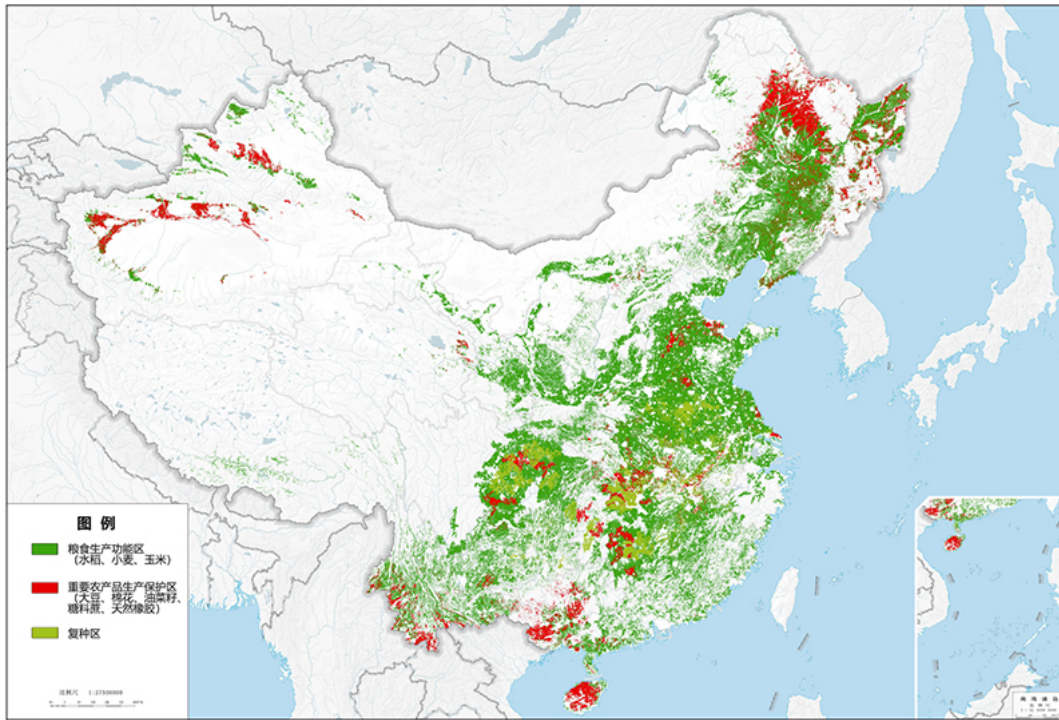


图 2 粮食生产功能区和重要农产品生产保护区布局示意图

Section 2 Deepen the adjustment of agricultural structure

Optimize the layout of agricultural production, and build a superior agricultural product industry belt and characteristic agricultural product advantage zone. Promote the coordination of grain, economy and feed, coordination of agriculture, forestry, animal husbandry and fishery, optimize the structure of the planting industry, vigorously develop modern animal husbandry, and promote healthy aquatic breeding. Actively develop facility agriculture and develop fruit industry in accordance with local conditions. In-depth advancement of high-quality grain projects. Promote the green transformation of agriculture, strengthen environmental protection management of production areas, develop water-saving agriculture and dry farming, in-depth implementation of pesticide and fertilizer reduction actions, control agricultural film pollution, increase agricultural film recycling and utilization, and promote comprehensive utilization of straw and livestock and poultry manure resources. Improve the green agricultural standard system and strengthen the certification management of green food, organic agricultural products and geographical indication agricultural products. Strengthen the supervision of the quality and safety of agricultural products in the whole process, and improve the traceability system. Construct modern agricultural industrial parks and agricultural modernization demonstration areas.

Section 3 Enriching the Rural Economic Format

Develop the county economy, promote the integrated development of rural primary, secondary and tertiary industries, extend the agricultural industry chain, and develop distinctive modern rural industries that enrich the people. Promote the combination of planting, breeding, and industrial chain reconstruction, improve the development level of agricultural product processing industry and agricultural productive service industry, and expand leisure agriculture, rural tourism, homestay economy and other characteristic industries. Strengthen the construction of storage and preservation of agricultural products and cold-chain logistics facilities, improve platforms for rural property rights transactions, commercial circulation, inspection, testing and certification, and intelligent standard factory buildings, and guide the development of rural secondary and tertiary industries. Improve the benefit linkage mechanism, and allow farmers to share more of the value-added benefits of the industry through "resources turning into assets, capital turning into stocks, and farmers turning into shareholders".

Chapter 24 Implementation of Rural Construction Actions

Put rural construction at an important position in the construction of socialist modernization, optimize the ecological space for production and life, continue to improve the appearance of the village and the living environment, and build a beautiful and livable village.

The first section strengthens the planning guidance of rural construction

Coordinate the planning and construction of county towns and villages, and comprehensively consider land use, industrial development, residential area construction, human settlements, ecological protection, disaster prevention and mitigation, and historical and cultural inheritance. Scientifically formulate county-level village layout plans, promote village construction according to local conditions and classification, standardize comprehensive land consolidation across the region, protect traditional villages, ethnic villages and rural styles, and strictly prohibit arbitrary withdrawal and merger of villages for large communities and large-scale demolition and construction against the wishes of farmers. Optimize the layout of rural living space, strictly protect agricultural production space and rural ecological space, and scientifically delimit suitable, restricted, and prohibited areas for the breeding industry. Encourage areas with conditions to prepare practical village plans.

Section 2 Improve the level of rural infrastructure and public services

Promote the integrated development of urban and rural areas with the county as the basic unit, and strengthen the comprehensive service capacity of the county and the function of villages and towns to serve farmers. Improve the unified planning, unified construction, and unified management and protection mechanisms of urban and rural infrastructure, promote the extension of municipal public facilities to suburban villages and large-scale central towns, and improve rural infrastructure such as water, electricity, roads, gas, postal communications, radio and television, and logistics , To improve the quality of rural housing construction. Promote the unification of urban and rural basic public service standards and system integration, increase the supply of rural education, medical care, elderly care, culture and other services, promote the exchange and rotation of teachers and doctors in the county, and encourage social forces to establish rural public welfare undertakings. Improve the scientific and cultural quality of farmers and promote the revitalization of rural talents.

Section 3 Improving the Rural Human Settlement Environment

Carry out the improvement and improvement of the rural human settlements environment, and steadily solve the outstanding environmental problems such as "garbage encircled villages" and rural black and smelly water bodies. Promote the on-site classification and resource utilization of rural domestic waste, and promote the treatment of rural domestic sewage with the township government resident and central villages as the focus. Support the promotion of rural toilet revolution in accordance with local conditions. Promote the comprehensive improvement of rural water systems. Carry out in-depth village cleaning and greening activities to achieve clean and tidy village public spaces, courtyard houses, and surrounding villages.

专栏 10 现代农业农村建设工程	
01	高标准农田 新建高标准农田 2.75 亿亩，其中新增高效节水灌溉面积 0.6 亿亩。实施东北地区 1.4 亿亩黑土地保护性耕作。
02	现代种业 建设国家农作物种质资源长期库、种质资源中期库圃，提升海南、甘肃、四川等国家级育制种基地水平，建设黑龙江大豆等区域性育制种基地。新建、改扩建国家畜禽和水产品种质资源库、保种场（区）、基因库，推进国家级畜禽核心育种场建设。
03	农业机械化 创建 300 个农作物生产全程机械化示范县，建设 300 个设施农业和规模养殖全程机械化示范县，推进农机深松整地和丘陵山区农田宜机化改造。
04	动物防疫和农作物病虫害防治 提升动物疫病国家参考实验室和病原学监测区域中心设施条件，改善牧区动物防疫专用设施和基层动物疫苗冷藏设施，建设动物防疫指定通道和病死动物无害化处理场。分级建设农作物病虫害疫情监测中心和病虫害应急防治中心、农药风险监控中心。建设林草病虫害防治中心。
05	农业面源污染治理 在长江、黄河等重点流域环境敏感区建设 200 个农业面源污染综合治理示范县，继续推进畜禽养殖粪污资源化利用，在水产养殖主产区推进养殖尾水治理。
06	农产品冷链物流设施 建设 30 个全国性和 70 个区域性农产品骨干冷链物流基地，提升田头市场仓储保鲜设施，改造畜禽定点屠宰加工厂冷链储藏和运输设施。
07	乡村基础设施 因地制宜推动自然村通硬化路，加强村组连通和村内道路建设，推进农村水源保护和供水保障工程建设，升级改造农村电网，提升农村宽带网络水平，强化运行管护。
08	农村人居环境整治提升 有序推进经济欠发达地区以及高海拔、寒冷、缺水地区的农村改厕。支持 600 个县整县推进人居环境整治，建设农村生活垃圾和污水处理设施。

Chapter 25 Improve the System and Mechanism of Urban-Rural Integration Development

Establish and improve a policy system for equal exchange and two-way flow of urban and rural elements, promote more flow of elements to rural areas, and enhance the vitality of agricultural and rural development.

Section 1 Deepen Agricultural and Rural Reform

Consolidate and improve the basic rural management system, implement the policy of extending the second round of land contracts for another 30 years after the expiration of the second round of land contracts, improve the system for the separation of rural contracted land ownership, contracting rights, and management rights, and further relax management rights. Develop various forms of moderately large-scale operations, accelerate the cultivation of new agricultural business entities such as family farms and farmer cooperatives, improve the specialized and socialized service system of agriculture, and realize the organic connection between small farmers and modern agriculture. Deepen the pilot reform of the rural homestead system, speed up the certification and certification of homesteads that integrate housing and land, and explore ways to realize the separation of ownership, qualification, and use rights of homesteads. Actively explore and implement the market entry system for rural collective operating construction land. Rural collectives are allowed to convert idle homesteads and abandoned collective public welfare construction land with compensation into collective operational construction land into the market under the premise of farmers' willingness. Establish a public interest recognition mechanism for land expropriation and reduce the scope of land expropriation. Deepen the reform of the rural collective property rights system, improve the power of property rights, quantify operating assets to members of collective economic organizations, and develop and expand the new rural collective

economy. Effectively reduce the burden on village-level organizations. Give full play to the demonstration and leading role of the national urban-rural integration development pilot zone and the rural reform pilot zone.

Section 2 Strengthen the guarantee of agricultural and rural development factors

Improve the agricultural and rural input guarantee system, increase central fiscal transfer payments, land transfer revenue, and local government bonds to support agricultural and rural areas. Improve the agricultural support and protection system, improve the benefit compensation mechanism for the main grain producing areas, build a new agricultural subsidy policy system, and improve the minimum grain purchase price policy. Deepen the reform of supply and marketing cooperatives. Improve the rural land use security mechanism to ensure the rational use of land for the development of facility agriculture and rural industries. Improve the rural financial service system, improve the financial incentive mechanism for supporting agriculture, expand the scope of rural asset mortgage guarantee financing, and develop agricultural insurance. Allow rural employment and entrepreneurial personnel to settle in their place of origin or employment and entrepreneurship and enjoy relevant rights and interests, and establish a system of part-time and part-time pay for scientific research personnel in rural areas and leave their jobs to start a business.

Chapter 26 Achieving the Consolidation and Expansion of Poverty Alleviation and the Effective Linkage of Rural Revitalization

Establish and improve the assistance mechanism for rural low-income population and underdeveloped areas, maintain the overall stability of major assistance policies and financial investment, and continue to promote the development of poverty alleviation areas.

Section 1 Consolidate and enhance the results of poverty alleviation

Strictly implement the requirements of the policy of “no responsibilities, no responsibilities, no assistance, no supervision when no hats are removed,” and a long-term mechanism for consolidating and expanding the results of poverty alleviation has been established and improved. Improve the dynamic monitoring and precise assistance mechanism for preventing return to poverty, implement normalized monitoring of the people who are prone to return to poverty and cause poverty, establish and improve a rapid detection and response mechanism, and incorporate hierarchical classification into the scope of assistance policies in time. Improve the rural social security and assistance system, and improve the normalized assistance mechanism for the low-income population in rural areas. Continue to implement the intra-provincial transaction policy for the increase and decrease of urban and rural construction land linked to the savings indicator, and adjust and improve the cross-provincial transaction policy for poverty-stricken areas. Strengthen the management and supervision of funds and assets of poverty alleviation projects, and promote the sustainable development of characteristic industries. Promote the work-for-relief method to drive low-income people to find local employment. We will do a good job in the follow-up assistance for poverty alleviation and relocation, and strengthen the construction of new urbanization in large-scale relocation and resettlement areas.

Section 2 Improve the overall development level of poverty alleviation areas

We will implement the promotion of special planting and breeding industries in poverty alleviated areas, extensively carry out activities to connect the production and marketing of agricultural products, and deepen the expansion of consumption assistance. In the poverty alleviation counties in the western region, we will focus on supporting a group of key counties for rural revitalization, and provide centralized support in terms of finance, finance, land, talents, infrastructure, public services, etc., to enhance their ability to consolidate poverty alleviation results and endogenous development. Adhere to and improve the cooperation and counterpart support between the east and the west, designated assistance by the central unit, and the participation of social forces in assistance, adjust and optimize the relationship and assistance methods of the cooperation between the east and the west, and strengthen industrial cooperation and labor cooperation.

Chapter 8. Improving the New Urbanization Strategy and Improving the Quality of Urbanization Development

Persist in taking the road of new-type urbanization with Chinese characteristics, and further promote the new-type urbanization strategy centered on people, relying on urban agglomerations and metropolitan circles to promote the coordinated, linked and characteristic development of large, medium and small cities and small towns, so that more people enjoy higher Quality city life.

Chapter 27 Speeding up the urbanization of the agricultural transfer population

Adhere to the priority of stocks and drive growth, coordinate the reform of the household registration system and the full coverage of the permanent population of urban basic public services, improve the supporting policy system for the urbanization of agricultural migrants, and accelerate the full integration of agricultural migrants into cities.

Section 1 Deepen the reform of the household registration system

Liberalize restrictions on settlement except for certain mega-cities, and try out a system of registering residence in the place of habitual residence on a trial basis. Completely remove restrictions on settlement in cities with a permanent population of less than 3 million in urban areas, and ensure that the criteria for settlement in cities are the same for people from other regions and local agricultural migrants. Comprehensively relax the conditions for settlement in Type I large cities with a permanent population of 3 to 5 million in urban areas. Improve the points settlement policy for super-large cities with a permanent population of more than 5 million in urban areas, streamline the points program, ensure that the social insurance payment period and residence period scores account for the main proportion, and encourage the abolition of the annual settlement quota. Improve the basic public service provision mechanism that uses residence permits as the carrier and is linked to the length of residence and other conditions, encourage local governments to provide more basic public services and convenience, and improve the actual urban compulsory education, housing security and other services for residence permit holders Enjoy the level.

Section 2 Improve the mechanism for the citizenization of the agricultural transfer population

Improve the policies related to financial transfer payments and the urbanization of agricultural transfer populations, and increase the conversion ratio of permanent residents in the distribution of balanced transfer payments. The distribution of central fiscal incentives for urbanization is determined mainly based on the number of residents who settled across provinces. Establish a financial construction fund to absorb infrastructure investment subsidies in more cities, and increase investment support within the central budget. Adjust the basis for the allocation of annual indicators for urban construction land, and establish a mechanism to link the number of migrants from agriculture and the scale of providing affordable housing. Adjust the quota of teachers and doctors in the inflow and outflow areas and the layout of basic public service facilities in accordance with the actual population flow. Protect rural land contracting rights, homestead use rights, and collective income distribution rights for farmers who settle in cities in accordance with the law, establish a market system for the transfer of rural property rights, and improve the "three rights" market-based exit mechanism and supporting policies for farmers.

Chapter 28 Improve the spatial layout of urbanization

Develop and expand urban agglomerations and metropolitan areas, classify and guide the development direction and construction priorities of large, medium and small cities, and form a spatial pattern of urbanization that is dense, well-defined, coordinated, and fully functional.

The first section promotes the integrated development of urban agglomerations

Taking the promotion of the development of urban agglomerations as the starting point, comprehensively form a "two horizontal and three vertical" urbanization strategic pattern. Optimize and upgrade the Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei, the Yangtze River Delta, the Pearl River Delta, Chengdu-Chongqing, the middle reaches of the Yangtze River and other urban agglomerations, develop and expand the Shandong Peninsula, the coastal areas of Guangdong, Fujian and Zhejiang, the Central Plains, the Guanzhong Plain, and the Beibu Gulf. City clusters in central Shanxi, central Guizhou, central Yunnan, Hubao Eyu, Lanzhou-Xining, along the Yellow River in Ningxia, and the northern slope of Tianshan Mountain. Establish and improve the integrated and coordinated development

mechanism and cost-sharing and benefit-sharing mechanisms of urban agglomerations, and coordinate and promote the coordinated layout of infrastructure, industrial division of labor, public service sharing, and ecological construction and environmental governance. Optimize the internal spatial structure of urban agglomerations, build ecological and safety barriers, and form a multi-center, multi-level, and multi-node networked urban agglomeration.

Section 2 Building a modern metropolitan area

Relying on central cities with a strong ability to radiate and drive, raise the level of coordinated development of the one-hour commuter circle, and cultivate and develop a group of modern metropolitan areas with a high degree of intra-city. Take inter-city railways and urban (suburban) railways as the backbone to open up all kinds of "broken roads" and "bottleneck roads", promote the effective connection of intra- and inter-city traffic and the "four networks" of rail transit, and improve the metropolitan Infrastructure connectivity and connectivity. Encourage the mutual recognition of social security and settlement points in the metropolitan area, the sharing of education and medical resources, and promote the joint construction of science and technology innovation coupons, industrial parks and scientific research platforms. Encourage qualified metropolitan areas to establish unified planning committees, realize unified planning and implementation, and explore and promote unified management of land and population.

The third section optimizes and enhances the functions of the central urban areas of super large cities

Coordinate and take into account the diverse needs of economy, life, ecology, and safety, transform the development and construction methods of super-large cities, strengthen risk prevention and control in the governance of super-large cities, and promote high-quality and sustainable development. Orderly disperse functions and facilities such as general manufacturing, regional logistics bases, and professional markets in central urban areas, as well as over-concentrated public service resources such as medical and higher education, and reasonably reduce development intensity and population density. Enhance global resource allocation, scientific and technological innovation sources, and high-end industry leading functions, take the lead in forming an industrial structure with modern service industries as the mainstay and advanced manufacturing as the support, and enhance comprehensive energy levels and international competitiveness. Insist on the integration of industry and city, improve the functions of suburban new cities, and realize multi-center and group development.

Section 4 Improve the livable and business-friendly functions of large and medium-sized cities

Make full use of the advantages of relatively low comprehensive costs, take the initiative to undertake the transfer of industries and function of mega-cities, and consolidate the foundation for the development of the real economy. Based on characteristic resources and industrial foundations, establish a differentiated positioning of the manufacturing industry, promote the large-scale cluster development of the manufacturing industry, and build advanced manufacturing bases, commercial logistics centers, and regional professional service centers based on local conditions. Optimize the layout and functions of municipal public facilities, support the layout of tertiary hospitals and colleges and universities in large and medium-sized cities, increase the supply of cultural and sports resources, create a modern and fashionable consumption scene, and improve the quality of urban life.

Section 5 Promote the urbanization construction with counties as an important carrier

Speed up county towns to make up for shortcomings, promote public services, environmental sanitation, municipal public utilities, industrial supporting facilities and other facilities to upgrade and expand capacity, and enhance comprehensive carrying capacity and governance capabilities. Support the construction of counties in the eastern region with a good foundation, focus on the construction of counties in the urbanization areas of the central and western regions and the northeast, and rationally support the construction of counties in the main agricultural production areas and key ecological functional areas. Improve the investment and financing mechanism of county town construction, give better play to the role of fiscal funds, and guide financial capital and social capital to increase investment. We will steadily and orderly promote the establishment of cities in mega towns with a permanent population of more than 200,000 in eligible

counties and towns. In accordance with location conditions, resource endowments and development foundation, develop small towns in accordance with local conditions and promote the standardized and healthy development of characteristic towns.

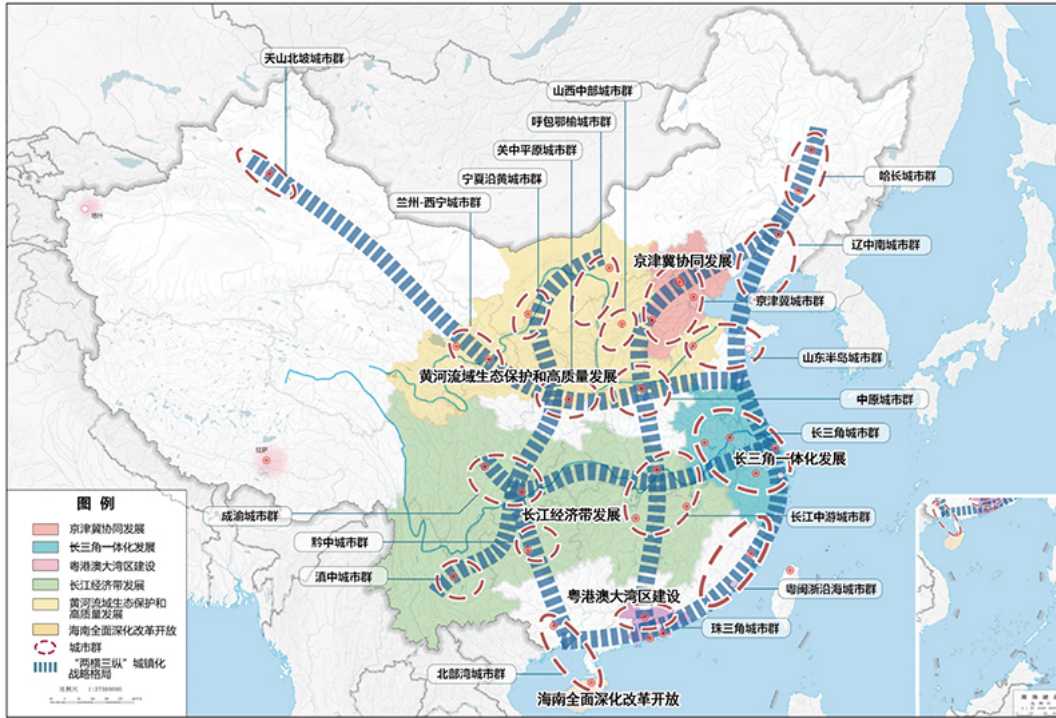


图 3 城镇化空间格局示意图

Chapter 29 Comprehensively Improve the Quality of the City

Accelerate the transformation of urban development methods, coordinate urban planning and construction management, implement urban renewal actions, and promote the urban spatial structure optimization and quality improvement.

Section 1 Transform the urban development mode

Reasonably determine the scale and spatial structure of the city in accordance with the carrying capacity of resources and environment, and make overall arrangements for urban construction, industrial development, ecological conservation, infrastructure and public services. Promote an intensive and compact development model with multiple functions, three-dimensional development, and public transportation orientation, coordinate the use of ground and underground space, increase greening nodes and public open spaces, and build new residential buildings to promote the block system. Promote urban design and style management and control, implement applicable, economic, green, and beautiful building policies in the new era, and strengthen the management and control of new high-rise buildings. Accelerate the promotion of urban renewal, transform and upgrade the functions of stock areas such as old communities, old factories, old neighborhoods and urban villages, promote the transformation of old buildings, and actively expand new parking lots and charging piles.

Section 2 Promoting the construction of new cities

Conform to the new concepts and trends of urban development, carry out pilot demonstrations of urban modernization, and build livable, innovative, smart, green, humanistic and resilient cities. Improve the level of urban intelligence, implement digital management of “one map” of urban buildings, public spaces, and underground pipe networks, and unified management of urban operations. Scientifically plan the layout of urban green ring green corridors and green wedge green roads, promote ecological restoration and functional improvement projects, give priority to the development of urban public transportation, build bicycle lanes, pedestrian paths and other slow-moving networks, develop intelligent construction, promote green building materials, prefabricated buildings and Steel structure housing, building a low-carbon city. Protect and continue the urban context, prevent major demolition and construction, let the city leave memories, and let residents remember homesickness. Establish an urban flood control and drainage system featuring emission

reduction at the source, combination of storage and drainage, flood drainage and risk elimination, and emergency response to exceed the standard, and promote the control of urban waterlogging to achieve significant results. Enhance the ability of public facilities to respond to storms, droughts and geological disasters, and improve the emergency shelter functions of public facilities and buildings. Strengthen the construction of barrier-free environment. Expand the sources of funds for urban construction, and establish a financing mechanism with matching maturities, diversified channels, and financial sustainability.

Section 3 Improve the level of urban governance

Adhere to the leadership of party building, lower focus, and empowerment of science and technology, continuously improve the level of scientific, refined and intelligent urban governance, and promote the modernization of urban social governance. Reform and improve the urban management system. Promote the experience of grassroots management mechanisms such as "street and township whistleblowing, department registration, and immediate handling of complaints", promote the sinking of resources, management, and services to neighborhood communities, and accelerate the construction of modern communities. Use digital technology to promote the innovation of urban management methods, management models, and management concepts to meet the needs of the masses accurately and efficiently. Strengthen property service supervision and improve property service coverage, service quality and standardization.

Section 4 Improve the housing market system and housing security system

Adhere to the positioning of houses for living, not for speculation, and speed up the establishment of a multi-subject supply, multi-channel guarantee, and rent-purchase housing system, so that all people have a living space and a balance of work and housing. Insist on adapting measures to local conditions and adopting multiple strategies simultaneously, consolidate the main responsibility of the city government, and stabilize land prices, housing prices and expectations. Establish a housing and land linkage mechanism, strengthen real estate financial regulation, give play to the role of housing tax regulation, support reasonable self-occupation needs, and curb investment speculative demand. Accelerate the cultivation and development of the housing rental market, effectively revitalize the stock of housing resources, effectively and orderly expand the supply of urban rental housing, improve the long-term rental policy, and gradually enable rental housing to have equal rights in enjoying public services. Speed up the establishment of housing leasing laws and regulations, strengthen the supervision of the leasing market, and protect the legitimate rights and interests of lessees and lessors. Effectively increase the supply of affordable housing and improve the basic housing security system and supporting policies. Focus on cities with large population inflows and high housing prices, expand the supply of affordable rental housing, and focus on solving the housing problems of the needy groups and new citizens. Separate the land use plan for leased housing, explore the use of collective construction land and idle land owned by enterprises and institutions to build leased housing, and support the conversion of non-residential housing into affordable leased housing. Improve the income distribution mechanism of land transfer and increase fiscal, taxation and financial support. Develop shared property housing in accordance with local conditions. Handle the relationship between basic security and non-basic security, improve housing security methods, and improve policies on security objects, entry barriers, and exit management. Reform and improve the housing provident fund system, and improve the deposit, use, management and operation mechanisms.

专栏 11 新型城镇化建设工程	
01	都市圈建设 在中心城市辐射带动作用强、与周边城市同城化程度高的地区，培育发展一批现代化都市圈，推进基础设施互联互通、公共服务互认共享。
02	城市更新 完成 2000 年底前建成的 21.9 万个城镇老旧小区改造，基本完成大城市老旧厂区改造，改造一批大型老旧街区，因地制宜改造一批城中村。
03	城市防洪排涝 以 31 个重点防洪城市和大江大河沿岸沿线城市为重点，提升改造城市蓄滞洪空间、堤防、护岸、河道、防洪工程、排水管网等防洪排涝设施，因地制宜建设海绵城市，全部消除城市严重易涝积水区段。
04	县城补短板 推进县城、县级市城区及特大镇补短板，完善综合医院、疾控中心、养老中心、幼儿园、市政管网、市政交通、停车场、充电桩、污水垃圾处理设施和产业平台配套设施。高质量完成 120 个县城补短板示范任务。
05	现代社区培育 完善社区养老托育、医疗卫生、文化体育、物流配送、便民商超、家政物业等服务网络和线上平台，城市社区综合服务设施实现全覆盖。实施大学生社工计划，每万城镇常住人口拥有社区工作者 18 人。
06	城乡融合发展 建设嘉兴湖州、福州东部、广州清远、南京无锡常州、济南青岛、成都西部、重庆西部、西安咸阳、长春吉林、许昌、鹰潭等国家城乡融合发展试验区，加强改革授权和政策集成。

Chapter Nine Optimizing Regional Economic Layout to Promote Regional Coordinated Development

In-depth implementation of regional major strategies, regional coordinated development strategies, and main functional zone strategies, improve the regional coordinated development system and mechanism, and build a high-quality development regional economic layout and land space support system.

Chapter 30 Optimizing the Development and Protection Pattern of Land Space

Based on the carrying capacity of resources and environment, give play to the comparative advantages of various regions, promote the rational flow and efficient agglomeration of various elements, and promote the formation of a new pattern of land space development and protection with obvious main functions, complementary advantages, and high-quality development.

Section 1 Improve and implement the main function zone system

Comply with the changing trend of spatial structure, optimize the layout of major infrastructure, major productivity and public resources, classify and improve the development level of urbanized areas, promote agricultural production to gather in functional areas of grain production, important agricultural production protection areas, and special agricultural products advantage areas, and optimize ecological security The barrier system has gradually formed three spatial patterns of urbanized areas, main agricultural production areas, and ecological function areas. Refine the division of main function areas, divide policy units according to main function positioning, formulate differentiated policies for key development areas, ecologically fragile areas, and energy resource-rich areas, and implement classified and precise policies. Strengthen the overall planning and coordination of spatial development to ensure the implementation of major national development strategies.

Section 2 Exploring an important source of power for high-quality development

Focusing on areas with advantages in economic development, such as central cities and urban agglomerations, strengthen the carrying capacity of the economy and population, and drive the overall improvement of national economic efficiency. Focusing on the Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei Region, the Yangtze River Delta, and the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area, we will enhance our ability to innovate and allocate resources globally, and

accelerate the creation of the first echelon leading high-quality development. In the regions in the central and western regions where conditions permit, take central cities as the lead to enhance the functions of urban agglomerations, accelerate the process of industrialization and urbanization, and form important areas for high-quality development. Remove barriers to resource flow, optimize the setting of administrative divisions, improve the comprehensive carrying capacity of the central city and the ability to optimize the allocation of resources, and strengthen the radiating and leading role of regional development.

Section 3 Enhance the support capability of important functional areas

Supported by areas undertaking strategic functions such as major agricultural production areas, key ecological function areas, energy resource-rich areas, and border areas, we will effectively maintain national food security, ecological security, energy security and border security, and work with power source regions to build high Power system for quality development. Support the main production areas of agricultural products to enhance agricultural production capacity, support the development of ecological function zones to protect the ecological environment and provide ecological products, and support the gradual and orderly transfer of the population of the ecological function zones to urbanized areas and their settlement. Optimize the layout of energy development and transportation, strengthen the construction of comprehensive development and utilization bases for energy resources, and improve the level of domestic energy supply security. Strengthen the development capacity of border areas, strengthen population and economic support, and promote national unity and border stability. Improve the public resource allocation mechanism, and provide effective transfer payments to key ecological function areas, main agricultural production areas, and border areas.

Chapter 31 In-depth implementation of major regional strategies

Focus on achieving strategic goals and improving leadership and driving capabilities, promote new breakthroughs in regional major strategies, and promote inter-regional integration, interaction, and complementation.

Section 1 Accelerate the coordinated development of Beijing, Tianjin and Hebei

Pay close attention to the relief of Beijing's non-capital function "niubi", build a functional relief policy system, and implement a number of iconic relief projects. Build the Xiongan New Area with high standards and high quality, accelerate the construction of the start-up area and the start-up area, and promote the innovation of the management system. High-quality construction of the Beijing City Sub-center will promote the integrated development of the three counties and cities of Hebei Province, Sanhe, Xianghe, and Dachang. Promote the high-quality development of Tianjin Binhai New Area, and support the construction of Zhangjiakou Capital Water Conservation Functional Zone and Ecological Environment Support Zone. Improve the basic research and original innovation capabilities of the Beijing Science and Technology Innovation Center, give play to the pioneering role of the Zhongguancun National Independent Innovation Demonstration Zone, and promote the deep integration of the Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei industrial chain and the innovation chain. The Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei region on the track will be basically completed, and the coordination level of the airport group and port group will be improved. Deepen the joint prevention and control of air pollution, and strengthen the comprehensive treatment of groundwater overexploitation and land subsidence in North China.

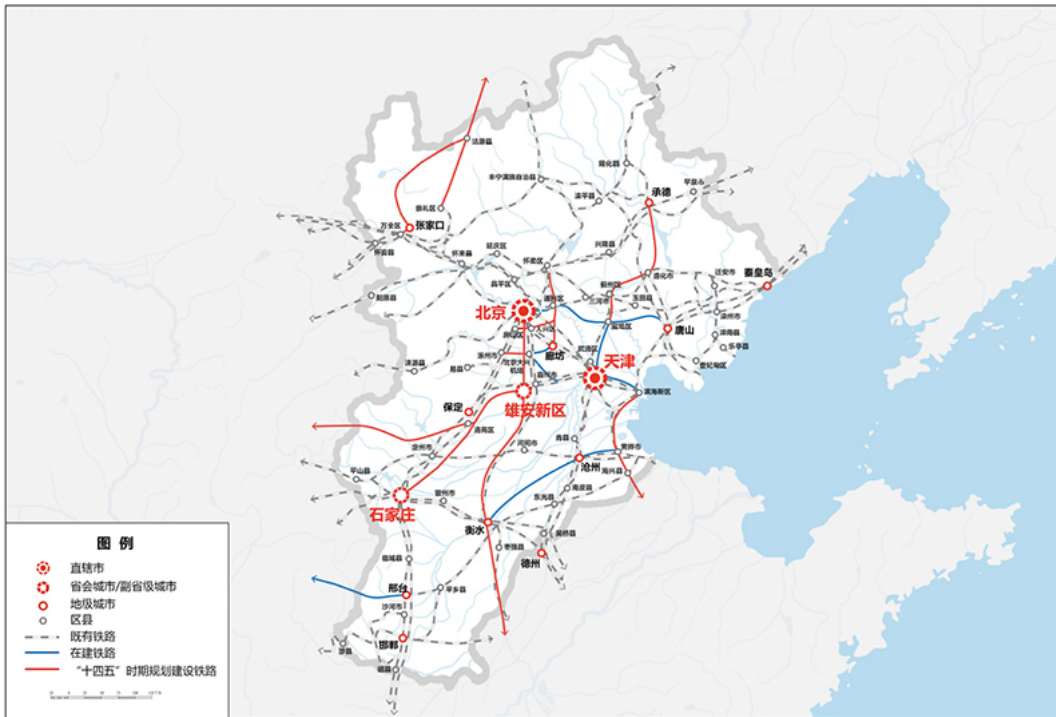


图 4 京津冀地区轨道交通规划图

Section 2 Comprehensively promote the development of the Yangtze River Economic Belt

Insist on ecological priority, green development and joint efforts to protect and avoid large-scale development, coordinate the promotion of ecological environmental protection and economic development, and create a beautiful China model of harmonious coexistence between man and nature. Continue to promote the rectification of outstanding problems in the ecological environment, and promote the fine division of management and control of the entire Yangtze River basin by unit, and implement projects such as urban sewage and garbage treatment, industrial pollution treatment, agricultural non-point source pollution treatment, ship pollution treatment, and tailings pond pollution treatment. Carry out in-depth demonstrations of green development and promote the ecological environment protection of the Chishui River Basin. Implement a ten-year ban on fishing in the Yangtze River. Focusing on the construction of the Yangtze River's main artery, the overall design of a comprehensive transportation system will ease the bottleneck constraints of the Three Gorges hub, and speed up the construction of high-speed railways and freight railways along the Yangtze River. Leverage the overall advantages of industrial synergy and linkage to build a green industrial system. Protect the cultural relics and cultural heritage of the Yangtze River.

Section 3 Actively and steadily promote the construction of the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area

Strengthen the coordinated development of Guangdong, Hong Kong, and Macao's industry, academia and research, improve the Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong, Guangzhou-Zhuhai-Macao Science and Technology Innovation Corridor, Shenzhen-Hong Kong Loop, and Guangdong-Macao Hengqin Technology Innovation Pole "Two Corridors and Two Points" framework system, and promote the construction of a comprehensive national science center to facilitate innovation Elements flow across borders. Speed up the construction of intercity railways, coordinate the layout of ports and airports, and optimize the allocation of shipping and aviation resources. Deepen the reform of the customs clearance model to promote the convenient and efficient flow of people, goods, and vehicles. Expand the scope of mutual recognition of professional qualifications between the Mainland, Hong Kong and Macao, and further promote the integration of rules and mechanisms in key areas. Facilitate young people from Hong Kong and Macao to go to the cities of the Greater Bay Area to study, find employment and start a business, and create a premium brand for youth exchanges between Guangdong, Hong Kong and Macao.

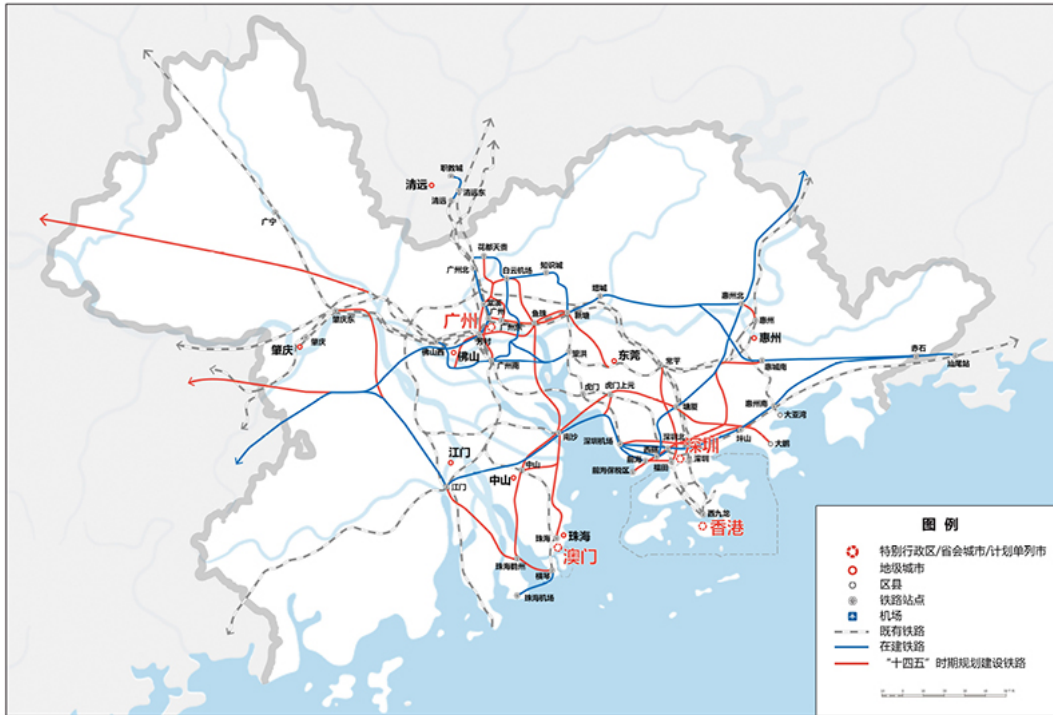


图 5 粤港澳大湾区轨道交通规划图

Section 4 Enhancing the integrated development level of the Yangtze River Delta

Aiming at the international advanced science and innovation capabilities and industrial system, accelerate the construction of the Yangtze River Delta G60 Science and Technology Innovation Corridor and the industrial innovation belt along Shanghai-Nanjing, and improve the Yangtze River Delta region's ability to allocate global resources and radiate to drive national development. Speed up infrastructure interconnection, realize full coverage of high-speed rail in cities at the prefecture level and above in the Yangtze River Delta, and promote integrated management of port clusters. Build the Hongqiao international opening hub, strengthen the open economic agglomeration function of the Shanghai Pilot Free Trade Zone Lingang New Area, and deepen the joint development of the Shanghai, Jiangsu, Zhejiang and Anhui Pilot Free Trade Zones. Accelerate the convenient sharing of public services and optimize the distribution of high-quality education and medical and health resources. Promote the joint protection and governance of the ecological environment, and build a high-level demonstration zone for the development of ecological green integration in the Yangtze River Delta.

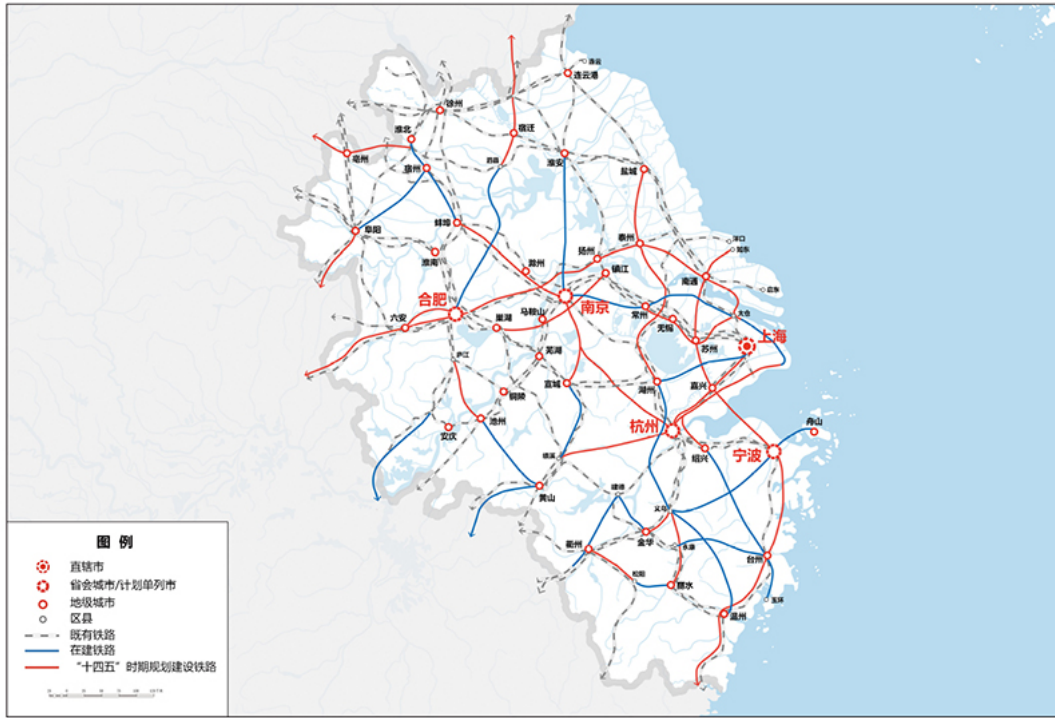


图6 长三角地区轨道交通规划图

Section 5 Solidly promote ecological protection and high-quality development of the Yellow River Basin

Strengthen the protection and restoration of key upstream ecosystems, build the “Chinese Water Tower” of the Three Rivers Source, and improve the water conservation capacity of Gannan, Ruergai and other regions. Innovate the control model of soil erosion in the middle reaches of the Loess Plateau, and actively carry out the comprehensive management of small watersheds, dry farming terraces and the construction of silt dams. Promote the treatment of secondary suspended rivers in the lower reaches and comprehensive treatment of beach areas, and strengthen the protection and restoration of wetlands in the Yellow River Delta. Carry out the treatment of agricultural non-point source pollution such as the Fenwei Plain and the Hetao Irrigation District, clean up and rectify industrial enterprises on the banks of the Yellow River, and strengthen the construction of sewage treatment facilities and supporting pipeline networks in cities and towns along the Yellow River. Implement deep water conservation and control actions to reduce the intensity of water resources development and utilization. Reasonably control the intensity of coal development, promote the integrated development and utilization of energy resources, and strengthen the ecological restoration of mines. Optimize the development pattern of central cities and urban agglomerations, and coordinate the construction of county and villages along the Yellow River. Implement the protection project of the Yellow River cultural heritage system to create an internationally influential Yellow River cultural tourism belt. Build a pioneer area for ecological protection and high-quality development in the Yellow River Basin.

Chapter 32 In-depth implementation of the regional coordinated development strategy

We will further promote the development of the western region, the comprehensive revitalization of the Northeast, the rise of the central region, and the development of the eastern region first, support the accelerated development of special types of regions, and promote relative balance in development.

Section 1 Promoting the development of the western region to form a new pattern

Strengthen measures to promote the development of the western region, and effectively improve the accuracy and effectiveness of policies. In-depth implementation of a number of major ecological projects and comprehensive management of key areas. Actively integrate into the “Belt and Road” construction, strengthen the construction of large open channels, and build an inland multi-level open platform. Increase investment in infrastructure in the western region, support the development of industries with distinctive advantages, concentrate efforts to consolidate the results of poverty alleviation, and make up for shortcomings in the

fields of education, medical and health, and other people's livelihoods. Promote the construction of the two-city economic circle in the Chengdu-Chongqing region, create an important economic center, a center for scientific and technological innovation, a new highland of reform and opening up, and a high-quality livable place with national influence, improve the level of urban agglomeration in the Guanzhong Plain, and promote the northwest and southwest regions Cooperation and interaction. Support Xinjiang's construction of the national "three bases and one channel", and support Tibet in building an important channel open to South Asia. Promote the protection and development of the area west of the 400mm precipitation line.

Section 2 promotes the revitalization of the Northeast to achieve new breakthroughs

From the strategic height of safeguarding national defense, food, ecology, energy, and industrial security, strengthen policy coordination and achieve key breakthroughs. Accelerate the transformation of government functions, deepen the reform of state-owned enterprises, focus on optimizing the business environment, and vigorously develop the private economy. Build the Liaoning coastal economic belt, build the Chang-Ji-Tu development and opening pilot zone, and raise the level of Harbin's cooperation and opening up with Russia. Accelerate the development of modern agriculture and create a "ballast stone" that guarantees national food security. Increase the protection of ecological resources and build a strong ecological security barrier in the northern borders of the motherland. Transform and upgrade traditional advantageous industries such as equipment manufacturing, cultivate and develop emerging industries, vigorously develop characteristic industries such as cold regions, ice and snow, and eco-tourism, create an internationally influential ice and snow tourism belt, and form a new balanced development industrial structure and competitive advantage. Implement more attractive talent gathering measures. Deepen counterpart cooperation with the eastern region.

The third section creates a new situation for the rise of the central region

Efforts will be made to build important advanced manufacturing bases, improve independent innovation capabilities in key areas, build open highlands in inland areas, consolidate the pattern of ecological green development, and promote the accelerated rise of the central region. To expand and strengthen the advanced manufacturing industry, build a number of mid-to-high-end industrial clusters along the Yangtze River, Beijing-Guangzhou, Longhai, and Beijing-Kowloon, and actively undertake the layout and transfer of emerging industries. Promote the coordinated development of the city clusters in the middle reaches of the Yangtze River, accelerate the construction of Wuhan, Changsha, Zhuzhou and Tan metropolitan areas, and create an important growth pole in the country. Consolidate the foundation of food production, continuously improve the overall efficiency and competitiveness of agriculture, and accelerate the development of modern agriculture. Strengthen the mutual protection and joint governance of the ecological environment, and strive to build an ecological safety barrier. Support the joint development of upstream and downstream cooperation in the Huaihe and Hanjiang ecological economic belts. Accelerate the construction of opening-up channels, and build an open platform for inland areas with high standards and high levels. Improve public service security, especially the ability to respond to major emergencies such as public health.

Section 4 Encourage Eastern Regions to Accelerate Modernization

Give full play to the advantages of agglomeration of innovative elements, accelerate breakthroughs in innovation leadership, and promote the eastern region to take the lead in achieving high-quality development. Accelerate the cultivation of world-class advanced manufacturing clusters, lead the development of emerging industries and modern service industries, improve the efficiency of factor output, and take the lead in realizing industrial upgrading. Participate in international economic cooperation and competition at a higher level, create new advantages in opening up, and take the lead in establishing an all-round open economic system. Support Shenzhen to build a pioneering demonstration zone of socialism with Chinese characteristics, Pudong to build a leading zone for socialist modernization, and Zhejiang high-quality development to build a common prosperity demonstration zone. Deeply promote the construction of a comprehensive experimental zone for the conversion of new and old kinetic energy in Shandong.

Section 5 Supporting the development of special types of areas

Promote the revitalization of old revolutionary areas in a coordinated manner, develop characteristic industries based on local conditions, inherit and promote the red culture, support high-quality development demonstrations in the former Central Soviet Area of Jiangxi, Fujian, Guangdong, and promote the green and innovative development of old revolutionary areas such as Shaan-Gan-Ning, Dabie Mountains, Zuojiang, Chuan-Shan, and Yimeng. Promote the comprehensive management of ecologically degraded areas and the protection and restoration of ecologically fragile areas, and support the construction of the Bijie Pilot Area. Promote the construction of sustainable development demonstration zones and transformation innovation pilot zones in resource-based areas, and implement comprehensive treatment of coal mining subsidence areas and independent industrial and mining areas transformation and upgrading projects. Promote the reconstruction of the competitive advantages of the manufacturing industry in the old industrial base, and build a demonstration zone for industrial transformation and upgrading. Improve the forest area infrastructure of state-owned forest farms. Take multiple measures to solve the production and life difficulties of the masses in high-altitude areas. Promote the prosperity of the border and the stability of the border, vigorously improve the production and living conditions in the border areas, improve the border town system, support the construction of border ports, and speed up the construction of border villages and border passages. Promote the innovative development of border trade. Increase precision support for the development of key border areas.

专栏 12 促进边境地区发展工程	
01	边境城镇 完善边境城镇功能，重点支持满洲里、宽甸、珲春、绥芬河、东兴、腾冲、米林、塔城、可克达拉等边境城镇提升承载能力。
02	抵边村庄 完善边境村庄基础设施和公共服务设施，新建抵边新村 200 个左右，实现抵边自然村道路、电力、通信、邮政、广电普遍覆盖。
03	沿边抵边公路 建设集安至桓仁、珲春至圈河、泸水至腾冲、墨脱经察隅至滇藏界、青河经富蕴至阿勒泰、布伦口至红其拉甫、巴里坤至老爷庙、二连浩特至赛罕塔拉等沿边抵边公路。
04	边境机场 建设塔什库尔干、隆子、绥芬河等机场，迁建延吉机场，建设 20 个左右边境通用机场。
05	边境口岸 建设里孜、黑河、同江、黑瞎子岛口岸，改造提升吉隆、樟木、磨憨、霍尔果斯、阿拉山口、满洲里、二连浩特、瑞丽、友谊关、红其拉甫、甘其毛都、策克、吐尔尕特、伊尔克什坦口岸。

Section 6 Improve the regional coordinated development system and mechanism

Establish and improve mechanisms for regional strategic coordination, market integration development, regional cooperation and mutual assistance, and inter-regional benefit compensation, so as to better promote the common development of developed and underdeveloped regions, eastern, central and western regions, and northeastern regions. Improve the level and level of regional cooperation, and support inter-provincial border areas to explore the establishment of a new cooperative mechanism of unified planning, unified management, cooperation and joint construction, and benefit-sharing. Improve the mechanism of financial transfer payment to support underdeveloped areas, gradually realize the equalization of basic public services, and guide the flow of talents to the west and difficult and remote areas. Improve regional cooperation and benefit adjustment mechanisms, support the development of various types of benefit compensation between the upstream and downstream of the river basin, the main grain production area, the main sales area, and the importation of resources, and encourage the exploration of joint construction of parks, enclave economy and other benefit sharing models. Focus on forging a sense of the community of the Chinese nation, increase support for the development of ethnic regions, carry out comprehensive, in-depth and lasting publicity, education and creation of ethnic unity and progress, and promote exchanges and integration of all ethnic groups.

Chapter 33 Actively Expand the Space for Marine Economic Development

Adhere to land and sea coordination, harmony in the sea and people, and win-win cooperation, and coordinate the promotion of marine ecological protection, marine economic development, and the maintenance of marine rights and interests, and accelerate the construction of a maritime power.

Section 1 Building a modern marine industry system

Break through a number of key core technologies in areas such as marine engineering, marine resources, and marine environment. Cultivate and expand marine engineering equipment and marine biomedicine industries, promote desalination and large-scale utilization of marine energy, and improve the level of marine cultural tourism development. Optimize the layout of offshore green aquaculture, build marine pastures, and develop sustainable pelagic fisheries. Build a number of high-quality marine economic development demonstration zones and characteristic marine industrial clusters, and comprehensively improve the development level of the three major marine economic circles in the north, east and south. Supported by the coastal economic belt, deepen maritime cooperation with neighboring countries.

Section 2 Create a sustainable marine ecological environment

Explore the establishment of a comprehensive management system that integrates coastal, river basin, and sea areas. Strictly control sea reclamation, strengthen integrated coastal zone management and coastal wetland protection. Expand the scope of total discharge of pollutants into the sea to ensure the water quality of the sections of rivers that enter the sea. Accelerate the comprehensive management of key sea areas, build a linkage mechanism for prevention and control of pollution in river basins, estuaries and coastal waters, and promote the protection and construction of beautiful bays. Prevent major environmental risks such as marine oil spills and hazardous chemical leaks, and improve the ability to respond to marine natural disasters and emergencies. Improve the coastline protection, the paid use of sea areas and uninhabited islands, explore the coastline construction retreat system and the marine ecological environment damage compensation system, and the natural coastline retention rate shall not be less than 35%.

Section 3 Deep Participation in Global Ocean Governance

Actively develop the blue partnership, deeply participate in the formulation and implementation of international maritime governance mechanisms and related rules, promote the construction of a fair and reasonable international maritime order, and promote the construction of a maritime community with a shared future. Deepen practical cooperation with coastal countries in the fields of marine environmental monitoring and protection, scientific research, and maritime search and rescue, and strengthen the survey and evaluation of deep-sea strategic resources and biodiversity. Participate in pragmatic cooperation in the Arctic to build the "Ice Silk Road". Improve the ability to participate in the protection and utilization of Antarctica. Strengthen situation research and judgment, risk prevention, and legal struggles, strengthen maritime judicial construction, and resolutely safeguard the country's maritime rights and interests. Advance the legislation of the Basic Maritime Law in an orderly manner.

Chapter 10. Develop advanced socialist culture and enhance national cultural soft power

Adhere to the guiding position of Marxism in the ideological field, strengthen cultural self-confidence, adhere to the core values of socialism to lead cultural construction, and focus on the mission and tasks of raising the banner, gathering people's hearts, cultivating newcomers, invigorating culture, and displaying images, and promote meeting the people's cultural needs and Strengthen the unity of the people's spiritual strength and promote the building of a socialist cultural power.

Chapter 34 Improving Social Civilization

Strengthen the construction of socialist spiritual civilization, cultivate and practice socialist core values, and promote the formation of ideological concepts, spiritual outlook, civilized customs, and behavioral norms that meet the requirements of the new era.

The first section promotes the normalization and institutionalization of ideal and belief education

Intensify the study and education of Xi Jinping's new era of socialism with Chinese characteristics, and improve the work system of arming the whole party and educating the people with the party's innovative theories. Establish and improve the system and long-term mechanism of "not forgetting the original intention and keeping in mind the mission", strengthen and improve ideological and political work, continue to carry out publicity and education on socialism with Chinese characteristics and the Chinese dream, and strengthen the history of the party, the history of the new China, the history of reform and opening up, and socialism Develop history education, strengthen education in patriotism, collectivism, and socialism, strengthen research, interpretation, and publicity and education of revolutionary culture, and carry forward the great spirit that the party and the people have formed in various historical periods. Improve the legal policy system that promotes the socialist core values, integrate the requirements of the socialist core values into the construction of the rule of law and social governance, and reflect them in the entire process of national education, the creation of spiritual civilization, and the creation and production of cultural products. Improve the education of ideals and beliefs for young people and grasp the joint management mechanism.

Section 2 Development of Philosophy and Social Sciences with Chinese Characteristics

Strengthen the holistic and systematic research, publication and dissemination, propaganda and interpretation of Xi Jinping's thoughts on socialism with Chinese characteristics in the new era, and promote the Sinicization, modernization, and popularization of Marxism. In-depth implementation of Marxist theoretical research and construction projects, promote the construction of Xi Jinping's Research Center for Socialism with Chinese Characteristics in the New Era, and Research Center for the Theoretical System of Socialism with Chinese Characteristics, and build a learning platform such as "learning to strengthen the country". Construct the disciplinary system, academic system and discourse system of philosophy and social sciences with Chinese characteristics, deepen the implementation of innovation projects in philosophy and social sciences, and strengthen the construction of new-type think tanks with Chinese characteristics.

Section 3 Inheritance and Promotion of Chinese Excellent Traditional Culture

In-depth implementation of the inheritance and development project of Chinese excellent traditional culture, strengthen the systematic protection of important cultural and natural heritage and intangible cultural heritage, and promote the creative transformation and innovative development of Chinese excellent traditional culture. Strengthen the scientific and technological innovation of cultural relics, implement the Chinese project to explore the source of Chinese civilization and archaeology, carry out a census of Chinese cultural resources, strengthen the research and utilization of cultural relics and ancient books, promote the protection of revolutionary cultural relics and red relics, and improve the recovery and return system of lost cultural relics. Build the Great Wall, Grand Canal, Long March, Yellow River and other national cultural parks, and strengthen the protection of world cultural heritage, cultural relics protection units, archaeological site parks, historical and cultural cities, towns and villages. Improve the protection and inheritance system of intangible cultural heritage, and strengthen the protection and inheritance of excellent traditional handicrafts of various ethnic groups.

Section 4 Continue to improve the civilized literacy of citizens

Promote the construction of civic ethics and vigorously develop social ethics, professional ethics, family virtues, and personal ethics. Carry out the publicity and study of national medals, national honorary titles, models of the times, moral models, the most beautiful people, and the good people around them. Carry out the civilization creation project, expand the construction of civilization practice centers in the new era, scientifically standardize the selection and recognition of civilized cities, civilized villages, civilized units, civilized campuses, and civilized families, and deepen the ideological and moral construction of minors. Improve social norms such as citizen conventions, township regulations and civil conventions, student codes, and group constitutions, and establish mechanisms for punishing unethical behaviors. Promote a culture of honesty and build an honest society. Extensively carry out voluntary service and care actions. Advocate hard work, diligence and thrift, and carry out publicity and education on the theme of working to create happiness. Strengthen the construction of network civilization and develop a positive and healthy network culture.

Chapter 35 Improving the level of public cultural services

Persist in the direction of serving the people and serving socialism, adhere to the policy of letting a hundred flowers blossom and a hundred schools of thought contend, strengthen the construction of the public cultural service system and innovation of systems and mechanisms, strengthen the promotion of Chinese culture and cultural exchanges and mutual learning, and better protect the cultural rights and interests of the people.

Section 1 Strengthen the creation, production and dissemination of excellent cultural works

Regarding the improvement of quality as the lifeline of literary and artistic works, and improving the ability of literary and artistic originality. Implement the quality improvement project of literary and artistic works, improve the organization mechanism for the creation and planning of major realities, major revolutions, and major historical themes, strengthen the creation of rural, children and other themes, and continuously introduce literary and artistic works that reflect the new atmosphere of the times and the new creations of the people. Establish and improve the incentive mechanism and evaluation system for the creation and production of cultural products, dissemination guidance, publicity and promotion, and promote the formation of a healthy and clear literature and art ecology. Strengthen the construction of cultural teams, and cultivate famous masters who have created high-level creative talents and both virtue and art.

Section 2 Improve the public cultural service system

Optimize the allocation of urban and rural cultural resources, and promote the integrated construction of urban and rural public cultural service systems. Innovatively implement cultural benefits for the people, enhance the functions of the grassroots comprehensive cultural service center, and extensively carry out mass cultural activities. Promote the free opening and digital development of public cultural venues such as public libraries, cultural centers, art galleries, and museums. Promote the deep integration of media and strengthen the new mainstream media. Improve the emergency broadcasting system and implement smart radio and television edge fixing projects and rural projects. Develop archival career. In-depth promotion of national reading, building a "Science China", and promoting the optimization and upgrading of rural film screenings. Innovate the operating mechanism of public cultural services, and encourage social forces to participate in the supply of public cultural services and the construction and operation of facilities.

Section 3 Enhance the influence of Chinese culture

Strengthen foreign cultural exchanges and multi-level civilized dialogue, innovate to promote international communication, use online and offline to tell Chinese stories, spread Chinese voices, and promote people-to-people bonds. Carry out the activities of "Perceive China", "Reading China", "Audio-visual China", and successfully organize the Chinese Cultural Year (Festival) and Tourism Year (Festival). Build a Chinese language dissemination platform, build a global dissemination system of Chinese language and culture, and an international Chinese education standard system.

Chapter 36 Improving the Modern Cultural Industry System

Insist on putting social benefits first, unifying social benefits and economic benefits, and improving the modern cultural industry system and market system.

Section 1 Expanding the supply of high-quality cultural products

Implement the digital strategy of the cultural industry, accelerate the development of new cultural enterprises, cultural formats, and cultural consumption patterns, and expand industries such as digital creativity, online audiovisual, digital publishing, digital entertainment, and online studios. Accelerate the improvement of ultra-high-definition TV program production and broadcasting capabilities, promote the high-definition transformation of TV channels, and promote applications such as immersive video and cloud broadcasting. Implement the cultural brand strategy to create a group of influential and representative cultural brands. Cultivate key cultural enterprises, standardize the development of cultural industry parks, and promote the construction of regional cultural industry belts. Actively develop foreign cultural trade, open up overseas cultural markets, encourage excellent traditional cultural products and digital cultural products

such as film and television dramas and games to "go global", and strengthen the construction of national cultural export bases.

Section 2 Promote the integrated development of culture and tourism

Insist on using culture to shape tourism and to promote culture to create a unique and charming Chinese cultural tourism experience. Deepen the development of mass tourism and smart tourism, innovate the tourism product system, and improve the tourism consumption experience. Strengthen the integration of regional tourism brands and services, build a number of world-class tourist attractions and resorts with rich cultural heritage, and create a number of national-level tourism and leisure cities and blocks with distinctive cultural characteristics. Promote the innovative development of red tourism, cultural heritage tourism, and tourism performing arts, improve the quality of services such as vacation and leisure, rural tourism, and improve the development policies for cruise ships and low-altitude tourism. Improve the tourism infrastructure and distribution system, promote the revolution of tourist toilets, and strengthen the construction of smart scenic spots. Establish a tourism service quality evaluation system and standardize online tourism operation services.

Section 3 Deepen the reform of the cultural system

Improve the cultural management system and production and operation mechanism, and enhance the efficiency of cultural governance. Improve the management system and mechanism of state-owned cultural assets, deepen the reform of public cultural institutions, and promote the reform of the corporate governance structure of public cultural institutions. We will deepen the classification reform of state-owned cultural enterprises, and advance the reform of state-owned art troupes and theater system reforms. Improve the comprehensive law enforcement system for the cultural market, and formulate laws and regulations in areas such as the protection of minors on the Internet, and information network dissemination, audiovisual, etc.

专栏 13 社会主义文化繁荣发展工程	
01	中国特色社会主义理论出版传播 编辑出版习近平谈治国理政、习近平新时代中国特色社会主义思想学习问答、分领域学习纲要等系列理论读物，编辑出版党史、新中国史、改革开放史、社会主义发展史经典教材，加强海外翻译出版和宣介推广。
02	文艺精品创作 开展精神文明建设“五个一”、舞台艺术、影视精品、优秀剧本、美术创作收藏、重大出版等工程，实施当代文学艺术创作、中华文化新媒体传播、纪录片创作传播、地方戏曲传承发展、网络文艺创作传播等重大项目。
03	全媒体传播和数字文化 推进国家、省、市、县四级融媒体中心（平台）建设。推进国家有线电视网络整合和5G一体化发展。分类采集梳理文化遗产数据，建设国家文化大数据体系。实施出版融合发展工程。
04	文化遗产保护传承 加强安阳殷墟、汉长安城、隋唐洛阳城和重要石窟寺等遗址保护，开展江西汉代海昏侯国、河南仰韶村、良渚古城、石峁、陶寺、三星堆、曲阜鲁国故城等国家考古遗址公园建设。建设20个国家重点区域考古标本库房、30个国家级文化生态保护区和20个国家级非物质文化遗产馆。
05	中华典籍整理出版 整理出版300种中华典籍，组织《永乐大典》、敦煌文献等重点古籍系统性保护整理出版，实施国家古籍数字化工程。推进点校本“二十四史”及清史稿修订等重大出版工程，推进复兴文库建设，启动新编中国通史纂修工程、中华民族交往交流交融史编纂工程。
06	重大文化设施建设 建设中国共产党历史展览馆、中央档案馆新馆、国家版本馆、国家文献储备库、故宫博物院北院区、国家美术馆、国家文化遗产科技创新中心。
07	旅游目的地质量提升 打造海南国际旅游消费中心、粤港澳大湾区世界级旅游目的地、长江国际黄金旅游带、黄河文化旅游带、杭黄自然生态和文化旅游廊道、巴蜀文化旅游走廊、桂林国际旅游胜地，健全游客服务、停车及充电、交通、流量监测管理设施。

Chapter 11 Promote green development and promote harmonious coexistence between man and nature

Adhere to the concept that green waters and green mountains are golden mountains and silver mountains, adhere to respect for nature, conform to nature, and protect nature, adhere to saving priority, protection priority, and natural restoration, implement sustainable development strategies, improve ecological civilization field coordination mechanisms, and build an ecological civilization system, To promote a comprehensive green transformation of economic and social development and build a beautiful China.

Chapter 37 Improve Ecosystem Quality and Stability

Persist in the management of landscapes, forests, fields, lakes and grasses, focus on improving the self-repair capacity and stability of the ecosystem, guard the boundaries of natural ecological security, and promote the overall improvement of the quality of natural ecosystems.

Section 1 Improve the ecological safety barrier system

Strengthen land and space planning and use control, delineate and implement ecological protection red lines, permanent basic farmland, urban development boundaries, and various sea area protection lines. Focusing on national key ecological function areas, ecological protection red lines, national nature reserves, etc., implement major ecological system protection and restoration major projects, and accelerate the advancement of the Qinghai-Tibet Plateau ecological barrier area, the Yellow River key ecological area, the Yangtze River key ecological area, and the forests in Northeast China The construction of ecological barriers such as belts, sand prevention belts in the north, hilly and mountainous areas in the south, and coastal belts. Strengthen the ecological protection and management of the Yangtze River, the Yellow River and other major rivers and

important lakes and wetlands, and strengthen the construction and protection of important ecological corridors. The protection of natural forests and wetlands has been comprehensively strengthened, and the protection rate of wetlands has increased to 55%. Scientifically promote the comprehensive management of soil erosion, desertification and rocky desertification, carry out large-scale land greening operations, and implement the forest head system. Scientifically carry out artificial weather modification activities. Promote the recuperation of grasslands, forests, rivers and lakes, improve the cropland fallow rotation system, and consolidate the results of returning farmland to forests and grasslands, returning fields to lakes and wetlands, and returning beaches and seas.

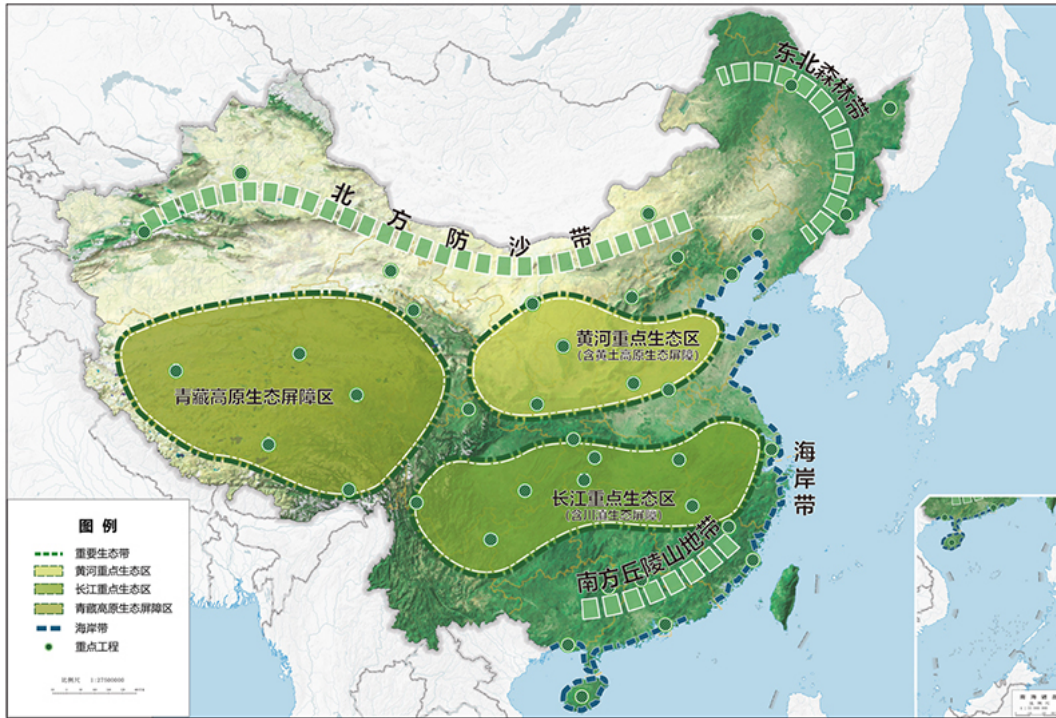


图 7 重要生态系统保护和修复重大工程布局示意图

Section 2 Construction of the Natural Reserve System

Scientifically delineate the protection scope and functional zoning of nature reserves, accelerate the integration and optimization of various types of protected areas, and build a system of nature protected areas with national parks as the main body, nature reserves as the foundation, and various natural parks as supplements. Strictly control non-ecological activities within the scope of nature reserves, and steadily promote the orderly withdrawal of residents, arable land, and mining rights in the core area. Improve the management system and operating mechanism of national parks, and integrate a number of national parks. Implement major biodiversity protection projects, build a biodiversity protection network, strengthen the protection and restoration of national key protection and rare and endangered wild animals and plants and their habitats, and strengthen the management and control of exotic species. Improve ecological protection and restoration of land and sea policies. Improve the supervision system of nature reserves and ecological protection red lines, and carry out monitoring and evaluation of the effectiveness of ecosystem protection.

Section 3 Improve Ecological Protection Compensation Mechanism

Increase transfer payments for key ecological function areas, important water system source areas, and nature reserves, and encourage beneficiary areas, protected areas, and upstream and downstream river basins to carry out horizontal ecological compensation through various forms such as financial compensation and industrial support. Improve market-oriented diversified ecological compensation, and encourage all types of social capital to participate in ecological protection and restoration. Improve the ecological compensation system for forests, grasslands and wetlands. Promote the establishment of a basin-wide ecological compensation mechanism in important river basins such as the Yangtze River and the Yellow River. Establish a mechanism for

realizing the value of ecological products, and carry out pilot projects in the Yangtze River Basin and the Three Rivers Source National Park. Formulate and implement ecological protection compensation regulations.

专栏 14 重要生态系统保护和修复工程	
01	青藏高原生态屏障区 以三江源、祁连山、若尔盖、甘南黄河重要水源补给区等为重点，加强原生地带性植被、珍稀物种及其栖息地保护，新增沙化土地治理 100 万公顷、退化草原治理 320 万公顷，沙化土地封禁保护 20 万公顷。
02	黄河重点生态区（含黄土高原生态屏障） 以黄土高原、秦岭、贺兰山等为重点，加强“三化”草场治理和水土流失综合治理，保护修复黄河三角洲等湿地，保护修复林草植被 80 万公顷，新增水土流失治理 200 万公顷、沙化土地治理 80 万公顷。
03	长江重点生态区（含川滇生态屏障） 以横断山区、岩溶石漠化区、三峡库区、洞庭湖、鄱阳湖等为重点，开展森林质量精准提升、河湖湿地修复、石漠化综合治理等，加强珍稀濒危野生动植物保护恢复，完成营造林 110 万公顷，新增水土流失治理 500 万公顷、石漠化治理 100 万公顷。
04	东北森林带 以大小兴安岭、长白山及三江平原、松嫩平原重要湿地等为重点，实施天然林保护修复，保护重点沼泽湿地和珍稀候鸟迁徙地，培育天然林后备资源 70 万公顷，新增退化草原治理 30 万公顷。
05	北方防沙带 以内蒙古高原、河西走廊、塔里木河流域、京津冀地区等为重点，推进防护林体系建设及退化林修复、退化草原修复、京津风沙源治理等，完成营造林 220 万公顷，新增沙化土地治理 750 万公顷、退化草原治理 270 万公顷。
06	南方丘陵山地带 以南岭山地、武夷山区、湘桂岩溶石漠化区等为重点，实施森林质量精准提升行动，推进水土流失和石漠化综合治理，加强河湖生态保护修复，保护濒危物种及其栖息地，营造防护林 9 万公顷，新增石漠化治理 30 万公顷。
07	海岸带 以黄渤海、长三角、粤闽浙沿海、粤港澳大湾区、海南岛、北部湾等为重点，全面保护自然岸线，整治修复岸线长度 400 公里、滨海湿地 2 万公顷，营造防护林 11 万公顷。
08	自然保护地及野生动植物保护 推进三江源、东北虎豹、大熊猫和海南热带雨林等国家公园建设，新整合设立秦岭、黄河口等国家公园。建设珍稀濒危野生动植物基因保存库、救护繁育场所，专项拯救 48 种极度濒危野生动物和 50 种极小种群植物。

Chapter 38 Continuous Improvement of Environmental Quality

Intensify the fight against pollution, establish a sound environmental governance system, promote accurate, scientific, legal, and systematic pollution control, coordinate pollution and carbon reduction, continuously improve the air and water environment quality, and effectively control soil pollution risks.

Section 1 In-depth implementation of pollution prevention and control actions

Adhere to the prevention and control at the source, comprehensive policy implementation, and strengthen the coordinated control of multiple pollutants and coordinated regional governance. Strengthen the management of urban air quality standards, promote the coordinated control of fine particulate matter ($PM_{2.5}$) and ozone (O_3), reduce the $PM_{2.5}$ concentration of cities at prefecture-level and above by 10%, effectively curb the increasing trend of O_3 concentration, and basically eliminate heavy pollution weather. Continue to improve the air quality in the Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei region and surrounding areas, the Fenwei Plain, and the Yangtze River Delta, promote clean heating, industrial kiln treatment, and ultra-low emission transformation of non-electric industries in the north according to local conditions, and accelerate the comprehensive regulation of volatile

organic emissions, and nitrogen oxides. And the total emissions of volatile organic compounds were reduced by more than 10%. Improve the water pollution prevention and control basin coordination mechanism, strengthen the comprehensive management of key river basins, key lakes, urban water bodies and coastal waters, promote the protection and construction of beautiful rivers and lakes, reduce chemical oxygen demand and total ammonia nitrogen emissions by 8% respectively, and basically eliminate inferiority V. Such state-controlled sections and urban black and smelly water bodies. Carry out the standardized construction of urban drinking water sources, and promote the relocation and transformation of heavily polluting enterprises in key river basins. Promote the management, control and restoration of contaminated farmland and construction land, and implement coordinated prevention and control of water and soil environmental risks. Strengthen the prevention and control of plastic pollution throughout the chain. Strengthen environmental noise pollution control. Pay attention to the treatment of new pollutants.

Section 2 Comprehensively improve the level of environmental infrastructure

Build an environmental infrastructure system that integrates sewage, garbage, solid waste, hazardous waste, medical waste treatment and disposal facilities, and monitoring and supervision capabilities, and form an environmental infrastructure network that extends from cities to organized towns and villages. Promote the full coverage of urban sewage pipe network, carry out differentiated and accurate upgrading of sewage treatment, promote centralized incineration and harmless treatment of sludge, reach 90% of the harmless treatment rate of urban sludge, and use water-deficient urban sewage at prefecture level and above. The rate exceeds 25%. Build a domestic waste treatment system for classified release, classified collection, classified transportation, and classified treatment. Layout of hazardous waste centralized utilization and disposal facilities focusing on major industrial bases. Accelerate the construction of centralized medical waste treatment facilities at prefecture-level and above, and improve the county-level medical waste collection, transfer and disposal system.

Section 3 Strictly Prevent and Control Environmental Risks

Establish and improve key risk source assessment, early warning and emergency response mechanisms. Comprehensively rectify the illegal storage of solid waste, and improve the supervision and risk prevention capabilities of hazardous waste. Strengthen the monitoring and early warning of heavy metal pollution in key regions and key industries. Improve the environmental risk management system for toxic and hazardous chemical substances, and complete the relocation and transformation of hazardous chemical production enterprises in key areas. Strictly supervise nuclear and radiation safety, and promote the prevention and control of radioactive pollution. Establish a post-eco-environmental emergency assessment mechanism and a public health impact assessment system. Implement compulsory liability insurance for environmental pollution in high-risk areas.

Section 4 Actively respond to climate change

Implement the nationally determined contribution target for climate change in 2030, and formulate an action plan for peaking carbon emissions before 2030. Improve the dual control system of total energy consumption and intensity, and focus on controlling fossil energy consumption. Implement a system with carbon intensity control as the mainstay and total carbon emission control as a supplement to support qualified localities, key industries, and key enterprises to take the lead in reaching the peak of carbon emissions. Promote clean, low-carbon, safe and efficient use of energy, and deepen the low-carbon transformation of industries, construction, and transportation. Increase the control of other greenhouse gases such as methane, hydrofluorocarbons, and perfluorocarbons. Improve the carbon sink capacity of the ecosystem. Anchor efforts to achieve carbon neutrality by 2060 and adopt more powerful policies and measures. Strengthen the observation and assessment of the impact of global warming on my country's vulnerable regions, and improve the ability of urban and rural construction, agricultural production, and infrastructure to adapt to climate change. Strengthen the comprehensive scientific investigation and research of the Qinghai-Tibet Plateau. Adhere to the principles of fairness, common but differentiated responsibilities and respective capabilities, constructively participate in and lead international cooperation on climate change, promote the implementation of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and its Paris Agreement, and actively carry out South-South cooperation on climate change.

Section 5 Improve the modern environmental governance system

Establish an ecological environment management system that integrates above and below ground, land and sea. Fully implement the pollution discharge permit system, realize the issuance of pollution discharge permits for all fixed pollution sources, promote the discharge of industrial pollution sources within a specified time limit, and promote the market-oriented trading of pollution rights, energy use rights, water rights, and carbon emission rights. Improve the management of binding indicators for environmental protection, energy conservation and emission reduction. Improve the management and protection mechanism of rivers and lakes, and strengthen the system of river chiefs and lake chiefs. Strengthen the outgoing audit of natural resource assets of leading cadres. Improve the central supervision system for ecological and environmental protection. Improve the vertical management system for monitoring, supervision and law enforcement of ecological environment agencies below the province, promote the reform of comprehensive law enforcement for ecological environmental protection, and improve the ecological environment public interest litigation system. Increase environmental protection information disclosure, strengthen the establishment of corporate environmental governance responsibility systems, improve public supervision and reporting and feedback mechanisms, and guide social organizations and the public to participate in environmental governance.

Chapter 39 Accelerating the Green Transformation of Development Mode

Adhere to ecological priority and green development, promote total resource management, scientific allocation, comprehensive conservation, and recycling, and coordinate to promote high-quality economic development and high-level protection of the ecological environment.

Section 1 Improve the efficiency of resource utilization in an all-round way

Adhere to the priority policy of energy conservation, deepen energy conservation in industries, buildings, transportation and other fields and public institutions, promote the improvement of energy efficiency in emerging fields such as 5G and big data centers, strengthen energy conservation management of key energy-consuming units, and implement energy system optimization, energy-saving technological transformation and other key projects. Speed up the formulation and revision of mandatory national standards for energy consumption quotas and product and equipment energy efficiency. Implementing national water-saving actions, establishing a rigid water resource constraint system, strengthening agricultural water-saving efficiency, industrial water-saving and emission reduction, and urban water-saving and loss reduction, encouraging the use of recycled water, and reducing water consumption per unit of GDP by about 16%. Strengthen land conservation and intensive use, increase the disposal of approved and unsupplied and idle land, revitalize low-utility land in cities and towns, support the recovery and utilization of abandoned industrial and mining land, improve the supporting policies for land compound utilization and three-dimensional development, and control the scale of newly added construction land to 29.5 million mu. Within, promote the steady decline in the area of construction land used per unit of GDP. Improve the level of mineral resources development and protection, develop green mining, and build green mines.

Section 2 Build a resource recycling system

Fully implement the concept of circular economy and build a multi-level resource efficient recycling system. Deeply promote the circular transformation of the park, complement and extend the industrial chain, and promote the cascade utilization of energy resources, the recycling of waste, and the centralized disposal of pollutants. Strengthen the comprehensive utilization of bulk solid waste and standardize the development of the remanufacturing industry. Accelerate the development of circular agriculture that combines planting and breeding. Strengthen the planning and construction of waste materials recycling facilities, and improve the recycling and sorting system of urban waste materials. Promote production enterprises' "reverse recycling" and other models, establish and improve a resource recycling system that integrates online and offline and has a controllable flow. Expand the coverage of the extended producer responsibility system. Promote the reduction, standardization and recycling of express packaging.

Section 3 Vigorously develop green economy

Resolutely curb the blind development of high-energy-consuming and high-emission projects, and promote green transformation to achieve positive development. Strengthen energy conservation and environmental protection, clean production, clean energy, ecological environment, green infrastructure upgrades, green services and other industries, and promote contract energy management, contract water-saving management, and third-party environmental pollution management service models. Promote the clean and efficient use of fossil energy such as coal, promote the green transformation of industries such as steel, petrochemical, and building materials, and speed up the transportation of bulk cargo and medium- and long-distance cargo to "return to iron" and "return to water". Promote the electrification of urban public transport and logistics distribution vehicles. Build a market-oriented green technology innovation system, implement green technology innovation research actions, and launch benchmarking actions to improve resource efficiency in key industries and key products. Establish a unified green product standard, certification, and identification system, and improve the promotion mechanism of energy-saving home appliances, high-efficiency lighting products, and water-saving appliances. Carry out in-depth actions to create a green life.

Section 4 Building a Green Development Policy System

Strengthen legal and policy guarantees for green development. Implement tax policies that are conducive to energy conservation, environmental protection, and comprehensive utilization of resources. Vigorously develop green finance. Improve the system for the paid use of natural resources, and innovate and improve the price formation mechanism for natural resources, sewage and garbage treatment, and water and energy use. Promote the reform of the energy-saving review, energy-saving supervision, and management system reform of key energy-consuming units for fixed asset investment projects. Improve the energy and water efficiency "leader" system. Strengthen water quota management for high water consumption industries. Deepen the construction of ecological civilization experimental areas. Deeply promote the construction of a comprehensive supporting reform pilot zone for the transformation of the national resource-based economy in Shanxi and a comprehensive reform pilot for the energy revolution.

专栏 15 环境保护和资源节约工程	
01 大气污染物减排	实施 8.5 亿吨水泥熟料、4.6 亿吨焦化产能和 4000 台左右有色行业炉窑清洁生产改造，完成 5.3 亿吨钢铁产能超低排放改造，开展石化、化工、涂装、医药、包装印刷等重点行业挥发性有机物治理改造，推进大气污染防治重点区域散煤清零。
02 水污染防治和水生态修复	巩固地级及以上城市黑臭水体治理成效，推进 363 个县级城市建成区 1500 段黑臭水体综合治理。加强太湖、巢湖、滇池、丹江口水库、洱海、白洋淀、鄱阳湖、洞庭湖、查干湖、乌梁素海等重点湖库污染防治和生态修复，实施永定河、木兰溪等综合治理，加快华北地区及其他重点区域地下水超采综合治理和黄河河口综合治理。
03 土壤污染防治与安全利用	在土壤污染面积较大的 100 个县推进农用地安全利用示范。以化工、有色金属行业为重点，实施 100 个土壤污染源头管控项目。
04 城镇污水垃圾处理设施	新增和改造污水收集管网 8 万公里，新增污水处理能力 2000 万立方米/日。加快垃圾焚烧设施建设，城市生活垃圾日清运量超过 300 吨地区实现原生垃圾零填埋，开展小型生活垃圾焚烧设施建设试点。
05 医废危废处置和固废综合利用	补齐医疗废弃物处置设施短板，建设国家和 6 个区域性危废风险防控技术中心、20 个区域性特殊危废集中处置中心。以尾矿和共伴生矿、煤矸石、粉煤灰、建筑垃圾等为重点，开展 100 个大宗固体废弃物综合利用示范。
06 资源节约利用	实施重大节能低碳技术产业化示范工程，开展近零能耗建筑、近零碳排放、碳捕集利用与封存（CCUS）等重大项目示范。开展 60 个大中城市废旧物资循环利用体系建设。

Chapter 12. Implementing a high-level opening to the outside world, opening up a new situation of win-win cooperation

Persist in opening wider, wider areas, and deeper levels, relying on my country's super-large market advantages, promote international cooperation, achieve mutual benefit and win-win, promote the joint construction of the "Belt and Road", and promote the establishment of a community with a shared future for mankind.

Chapter 40: Building a new higher-level open economic system

We will comprehensively improve the level of opening to the outside world, promote the liberalization and facilitation of trade and investment, continue to deepen the opening of commodity and factor flows, and steadily expand the opening of rules, regulations, management, and standards.

Section 1 Accelerate the advancement of institutional opening

Construct an institutional system and a regulatory model that are in line with internationally accepted rules. Improve the pre-access national treatment plus negative list management system for foreign investment, further reduce the negative list for foreign investment access, implement post-access national treatment, and promote fair competition between domestic and foreign companies. Establish and improve the negative list management system for cross-border service trade, and improve the technology trade promotion system. We will steadily advance the opening of banking, securities, insurance, funds, futures and other financial sectors, deepen the interconnection of domestic and foreign capital markets, and improve the system for qualified foreign investors. We will steadily promote the internationalization of the renminbi, adhere to market-driven and independent choices of enterprises, and create a new type of mutually beneficial cooperation based on the free use of renminbi. Improve the management services of entry and exit, customs, foreign exchange, taxation and other links.

Section 2 Enhance the functions of the open platform

Coordinate and promote the construction of various open platforms, and create a new open highland with a higher level of openness, a better business environment, and a stronger radiation effect. Improve the layout of the free trade pilot zone, give it greater reform autonomy, deepen the exploration of innovative, integrated, and differentiated reforms, and actively copy and promote the achievements of system innovation. Steadily promote the construction of Hainan Free Trade Port, promote trade liberalization and facilitation in the direction of "zero tariff" in goods trade and "access and operation" in service trade, greatly relax market access, and fully implement the "minimalist approval" investment system. To carry out cross-border securities investment and financing reform pilots and cross-border data transmission safety management pilots, implement more open policies on talents, entry-exit, transportation, etc., formulate and promulgate the Hainan Free Trade Port Law, and initially establish a free trade port policy and system with Chinese characteristics. Innovatively upgrade national new districts and development zones, promote the high-level opening of comprehensive bonded zones, improve the functions of key development and opening pilot zones along the border, border economic cooperation zones, and cross-border economic cooperation zones, and support the construction of inland open economic pilot zones in Ningxia, Guizhou, and Jiangxi.

Section 3 Optimize the regional opening layout

Encourage all localities to expand opening up based on their comparative advantages, strengthen inter-regional open linkage, and build an open pattern featuring land, sea, domestic and foreign linkages, and east-west mutual assistance. Consolidate the leading position in the opening up of the eastern coastal areas and super-large cities, and take the lead in promoting all-round high-level opening up. Accelerate the opening up of the central, western and northeastern regions, support the transfer of domestic and foreign industries, cultivate important global processing and manufacturing bases and new growth poles, study the establishment of national first-class ports in inland areas, and promote inland areas to become the frontier of opening. Promote the development and opening up of the border with high-quality development, accelerate the innovative development of border trade, and better play the role of key ports and border cities for internal and external communication. Support Guangxi's construction of an open and cooperative highland facing ASEAN, and Yunnan's construction of a radial center that is open to South Asia, Southeast Asia and the Indian Ocean rim.

Section 4 Improve the Open Security Guarantee System

Build a supervision and risk prevention and control system that matches a higher level of openness. Improve the early warning system for industrial damage, enrich policy tools such as trade adjustment assistance and trade remedies, and properly respond to economic and trade frictions. Improve foreign investment national security review, anti-monopoly review, national technology security list management, unreliable entity list and other systems. Establish a global supply chain risk warning system for important resources and products, and strengthen international supply chain guarantee cooperation. Strengthen the monitoring of international payments, maintain the basic balance of international payments and the basic stability of foreign exchange reserves. Strengthen the monitoring of external assets and liabilities, and establish and improve a full-scale external debt supervision system. Improve the classification and hierarchical supervision system for overseas investment. Build an overseas interest protection and risk early warning and prevention system. Optimize and upgrade the infrastructure guarantee capabilities of diplomatic institutions abroad, improve the consular protection work system and mechanism, and safeguard the security and legitimate rights and interests of overseas Chinese citizens and institutions.

Chapter 41 Promoting the high-quality development of the "Belt and Road" joint construction

Adhere to the principle of extensive consultation, joint contribution and shared benefits, uphold the concept of green, open, and clean, deepen pragmatic cooperation, strengthen security guarantees, and promote common development.

Section 1 Strengthen the docking of development strategies and policies

Promote the integration of strategies, plans, and mechanisms, and strengthen the connectivity of policies, rules, and standards. Innovate connection methods, promote the implementation of signed documents, promote the signing of investment protection agreements and double taxation agreements with more countries, strengthen cooperation in customs, taxation, and supervision, and promote the implementation of higher-level customs clearance integration. Expand the areas of rule connection, and strengthen cooperation in the areas of financing, trade, energy, digital information, and agriculture. Promote the effective connection and synergy between the "Belt and Road" initiative and regional and international development agendas.

Section 2 Promoting Infrastructure Interconnection

Promote the four-in-one connectivity of land, sea and sky network, with the basic framework of "six corridors, six roads, multiple countries and multiple ports", construct economic corridors such as the New Eurasian Continental Bridge as the lead, and take the China-Europe Express, the new land-sea corridor and other major corridors and information highways as the leading The framework, an interconnection network based on railways, ports, pipe networks, etc., will create a new channel for international land-sea trade. Focus on key channels and key cities, promote the construction of major cooperation projects in an orderly manner, and integrate high-quality, sustainable, risk-resistant, reasonable price, inclusive and accessible goals into the whole process of project construction. Improve the quality of China-Europe freight trains and promote the formulation of international land transport trade rules. Expand the influence of the "Silk Road Shipping" brand. Promote the construction of the core areas of the "Belt and Road" in Fujian and Xinjiang. Promote the construction of the "Belt and Road" spatial information corridor. Build the "Air Silk Road".

Section 3 Deepen practical cooperation in economic, trade and investment

Promote the optimization and upgrading of trade and investment cooperation with countries under the "Belt and Road" initiative, and actively develop Silk Road e-commerce. Deepen international production capacity cooperation, expand third-party market cooperation, build a mutually beneficial and win-win industrial chain supply chain cooperation system, and expand two-way trade and investment. Adhere to the company as the main body, market-oriented, follow international practices and the principle of debt sustainability, and improve the diversified investment and financing system. Innovate the financing cooperation framework, and give full play to the role of special loans and the Silk Road Fund for the joint construction of the "Belt and Road" initiative. Establish and improve the "Belt and Road" financial cooperation network, promote the interconnection of financial infrastructure, and support multilateral and national financial institutions to participate in investment and financing. Improve the "Belt and Road" risk prevention and control and safety guarantee system, strengthen legal service guarantee, and effectively prevent and resolve various risks.

Section 4 Build a bridge of mutual learning and mutual learning among civilizations

Deepen humanities cooperation in the fields of public health, digital economy, green development, science and technology education, culture and art, strengthen exchanges between parliaments, political parties, and non-governmental organizations, intensify exchanges between women, young people, and the disabled, and form a diversified and interactive humanities exchange pattern. Promote the implementation of the "Belt and Road" scientific and technological innovation action plan, and build the Digital Silk Road and the Innovative Silk Road. Strengthen exchanges and cooperation in response to climate change, maritime cooperation, wildlife protection, and desertification prevention and control, and promote the construction of a green silk road. Actively carry out cooperation in medical and health and infectious disease prevention and control with countries co-constructing the "Belt and Road" to build a healthy Silk Road.

Chapter 42 Actively Participate in the Reform and Construction of the Global Governance System

Hold high the banner of peace, development, cooperation, and win-win, adhere to an independent foreign policy of peace, promote the construction of a new type of international relations, and promote the development of the global governance system in a more just and reasonable direction.

Section 1 Maintain and improve the multilateral economic governance mechanism

Maintain the multilateral trading system, actively participate in the reform of the World Trade Organization, and resolutely safeguard the status of developing members. Promote the G20 and others to play the role of international economic cooperation, constructively participate in the economic governance cooperation of APEC, BRICS and other mechanisms, and put forward more Chinese initiatives and Chinese plans. Promote the deepening of governance reforms of major multilateral financial institutions, support the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank and the New Development Bank to better play their roles, and improve their ability to participate in international financial governance. Promote the communication and coordination of international macroeconomic policies, build an international cooperation platform, and jointly maintain the stability and smoothness of the global industrial chain and supply chain, the stability of the global financial market, and work together to promote world economic growth. Promote the formulation of economic governance rules in emerging fields.

Section 2 Building a high-standard free trade zone network

Implement the free trade zone promotion strategy and build a global high-standard free trade zone network. Optimize the layout of the free trade zone, promote the implementation of the regional comprehensive economic partnership agreement, accelerate the negotiation process of the China-Japan-Korea free trade agreement, and steadily promote the construction of the Asia-Pacific free trade zone. Improve the level of free trade zone construction, actively consider joining the Comprehensive and Progressive Trans-Pacific Partnership Agreement, and promote the signing of more high-standard free trade agreements and regional trade agreements.

Section 3 Actively create a good external environment

Actively develop global partnerships, promote coordination and cooperation among major powers, deepen relations with neighboring countries, and strengthen solidarity and cooperation with developing countries. Adhere to the principles of multilateralism and extensive consultation, joint contribution and shared benefits, safeguard the international system with the United Nations as the core and the international order based on international law, and jointly respond to global challenges. Actively participate in international cooperation in the prevention and control of major infectious diseases, and promote the construction of a human health community. Deepen the reform of the foreign aid system and mechanism, optimize the layout of foreign aid, provide assistance within its capacity to developing countries, especially the least developed countries, and strengthen medical and health, science and technology education, green development, poverty reduction, human resource development, emergency humanitarianism and other fields Cooperation and assistance. Actively implement the United Nations 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

Chapter Thirteen Improving the Quality of the People and Promoting the All-round Development

Put the improvement of the quality of the people in a prominent position, build a high-quality education system and an all-round full-cycle health system, optimize the population structure, expand the population quality dividend, and improve the level of human capital and the overall development ability of people.

Chapter 43 Building a high-quality education system

Fully implement the party's educational policy, insist on giving priority to the development of education, insist on cultivating people with morality, enhance students' civilized literacy, sense of social responsibility, and practical skills, and cultivate socialist builders and successors with comprehensive development of moral, intellectual, physical, and artistic.

Section 1 Promoting the equalization of basic public education

Consolidate the basic and balanced results of compulsory education, improve school-running standards, and promote the high-quality and balanced development of compulsory education and the integration of urban and rural areas. Speed up the expansion of urban schools and ensure that the children of the rural migrant population have equal access to basic public education services. Improve the conditions of small-scale rural schools and township boarding schools, strengthen the construction of rural teachers, improve the quality and ability of rural teachers, improve the care system for left-behind children, and consolidate the results of compulsory education to control dropouts. Consolidate and improve the level of popularization of high school

education, encourage the diversified development of high school schools, and increase the gross enrollment rate of high school education to over 92%. Standardize off-campus training. Improve inclusive preschool education, special education, and special education guarantee mechanisms, and increase the gross enrollment rate of preschool education to over 90%. Improve the quality and level of education in ethnic areas, and increase the promotion of the national common language.

Section 2 Enhance the adaptability of vocational and technical education

Highlight the characteristics of vocational and technical (technical) education types, deepen reform and innovation, optimize structure and layout, and vigorously cultivate technical and skilled personnel. Improve the national standards of vocational and technical education, and implement the system of "academic certificate + vocational skill level certificate". Innovate the school-running model, deepen the integration of production and education, school-enterprise cooperation, encourage enterprises to hold high-quality vocational and technical education, and explore the apprenticeship system with Chinese characteristics. Implement the modern vocational and technical education quality improvement plan, build a number of high-level vocational and technical colleges and majors, and steadily develop vocational undergraduate education. Deepen vocational universal integration, and realize mutual recognition and vertical mobility between vocational and technical education and general education.

Section 3 Improving the Quality of Higher Education

Promote the classified management of higher education and the comprehensive reform of higher education institutions, build a more diversified higher education system, and increase the gross enrollment rate of higher education to 60%. Classify the construction of first-class universities and first-class disciplines, and support the development of high-level research universities. Build high-quality undergraduate education, and promote the transformation of some ordinary undergraduate colleges and universities to application-oriented. Establish a dynamic adjustment mechanism for disciplines and a special development guidance mechanism, enhance the pertinence of the setting of disciplines in colleges and universities, promote the reform of the training model for high-level talents in basic disciplines, and accelerate the training of talents in shortage of science, engineering, agriculture and medicine. Strengthen the management of postgraduate training, improve the quality of postgraduate education, and steadily expand the scale of professional degree postgraduates. Optimize the distribution of regional higher education resources and promote the revitalization of higher education in the central and western regions.

Section 4 Building a contingent of high-quality professional teachers

Establish a high-level modern teacher education system, strengthen the construction of teacher ethics and style, improve teacher management and development policy systems, and improve teachers' ability to teach and educate. Focus on the construction of a batch of teacher education bases, support high-level comprehensive universities to carry out teacher education, improve the publicly funded education system for normal students, and promote the reform of teacher qualifications for postgraduate education and publicly funded normal students. Support high-level engineering universities to hold vocational and technical teachers' majors, and establish a mechanism for jointly cultivating "double-qualified" teachers by institutions of higher learning, vocational schools, and industry enterprises. Deepen the comprehensive reform of the management of teachers in primary and secondary schools and kindergartens, coordinate the allocation of teachers and cross-regional adjustments, promote the management reform of "county-managed school employment" for compulsory education teachers, and appropriately increase the proportion of middle and senior teachers.

Section 5 Deepen Education Reform

Deepen the reform of education evaluation in the new era, establish and improve education evaluation systems and mechanisms, develop quality education, and pay more attention to the cultivation of students' patriotism, innovative spirit and healthy personality. Adhere to the principle of public welfare in education, increase investment in education funds, reform and improve the management system for the use of funds, and improve the efficiency of the use of funds. Implement and expand the school's autonomy in running schools, improve the school's internal governance structure, and guide the society to participate in school governance

in an orderly manner. Deepen the comprehensive reform of examination enrollment. Support and standardize the development of private education, and carry out high-level Sino-foreign cooperation in running schools. Give full play to the advantages of online education, improve the lifelong learning system, and build a learning society. Promote open educational resources for high-level universities, improve registration learning and flexible learning systems, and smooth channels for mutual recognition and conversion of different types of learning achievements.

专栏 16 教育提质扩容工程	
01 普惠性幼儿园	以人口集中流入地、农村地区和“三区三州”为重点，新建、改扩建2万所幼儿园，增加普惠学位400万个以上。
02 基础教育	以教育基础薄弱县和人口流入地为重点，新建、改扩建中小学校4000所以上。在边境县（团场）建设100所“国门学校”。
03 职业技术教育	支持建设200所以上高水平高职学校和600个以上高水平专业，支持建设一批优秀中职学校和优质专业。
04 高等教育	加强“双一流”建设高校基础研究和协同创新能力建设，提升100所中西部本科高校办学条件，布局建设一批高水平公共卫生学院和高水平师范院校。
05 产教融合平台	围绕集成电路、人工智能、工业互联网、储能等重点领域，布局建设一批国家产教融合创新平台和研究生联合培养基地。建设100个高水平、专业化、开放型产教融合实训基地。

Chapter 44 Promoting the Construction of a Healthy China in an All-round Way

Put the protection of the people's health in the strategic position of priority development, adhere to the policy of prevention first, in-depth implementation of the Healthy China Action, improve the national health promotion policy, weave a national public health protection net, and provide the people with comprehensive life-cycle health services.

Section 1 Building a strong public health system

Reform the disease prevention and control system and strengthen the functions of monitoring and early warning, risk assessment, epidemiological investigation, inspection and testing, and emergency response. Establish a stable investment mechanism for public health undertakings, improve basic conditions for disease control, and strengthen the grassroots public health system. Implement public health responsibilities of medical institutions, and innovate medical and prevention coordination mechanisms. Improve the monitoring and early warning and handling mechanisms for public health emergencies, strengthen the construction of laboratory testing networks, improve the medical treatment, scientific and technological support, and material guarantee systems, and improve the ability to respond to public health emergencies. Establish a hierarchical, hierarchical and shunt infectious disease treatment network, establish a sound and unified national public health emergency material reserve system, and set up interfaces for epidemic prevention and transformation in large public buildings. Establish a strong line of defense against epidemics at ports. Strengthen the construction of the School of Public Health and the talent team. Improve public health service projects, expand the national immunization program, and strengthen chronic disease prevention, early screening and comprehensive intervention. Improve the mental health and mental health service system.

Section 2 Deepen the reform of the medical and health system

Adhere to the public welfare attributes of basic medical and health undertakings, take the improvement of medical quality and efficiency as the guide, take public medical institutions as the main body and non-public medical institutions as supplements, and expand the supply of medical service resources. Strengthen the construction of public hospitals, accelerate the establishment of a modern hospital management system, and in-depth advance the reform of governance structure, personnel remuneration, staffing management and performance

appraisal. Accelerate the expansion of high-quality medical resources and the balanced distribution of regions, and build national medical centers and regional medical centers. Strengthen the construction of grassroots medical and health teams, focusing on urban communities and rural grassroots, border port cities, and county-level hospitals, and improve the urban and rural medical service network. Speed up the construction of a hierarchical diagnosis and treatment system, and actively develop medical consortia. Strengthen the organic connection of prevention, treatment, nursing and rehabilitation. Promote the reform of the centralized procurement and use of drugs and consumables organized by the state, and develop high-end medical equipment. Improve the rapid review and approval mechanisms for innovative drugs, vaccines, and medical devices, speed up the review and approval of drugs and medical devices that are urgently needed for clinical and rare diseases, and promote the listing of new drugs and medical devices that are urgently needed overseas in the country as soon as possible. Improve the quality and scale of training of medical staff, expand the scale of shortage of pediatrics, general medicine, etc., and increase the number of registered nurses per 1,000 population to 3.8. Implement regional registration of physicians and promote multi-institution practice of physicians. Steadily expand the coverage of contracted services of urban and rural family doctors and improve the quality of contracted services. Support the society to run doctors and encourage experienced practicing doctors to open clinics.

Section 3 Improving the universal medical insurance system

Improve the stable and sustainable financing and benefit adjustment mechanism of basic medical insurance, improve the medical insurance payment and participation policy, and implement the medical insurance benefit list system. We will implement the overall planning of basic medical insurance at the municipal level and promote the overall planning at the provincial level. Improve the basic medical insurance outpatient mutual aid guarantee mechanism, and improve the medical insurance and assistance system for major diseases. Improve the dynamic adjustment mechanism of the medical insurance catalog. Promote a diversified and compound medical insurance payment method based on disease-based payment. Eligible Internet medical services will be included in the scope of medical insurance payment, and settlement of medical treatment in different places will be implemented. Solidly promote the standardization and informatization of medical insurance, and improve the level of handling services. Improve the medical insurance fund supervision mechanism. Steadily establish a long-term care insurance system. Actively develop commercial medical insurance.

Section 4 Promoting Inheritance and Innovation of Traditional Chinese Medicine

Adhere to the equal emphasis on Chinese and Western medicine and complement each other's advantages, and vigorously develop the cause of Chinese medicine. Improve the service system of Chinese medicine and give play to the unique advantages of Chinese medicine in disease prevention, treatment and rehabilitation. Strengthen the integration of traditional Chinese and Western medicine to promote the development of ethnic minority medicine. Strengthen the sorting and excavation of the essence of classical medical books, build a support platform for Chinese medicine science and technology, reform and improve the Chinese medicine review and approval mechanism, and promote the research and development of new Chinese medicine medicines and industrial development. Strengthen the supervision of the quality of Chinese medicines and promote the improvement of the quality of Chinese medicines. Strengthen the training of talents with Chinese medicine characteristics, strengthen the inheritance and innovative development of Chinese medicine culture, and promote Chinese medicine to the world.

Section 5 Building a Sports Power

Extensively carry out nationwide fitness exercises to enhance the people's physique. Promote the advancement of health barriers, deepen the integration of sports and education, the integration of sports and health, and the integration of sports and travel. Improve the public service system for national fitness, promote the construction of social sports facilities and the opening and sharing of school venues, increase the coverage of fitness trails and other convenient fitness venues, develop sports parks according to local conditions, and support the use of floodplains to build public sports facilities without hindering flood prevention and safety. Guarantee school physical education and extracurricular exercise time, and carry out national physical fitness monitoring and intervention with the focus on young people. Adhere to equal emphasis

on cultural education and professional training, strengthen the training of reserve talents for competitive sports, improve the competitive level of key events, consolidate the advantages of traditional events, explore the development path of football, basketball and volleyball with Chinese characteristics, continue to promote the development of ice and snow sports, and develop professional sports events with world influence. Expand sports consumption and develop sports industries such as fitness, leisure and outdoor sports. Run the Beijing Winter Olympics, the Winter Paralympics and the Hangzhou Asian Games.

Section 6 In-depth development of the patriotic health campaign

Enrich the connotation of patriotic health work and promote the development of a civilized and healthy lifestyle for all people. Strengthen the construction of public health environmental infrastructure, promote urban and rural environmental sanitation improvement, and strengthen the prevention and control of disease vectors. Deeply promote the creation of sanitary cities and towns. Strengthen health education and popularization of health knowledge, establish good eating habits, stop food waste, carry out tobacco and alcohol restrictions, resolutely eliminate bad habits such as excessive eating of wild animals, and promote lifestyle habits such as meal sharing, chopsticks, and garbage sorting.

专栏 17 全民健康保障工程	
01	疾病预防控制 启动中国疾病预防控制中心二期项目，依托现有疾控机构建设 15 个左右区域公共卫生中心，升级改造 20 个左右国家重大传染病防控救治基地、20 个左右国家紧急医学救援基地。
02	国家医学中心 加强国家心血管、呼吸、肿瘤、创伤、儿科等医学中心建设。聚焦重大病种，打造若干引领国内、具有全球影响力的高水平医学中心和医学创新转化中心。
03	区域医疗中心 支持高水平医疗机构在外出就医多、医疗资源薄弱的省份建设一批区域医疗中心，建成河北、河南、山西、辽宁、安徽、福建、云南、新疆等区域医疗中心。
04	县级医院 推动省市优质医疗资源支持县级医院发展，力争新增 500 个县级医院（含中医院）达到三级医院设施条件和服务能力。
05	中医药发展 打造 20 个左右国家中医药传承创新中心，20 个左右中西医协同旗舰医院，20 个左右中医疫病防治基地，100 个左右中医特色重点医院，形成一批中医优势专科。
06	全民健身场地设施 新建、改扩建 1000 个左右体育公园，建设户外运动、健身休闲等配套公共基础设施。推进社会足球场地和体育健身步道建设。

Chapter 45 Implementation of the National Strategy to Actively Respond to Population Aging

Formulate a long-term population development strategy, optimize the birth policy, and improve the population service system focusing on "one old and one small" to promote long-term balanced population development.

The first section promotes the realization of an appropriate fertility level

Enhance the inclusiveness of birth policies, promote the linkage of birth policies and economic and social policies, reduce the burden of family birth, parenting, and education, and release the potential of birth policies. Improve policies and maternity leave systems for child rearing, youth development, elderly support, and care for the disabled, and explore the implementation of parental leave. Improve the whole process of prenatal and postnatal care services, strengthen pre-pregnancy health services during pregnancy and childbirth, and improve the quality of the birth population. Establish and improve a comprehensive support and guarantee

system for families with special difficulties in family planning. Reform and improve the population statistics and monitoring system, and closely monitor the fertility situation. Deepen the research on population development strategy, and improve the comprehensive decision-making mechanism for population and development.

Section 2 Improve Infant and Toddler Development Policies

Develop an inclusive childcare service system, and improve the policy system that supports infant care services and early development. Strengthen support and guidance for family care and community services, and enhance family scientific parenting capabilities. Strictly implement the policy of supporting kindergartens in urban communities, actively develop various forms of infant and child care service agencies, encourage qualified employers to provide infant and child care services, support enterprises, institutions, social organizations and other social forces to provide inclusive childcare services, and encourage Kindergartens develop integrated nursery and childcare services. Promote the professional and standardized development of infant care services, and improve the quality and level of childcare and education.

Section 3 Improving the Elderly Care Service System

Promote the coordinated development of the elderly care industry and the elderly care industry, improve the basic elderly care service system, vigorously develop inclusive elderly care services, support families to undertake the elderly care functions, and build an elderly care service system that coordinated home community institutions and combined medical care and health care. Improve the community home care service network, promote the ageing transformation of public facilities, promote the extension of professional institution services to the community, and integrate and utilize existing resources to develop community embedded care services. Strengthen the protection of disabled, some disabled and extremely poor elderly people, and actively develop mutual assistance for the elderly such as rural mutual assistance and happiness homes. Deepen the reform of public elderly care institutions, improve service capabilities and levels, improve public-owned and private management mechanisms, support the transformation of training and recuperation resources for the development of elderly care, strengthen policy support for nursing private elderly care institutions, and carry out inclusive elderly care special actions for city-enterprise linkage. Strengthen health services for the elderly, and further promote the integration of medical care and health care. Intensify the training of nursing talents for the elderly, expand the supply of nursing beds in nursing institutions, increase the proportion of nursing beds in nursing institutions to 55%, and better meet the needs of nursing services for the elderly with disabilities and dementia. Gradually improve the welfare level of the elderly, improve the subsidy system for the elderly disabled with financial difficulties and the visit and care system for the disabled elderly with special difficulties. Improve the comprehensive supervision system for elderly care services. Build a social environment for the elderly, filial piety and respect for the elderly, and strengthen the protection of the rights and interests of the elderly. Taking into account factors such as the increase in average life expectancy, the accelerated population aging trend, the increase in the number of years of education, the change in labor structure, etc., in accordance with the principles of small-step adjustment, flexible implementation, classification promotion, and overall planning, the statutory retirement age is gradually delayed to promote sufficient human resources use. Develop the silver-haired economy, develop technologies and products suitable for aging, and cultivate new business formats such as smart elderly care.

专栏 18 “一老一小”服务项目	
01	特殊困难家庭适老化改造 支持 200 万户特殊困难高龄、失能、残疾老年人家庭实施适老化改造，配备辅助器具和防走失装置等设施。
02	社区居家养老服务网络建设 支持 500 个区县建设连锁化运营、标准化管理的示范性社区居家养老服务网络，提供失能护理、日间照料以及助餐助浴助洁助医助行等服务。
03	养老机构服务提升 支持 300 个左右培训疗养机构转型为普惠养老机构、1000 个左右公办养老机构增加护理型床位，支持城市依托基层医疗卫生资源建设医养结合设施。
04	普惠托育服务扩容 支持 150 个城市利用社会力量发展综合托育服务机构和社区托育服务设施，新增示范性普惠托位 50 万个以上。
05	儿童友好城市建设 开展 100 个儿童友好城市示范，加强校外活动场所、社区儿童之家建设和公共空间适儿化改造，完善儿童公共服务设施。

Chapter Fourteen: Enhance people's livelihood and well-being

Persist in doing what we can and do what we can, improve the basic public service system, strengthen the construction of inclusive, basic, and comprehensive people's livelihood, improve the social governance system of co-construction, co-governance and sharing, formulate an action plan for promoting common prosperity, and consciously take the initiative to shrink the area, Urban-rural and income gaps, so that development results will benefit all people more and more equitably, and continue to enhance the people's sense of gain, happiness, and security.

Chapter 46: Improving the National Public Service System

Accelerate the completion of shortcomings in basic public services, focus on strengthening the weaknesses of non-basic public services, and strive to improve the quality and level of public services.

Section 1 Improve the level of equalization of basic public services

Promote the unification of the basic public service system and the effective connection of quality levels in urban and rural areas. Focusing on public education, employment and entrepreneurship, social insurance, medical and health, social services, housing security, public culture and sports, preferential treatment and placement, services for the disabled, etc., establish and improve a basic public service standard system, clarify national standards and establish a dynamic adjustment mechanism to promote The standard level is balanced between urban and rural areas. According to the size of the permanent population and the service radius, the overall layout and co-construction and sharing of basic public service facilities will be promoted to promote the extension of basic public service resources to the grassroots level, to cover rural areas, and to tilt towards remote areas and people in difficulties.

Section 2 Innovative public service delivery methods

Distinguish basic and non-basic, highlight the government's main role in the supply of basic public services, and promote the diversification of non-basic public service providers and the diversification of their delivery methods. In service areas where the contradiction between supply and demand is prominent, such as childcare and elderly care, support social forces to expand the supply of inclusive and standardized services, and ensure that all types of institutions that provide inclusive and standardized services enjoy preferential policies on an equal basis. Encourage social forces to participate in the supply of public services through public construction and private operation, government purchases of services, and government and social capital cooperation. Deepen the reform of public institutions in the field of public services, and create a market environment in which public institutions and social forces compete fairly.

Section 3 Improve the public service policy guarantee system

Optimize the structure of fiscal expenditures and give priority to ensuring basic public services to make up for shortcomings. Clarify the authority and expenditure responsibilities of the central and local governments in the field of public services, and increase the financial support of the central and provincial governments to provide basic public services to the grassroots government. Incorporate more public service projects into the guiding catalog of government purchase services, increase government purchases, and improve fiscal, financing, and land preferential policies. Treat private and public institutions fairly in terms of qualification access, job title evaluation, land supply, financial support, government procurement, and supervision and management.

Chapter 47 Implementation of the Employment Priority Strategy

Improve the promotion mechanism that is conducive to fuller and higher-quality employment, expand employment capacity, improve employment quality, and alleviate structural employment contradictions.

Section 1 Strengthen Employment Priority Policy

Adhere to the employment orientation of economic development, and improve the employment target responsibility assessment mechanism and employment impact assessment mechanism. Improve the employment support system for key groups such as college graduates, veterans, and migrant workers. Improve industrial policies linked to employment capacity, support the development of highly employable service industries, small and medium-sized enterprises, and labor-intensive enterprises, and steadily expand community supermarkets, convenience stores, and community service positions. Promote equal employment, increase high-quality employment, focus on the development of skill-intensive industries, support and standardize the development of new employment forms, and expand the government's purchase of primary education, medical care, and professional social services. Establish a mechanism for promoting entrepreneurship to drive employment and multi-channel flexible employment, comprehensively clean up various restrictive policies, and enhance the inclusiveness of the labor market. Coordinate urban and rural employment policies, and actively guide rural laborers to find employment. Expand the placement of public welfare jobs, and focus on helping people with difficulties such as the disabled and zero-employment family members find employment.

Section 2 Improve the employment public service system

Improve the employment public service system covering urban and rural areas, strengthen the construction of grass-roots public employment and entrepreneurship service platforms, and provide free policy consultation, job introduction, employment guidance and other services for workers and enterprises. Establish a normalized assistance mechanism for enterprises to stabilize jobs, and coordinate the use of employment subsidy funds and unemployment insurance funds. Improve the coordination mechanism between labor import concentrated areas and labor export provinces, and strengthen the precise cross-regional docking of labor. Strengthen the protection of workers' rights and interests, improve the labor contract system and labor relationship coordination mechanism, improve the long-term mechanism for the management of arrears of wages and the labor dispute mediation and arbitration system, and explore the establishment of a labor rights protection mechanism for employees in new business types. Improve the employment demand survey and unemployment monitoring and early warning mechanism.

Section 3 Comprehensively Improve the Employment and Entrepreneurship Ability of Laborers

Improve the lifelong skills training system and continue to carry out large-scale vocational skills training. In-depth implementation of vocational skills improvement actions and special training plans for key groups, extensive training of new business models and new models of employees, to effectively improve the quality of training. Coordinate all levels and types of vocational skills training funds, innovate their use methods, and unblock the channels for training subsidies to reach enterprises and trainers. Improve the pre-tax deduction policy for training expenses, and encourage enterprises to carry out job skill improvement training. Support the development of order-based and package-based training. Build a number of public training bases and production-education integration bases to promote the co-construction and sharing of training resources. Successfully run the National Vocational Skills Competition.

Chapter 48 Optimizing Income Distribution Structure

We will continue to increase the income of low-income groups, expand middle-income groups, and promote common prosperity in a more proactive manner.

Section 1 Expanding channels for residents' income growth

Persist in distribution according to work as the mainstay and coexistence of multiple distribution methods, and increase the proportion of labor remuneration in the primary distribution. Improve the wage determination, reasonable increase and payment guarantee mechanism, improve the minimum wage standard and wage guideline formation mechanism, and actively promote the collective wage negotiation system. Improve the distribution policy system according to factors, improve the mechanism for the market to determine the remuneration of various production factors, and explore the use of land, capital and other factors to increase the factor income of low- and middle-income groups. Improve the market-based salary distribution mechanism for state-owned enterprises, and generally implement performance management for all employees. Reform and improve the remuneration system of public institutions that reflects job performance and hierarchical and classified management. Standardize labor dispatch and employment behavior, and guarantee equal pay for equal work. Increase the property income of urban and rural residents through multiple channels, increase the share of farmers' land value-added income, improve the dividend system of listed companies, and innovate more financial products that meet the needs of household wealth management. Improve the system of turning over state-owned capital gains to the public finances, and increase the use of public finances to protect people's livelihood.

Section 2 Expanding the middle-income group

Implement an action plan to expand the middle-income group, focusing on college and vocational college graduates, skilled workers, and migrant workers, and continuously increase the proportion of the middle-income group. Improve the employment matching and labor participation rate of graduates from colleges and vocational colleges. Broaden the channels for the promotion of skilled workers, unblock the channels for the declaration of professional titles and skill levels for non-public economic organizations, social organizations, and freelance professional and technical personnel, and improve the treatment level and social status of skilled talents. Implement high-quality farmers' cultivation plan, use agricultural and rural resources and modern business methods to increase income. Improve support policies for small and micro entrepreneurs, and support individual industrial and commercial households, flexible employees and other groups to work hard to get rich.

Section 3 Improve the redistribution mechanism

Intensify the adjustment and precision of taxation, social security, and transfer payments, give play to the role of charity and other third distributions, and improve the pattern of income and wealth distribution. Improve the direct tax system, improve the integrated and classified personal income tax system, and strengthen tax regulation and supervision of high-income earners. Enhancing the fairness and accessibility of social security benefits and services, and perfecting the dynamic adjustment mechanism of security standards. Standardize the order of income distribution, protect legal income, rationally regulate excessively high income, ban illegal income, and curb income from monopoly and unfair competition. Establish and improve personal income and property information systems. Improve the modern payment and income monitoring system.

Chapter 49: Improving the Multi-level Social Security System

Adhere to the principle of ensuring everything is guaranteed, and in accordance with the requirements of the bottom line, weaving a dense network, and building a mechanism, accelerate the improvement of a multi-level social security system that covers the whole people, coordinates urban and rural areas, and is fair, unified, and sustainable.

Section 1 Reform and improve the social insurance system

Improve the old-age insurance system and promote the long-term balance of basic old-age insurance funds. Realize the national overall planning of basic endowment insurance, relax the insurance conditions for flexible employees, and achieve full coverage of the statutory population of social insurance. Improve the transfer of

state-owned capital to enrich the social security fund system, and optimize and strengthen the social security strategic reserve fund. Improve the rational adjustment mechanism of the basic pension for urban employees, and gradually raise the basic pension standard for urban and rural residents. Develop a multi-level and multi-pillar old-age insurance system, increase the coverage of enterprise annuities, and standardize the development of the third-pillar old-age insurance. Promote the wide coverage of unemployment insurance and work-related injury insurance to professional workers, and achieve overall planning at the provincial level. Promote the transfer and continuation of social insurance, and improve the unified national social insurance public service platform.

Section 2 Optimize the social assistance and charity system

Focusing on urban and rural subsistence allowances, people with special difficulties, and low-income families, we will improve the hierarchical and classified social assistance system and build a comprehensive assistance pattern. Improve the basic life assistance system and special assistance systems for medical care, education, housing, employment, and disaster-stricken persons, and improve the assistance standards and the dynamic adjustment mechanism of assistance targets. Improve the temporary assistance policies and measures, and strengthen the assistance function of the society in need. Strengthen the systematic financing of urban and rural assistance bodies, and gradually realize the assistance application for permanent residence. Actively develop service-type social assistance and promote the government's purchase of social assistance services. Promote the development of philanthropy and improve incentive policies such as fiscal and taxation. Standardize the development of online charity platforms, and strengthen the management of lottery and public welfare funds.

Section 3 Improve the work system and guarantee system for veterans

Improve the organization and management system, work operation system and policy system of veterans affairs, and improve the service guarantee level of veterans. Deepen the reform of the resettlement system for veterans, increase education, training and employment support, expand employment areas, and improve the quality of resettlement. Establish and improve a new type of treatment guarantee system, improve and implement preferential treatment policies, reasonably raise the standard of treatment for veterans and other preferential treatment targets, and do a good job in the work arrangements, settlement and education of spouses and children. Improve the transfer, placement, and recuperation system for retired military personnel and disabled veterans, strengthen the construction of service centers (stations) for retired military personnel, and improve the construction and service level of special care hospitals, glorious hospitals, military supply stations, etc. Strengthen the convergence of the insurance system for veterans. Vigorously promote the heroic spirit, strengthen the construction and management of military memorial facilities, and build a military cemetery. Deeply promote the creation of dual support model cities (counties).

Chapter 50 Guaranteeing the Basic Rights and Interests of Women Minors and the Disabled

Adhere to the basic national policy of equality between men and women, insist on giving priority to the development of children, improve the level of care and services for the disabled, and effectively protect the development rights and opportunities of women, minors, and the disabled.

Section 1 Promoting equality between men and women and all-round development of women

Deepen the implementation of the Women's Development Program, continue to improve the environment for women's development, and promote women's equal exercise of rights in accordance with the law, participation in economic and social development, and sharing of development results. Ensure women's access to health services, and improve the comprehensive prevention and treatment system and rescue policies for cervical cancer and breast cancer. Ensure women's equal enjoyment of the right to education, and continue to improve the number of years of education and comprehensive ability and quality. Ensure women's equal enjoyment of economic rights, eliminate gender discrimination in employment, enjoy maternity leave and maternity allowances in accordance with the law, and protect rural women's land rights. Guarantee women's equal enjoyment of political rights, and promote women's extensive participation in social affairs and democratic management. Implement the gender equality evaluation mechanism of laws and policies, and improve the gender-disaggregated statistics

system. Improve the level of care and service for left-behind women. Severely crack down on illegal and criminal acts that violate the personal rights of women and girls.

Section 2 Improve the level of care and service for minors

Deeply implement the Children's Development Program, optimize the environment for children's development, and effectively protect children's rights to survival, development, protection, and participation. Improve the child health service system, prevent and control child diseases, reduce child deaths and serious birth defects, effectively control child obesity and myopia, and implement a nutrition improvement plan for preschool children. Ensure children's fair right to education, and strengthen children's mental health education and services. Strengthen the classification and protection of children in difficulties, improve the care and service system for left-behind children in rural areas, and improve the protection mechanism for orphans and de facto unsupported children. Improve the implementation of the juvenile guardianship system, severely crack down on illegal and criminal acts that infringe on the rights and interests of minors, and improve the comprehensive protection system for minors. In-depth implementation of the youth development plan, promote the all-round development of youth, build a platform for youth to grow into talents and make contributions, and stimulate the vitality of youth innovation and entrepreneurship.

Section Three Strengthen Family Construction

Focusing on building a civilized family, implementing scientist education, and inheriting good family traditions, we will thoroughly implement the family happiness and well-being project. Build a legal and policy system that supports family development, advance the process of family education legislation, increase the implementation of the anti-domestic violence law, strengthen marriage and family counseling services, and prevent and resolve conflicts and disputes between marriage and family. Construct a family education and guidance service system covering both urban and rural areas, and improve the cooperative education mechanism of schools, families and society. Promote the diversified development of family services. Give full play to the role of family tutors and family style in grassroots social governance.

Section 4 Enhancing the Protection and Development Ability of the Disabled

Improve the assistance system for the disabled, help the disabled generally participate in basic medical and basic old-age insurance, and dynamically adjust the living allowance for the disabled and the subsidy for the severely disabled. Improve the employment support system for the disabled, strengthen the protection of the labor rights of the disabled, give priority to providing vocational skills training for the disabled, and support the disabled to start their own businesses. Promote full coverage of education for school-age disabled children and adolescents, and improve the quality of special education. Build a rehabilitation university, promote the market-oriented development of rehabilitation services, increase the adaptation rate of rehabilitation assistive devices, and improve the quality of rehabilitation services. Carry out nursing care services for severely disabled persons. Strengthen the construction of service facilities for the disabled and comprehensive service capacity, improve the barrier-free environment construction and maintenance policy system, and support the renovation of barrier-free facilities for families with disabilities.

专栏 19 社会关爱服务行动	
01	残疾人服务 加强专业化残疾人康复、托养和综合服务设施建设，补贴 110 万户困难重度残疾人家庭无障碍设施改造，提升社区无障碍建设水平。
02	困难儿童关爱 支持儿童福利机构建设，提升孤弃儿童集中养治教康水平。加强留守儿童数量较多的欠发达地区未成年人保护设施建设。建设残疾儿童康复救助定点机构，推动残疾儿童普遍享有基本康复服务。
03	流浪乞讨人员救助 充分利用现有社会福利设施建设流浪乞讨人员救助设施或救助站，实现救助服务网络覆盖全部县市。
04	精神卫生福利设施 在精神卫生服务能力不足的地区建设 100 个左右精神卫生福利设施，为困难精神障碍患者提供集中养护、康复服务。
05	公益性殡葬服务 加强殡仪馆、公益性骨灰安葬（放）设施建设，推动老旧殡仪馆改造，推动基本殡葬服务设施覆盖全部县市。推进农村公墓建设。加大生态殡葬奖补力度。

Chapter 51: Building a New Pattern of Grassroots Social Governance

Complete the urban and rural grassroots social governance system led by the party organization that combines autonomy, rule of law, and rule of morality, perfect the grassroots democratic consultation system, and build a social governance community in which everyone is responsible, everyone is responsible, and everyone enjoys.

Section 1 Consolidate the foundation of grassroots social governance

Improve the basic-level social governance framework with the leadership of the party organization, the leadership of the village (neighborhood) committee, and the masses of the people as the main body. Clarify the power and responsibility boundary between grassroots government and grassroots mass autonomous organizations in accordance with the law, formulate a list of powers and responsibilities for county (district) functional departments and towns (sub-districts) in the governance of urban and rural communities, implement a work matter access system, and reduce grassroots, especially village level organization burden. Strengthen the standardized construction of grassroots mass autonomous organizations, and reasonably determine their functions, scale and scope of affairs. Strengthen the establishment of the self-government mechanism for the masses at the grassroots level, improve the autonomy carriers such as village (resident) councils, councils, and supervision committees, and improve the organizational forms and institutional channels for village (resident) residents to participate in social governance.

Section 2 Improve community management and service mechanisms

Promote the downward shift of social governance and service focus, sink resources, and improve the ability of precise and refined service management in urban and rural communities. Promote the extension of approval authority and public service items to the grassroots level, build a grassroots management service platform featuring grid management, refined services, informatization support, and openness and sharing, and promote employment and social security, old-age care, support for the disabled, medical and health, and housekeeping services, Logistics supermarkets, law enforcement, dispute resolution, psychological assistance and other convenient service scenarios are organically integrated and accurately connected. Improve the functions of urban community neighborhood committees, urge property committees and property service companies to perform their duties, and improve community property service management. Build a full-time and professional team of urban and rural community workers.

Section 3 Actively guide social forces to participate in grassroots governance

Give play to the role of group organizations and social organizations in social governance, unblock and standardize the ways in which market players, new social classes, social workers, and volunteers participate in social governance, and fully stimulate the vitality of grassroots social governance. Cultivate standardized industry associations and chambers of commerce, charitable organizations, urban and rural community social organizations, and strengthen policy support and supervision during and after the event, such as financial subsidies, purchase of services, tax incentives, and talent protection. Support and develop social work service agencies and voluntary service organizations, expand the team of volunteers, build more volunteer service platforms, and improve the voluntary service system.

Chapter 15. Coordinated Development and Safe Construction of a Higher Level of Safe China

Adhere to the overall national security concept, implement national security strategies, maintain and shape national security, coordinate traditional security and non-traditional security, integrate security development into all fields and the entire process of national development, prevent and resolve various risks that affect my country's modernization process, and build Secure the national security barrier.

Chapter 52 Strengthening the National Security System and Capacity Building

Persist in the organic integration of political security, people's security, and the supremacy of national interests, with people's security as the purpose, political security as the foundation, economic security as the foundation, and military, scientific and technological, cultural, and social security as guarantees, and continuously enhance national security capabilities. Improve the centralized, unified, efficient and authoritative national security leadership system, improve the national security rule of law system, strategic system, policy system, talent system, and operating mechanism, and improve national security legislation, systems, and policies in important areas. Consolidate the national security line of people's defense, strengthen national security publicity and education, enhance the national security awareness of the whole people, and establish and improve national security risk research and judgment, prevention and control coordination, and prevention and resolution mechanisms. Improve the national security review and supervision system, and strengthen national security law enforcement. Resolutely maintain the security of state power, system, and ideology, comprehensively strengthen the network security guarantee system and capacity building, effectively maintain security in new areas, and strictly prevent and crack down on hostile forces' infiltration, sabotage, subversion, and separatist activities.

Chapter 53 Strengthening National Economic Security Guarantee

Strengthen economic security risk early warning, prevention and control mechanisms and capacity building, realize the safety and control of key industries, infrastructure, strategic resources, and major science and technology, and strive to improve the security development capabilities of food, energy, finance and other fields.

Section 1 Implementation of Food Security Strategy

Implement a variety-based security strategy, improve the supply security system of important agricultural products and the grain production, purchase, storage and sales system to ensure absolute safety of rations, basic self-sufficiency of grains, and sufficient supply of important agricultural and sideline products. Do not relax, grasp the grain production, implement the strategy of storing grain on the ground and storing grain on technology, carry out the technical research on the "stuck neck" of provenance, and improve the independent and controllable ability of improved varieties. Strictly observe the red line of cultivated land and the control line of permanent basic farmland, stabilize and increase the sown area and output of grain, and rationally arrange the regional agricultural emergency guarantee supply base. Deepen the reform of the agricultural product purchase and storage system, accelerate the cultivation of diversified market purchase and sales entities, reform and improve the central grain reserve management system, and improve the ability to regulate and control grain reserves. Strengthen the responsibility system of the governor for food security and the responsibility system of the mayor of the "vegetable basket", and implement the responsibility of the party and government. Effectively reduce losses in grain production, storage, transportation, and processing, and carry out food conservation actions. Actively carry out international cooperation in important agricultural products,

improve the agricultural import management mechanism, promote the diversification of import sources, and cultivate major international grain merchants and agricultural enterprise groups. Formulate a food security law.

Section 2 Implementation of Energy Resource Security Strategy

Adhere to the domestic base, make up for shortcomings, diversify guarantees, strengthen reserves, improve production, supply, storage and marketing systems, strengthen the ability to sustain stable supply of energy and risk management and control, achieve safe coal supply, self-insurance for core oil and gas demand, and stable and reliable power supply. Consolidate the domestic production base, maintain stable and increased production of crude oil and natural gas, and do a good job in the planning, layout, and management of coal-based oil and gas strategic bases. Expand the scale of oil and gas reserves, and improve the oil and gas reserve system that organically combines government reserves and corporate social responsibility reserves and complements each other. Strengthen the construction of coal reserve capacity. Improve the energy risk emergency management and control system, strengthen the power supply guarantee for key cities and users, and strengthen the safety protection of important energy facilities and energy networks. Diversified expansion of oil and gas import sources, maintaining the safety of strategic channels and key nodes. Cultivate a trading center and pricing mechanism dominated by me, and actively promote settlement in local currency. Strengthen the management and control of strategic mineral resources planning, improve reserve security capabilities, and implement a new round of breakthrough strategic actions for prospecting.

Section 3 Implementation of Financial Security Strategy

Improve the financial risk prevention, early warning, disposal, and accountability systems, implement regulatory responsibilities and territorial responsibilities, zero tolerance for violations of laws and regulations, and maintain the bottom line of systemic risks. Improve the macro-prudential management system, and maintain the macro-leverage ratio to be stable, with a steady decline. Strengthen the supervision of systemically important financial institutions and financial holding companies, strengthen the identification and disposal of non-performing assets, prevent and defuse shadow banking risks, deal with high-risk financial institutions in an orderly manner, crack down on illegal financial activities, and improve the long-term mechanism for Internet financial supervision. Improve debt risk identification, evaluation and early warning, and effective prevention and control mechanisms, improve the bond market default handling mechanism, promote unified law enforcement in the bond market, steadily resolve hidden debts of local governments, and severely punish debt evasion. Improve the cross-border capital flow management framework, strengthen supervisory cooperation, and improve risk prevention, control and response capabilities under open conditions. Strengthen the construction of the RMB cross-border payment system, promote the security and control of the core technology of financial industry informatization, and maintain the security of financial infrastructure.

专栏 20 经济安全保障工程	
01 粮食储备设施	建设高标准粮仓，实施粮食绿色仓储提升工程，整合布局一批大型粮食物流枢纽和园区，提高应急分拨集散和通道衔接能力。
02 油气勘探开发	加强四川、鄂尔多斯、塔里木、准噶尔等重点盆地油气勘探开发，稳定渤海湾、松辽盆地老油区产量，建设川渝天然气生产基地。推进山西沁水盆地、鄂尔多斯东缘煤层气和川南、鄂西、云贵地区页岩气勘探开发，推进页岩油勘探开发。开展南海等地区天然气水合物试采。
03 煤制油气基地	稳妥推进内蒙古鄂尔多斯、陕西榆林、山西晋北、新疆准东、新疆哈密等煤制油气战略基地建设，建立产能和技术储备。
04 电力安全保障	布局一批坚强局部电网，建设本地支撑电源和重要用户应急保安电源。建设电力应急指挥系统、大型水电站安全和应急管理平台。构建电力行业网络安全仿真验证环境和网络安全态势感知平台。
05 新一轮找矿突破战略行动	开展基础性地质调查，优选油气、铀、铜、铝等 100~200 个找矿远景区，提交可供商业勘查的靶区 200~300 处。
06 应急处置能力提升	建设 6 个区域应急救援中心和综合应急实训演练基地。推动救援装备现代化，升级完善中央和地方综合应急物资储备库，建设一批应急物资物流基地。建设 3 座区域核与辐射应急监测物资储备库。

Chapter 54 Comprehensively Improve Public Security Guarantee Capabilities

Adhere to the people's supremacy and life supremacy, improve public safety systems and mechanisms, strictly implement public safety responsibilities and management systems, and ensure the safety of people's lives.

The first section to improve the level of safety production

Improve and implement the safety production responsibility system, and establish a public safety hazard investigation and safety prevention and control system. Establish a safety production responsibility system for all employees of the enterprise to consolidate the main responsibility of enterprise safety production. Strengthen production safety monitoring and early warning, supervision, supervision and law enforcement, deepen the safety rectification in key areas such as hazardous chemicals, mining, construction, transportation, fire protection, civil explosions, and special equipment, and implement the supervision of major hidden dangers and the evaluation of rectification effects. Promote the standardization of production safety in enterprises, and strengthen safety management in key areas such as industrial parks. Strengthen the innovative application of advanced technology and equipment in areas such as deep mining and prevention of major disasters, and promote the replacement of robots at dangerous positions. Promote full coverage of safety production liability insurance in key areas.

Section 2 Strict Food and Drug Safety Supervision

Strengthen and improve the food and drug safety supervision system, improve the food and drug safety laws, regulations and standard system, and explore the establishment of a punitive compensation system in civil public interest litigation for food safety. In-depth implementation of the food safety strategy, strengthen the quality and safety supervision of the entire food chain, promote the construction of food safety assurance projects, and increase the joint rectification of food safety issues in key areas. Strictly prevent and control drug safety risks, build a drug and vaccine life-cycle management mechanism, improve the drug electronic traceability system, and realize the traceability of the source and whereabouts of the key categories of drugs in the whole process. Steadily promote the unique identification system for medical devices. Strengthen food and drug safety risk monitoring, random inspections and supervision and law enforcement, and strengthen rapid notification and rapid response.

Section 3 Strengthen Biosafety Risk Prevention and Control

Establish and improve the biosafety risk prevention and control and governance system, and comprehensively improve the national biosafety governance capabilities. Improve the national biosafety risk monitoring and early warning system and the emergency response plan system for prevention and control, and improve the unified release mechanism for major biosafety incident information. Strengthen port prevention and control of animal and plant epidemics and invasive alien species. Coordinate the layout of biosafety infrastructure, build a national biological data center system, and strengthen the construction and operation management of high-level biosafety laboratory systems. Strengthen the supervision of biosafety resources, formulate and improve the catalog of human genetic resources and biological resources, and establish and improve the risk assessment mechanism for biotechnology research and development. Promote the implementation of the Biosafety Law. Strengthen international cooperation in the field of biosafety and actively participate in the formulation of international biosafety rules.

Section 4 Improve the National Emergency Management System

Establish an emergency management system with unified command, professional and regular, responsive, and top-to-bottom linkage, optimize the construction of the national emergency management capability system, and improve disaster prevention, mitigation, and disaster relief capabilities. Adhere to hierarchical responsibilities and territorial priority, improve the central and local hierarchical response mechanisms, and strengthen cross-regional and cross-basin disaster accident emergency response coordination. Carry out the investigation and management of hidden dangers of disasters and accidents, implement public infrastructure safety reinforcement and natural disaster prevention and control capacity improvement projects, and improve flood and drought, forest and grassland fires, geological disasters, meteorological disasters, earthquakes and other natural disaster defense engineering standards. Strengthen the construction of the national comprehensive fire rescue team, and enhance the rescue capability of all disaster types. Strengthen and improve the aviation emergency rescue system and capabilities. Scientifically adjust the category, scale and structure of emergency supplies reserves to improve rapid deployment and emergency transportation capabilities. Construct emergency command information and comprehensive monitoring and early warning network system, and strengthen the construction of emergency rescue communication support capacity in extreme conditions. Develop catastrophe insurance.

Chapter 55 Maintaining Social Stability and Security

Correctly handle the contradictions among the people under the new situation, strengthen social security prevention and control, and weave a comprehensive, three-dimensional, and intelligent social safety net.

Section 1 Improve the comprehensive management mechanism of social contradictions

Persist in and develop the "Maple Bridge Experience" in the new era, and build a comprehensive management mechanism for social contradictions that includes prevention and control, investigation and sorting, dispute resolution, and emergency response. Unblock and standardize the channels for the expression of appeals, coordination of interests, and protection of rights and interests of the masses, and improve the joint work system of people's mediation, administrative mediation, and judicial mediation. Improve the diversified resolution mechanism for conflicts and disputes, and give full play to the role of mediation, arbitration, administrative adjudication, administrative reconsideration, and litigation in preventing and resolving social conflicts. Improve and implement the system of letters and visits, and resolve the reasonable demands of the masses on the spot in a timely manner in accordance with the law. Improve the coordination mechanism for the prevention and control of social conflicts and risks. Improve the psychosocial service system and crisis intervention mechanism.

Section 2 Promote the modernization of the social security prevention and control system

Adhere to the combination of specialists and groups, group prevention and group governance, raise the level of three-dimensional, legal, professional, and intelligent social security, form a working mechanism of joint governance of problems, joint work, and joint creation of safety, and improve the social security prevention

and control system. Continue to carry out the anti-drug people's war and anti-terrorist struggle, promote the normalization of the eradication of evil, severely crack down on all kinds of illegal and criminal activities, and enhance the ability to combat new types of cyber crimes and transnational and regional crimes. Adhere to the combination of combat and prevention, overall prevention and control, strengthen the investigation and rectification of key areas of social security, and improve the coordination and linkage mechanism of social security. Promote the construction of an intelligent platform for public security big data. Improve the supervision and restriction mechanism for the operation of law enforcement judicial power, and improve the protection mechanism for the rights and interests of law enforcement judicial personnel. Build a national security prevention and control system. Deepen practical cooperation in international law enforcement and security.

Chapter 16. Speeding up the modernization of national defense and the armed forces, realizing the unity of a prosperous country and a strong army

Carry out Xi Jinping's thought on strengthening the army, implement the military strategy of the new era, adhere to the party's absolute leadership over the people's army, insist on political army building, reform and strengthening the army, science and technology, talents strengthening the army, governing the army by law, and accelerating the integration of mechanization, informatization, and intelligence. Develop, comprehensively strengthen military training and preparations, improve the strategic ability to defend national sovereignty, security, and development interests, and ensure that the goal of the century-old military is achieved by 2027.

Chapter 56: Improving the Quality and Benefits of National Defense and Military Modernization

Speed up the modernization of military theory, advance with the times, innovate war and strategic guidance, improve the military strategic system in the new era, and develop advanced combat theories. Accelerate the modernization of military organization, deepen national defense and military reforms, advance the revolution in military management, accelerate the transformation and construction of services and armed police forces, strengthen strategic forces and new combat forces in new territories, create high-level strategic deterrence and joint combat systems, and strengthen military forces Joint training, joint guarantee, and joint application. Speed up the modernization of military personnel, implement the policy of military education in the new era, improve the three-in-one new military personnel training system, and forge a new high-quality professional military personnel phalanx. Accelerate the modernization of weapons and equipment, focus on independent innovation and original innovation in national defense science and technology, accelerate the development of strategic frontier and disruptive technologies, and accelerate the upgrading of weapons and equipment and the development of intelligent weapons and equipment.

Chapter 57 Promote the simultaneous improvement of national defense strength and economic strength

Coordinate with the development of national modernization, do a good job of strategic planning, deepen the sharing of resource elements, strengthen policy system coordination, improve organization and management, work operations, policy systems, talent teams, and risk prevention and control systems, and build an integrated national strategic system and capabilities. Promote the coordinated development of key regions, key areas, and emerging fields, and concentrate efforts to implement major projects in the field of national defense. Promote the organic integration of military construction layout and regional economic development layout to better serve the strategic needs of national security development. Deepen the military-civilian scientific and technological collaboration innovation, strengthen the military-civilian coordinated development of marine, aerospace, cyberspace, biology, new energy, artificial intelligence, quantum technology and other fields, promote the sharing of military and civilian scientific research facilities, and promote the two-way transformation and application of military and civilian scientific research results and key industries development of. Strengthen the joint construction and sharing of infrastructure, strengthen the overall planning and construction of new infrastructure, and increase the intensity of economic construction projects to implement national defense requirements. Speed up the construction of a modern military logistics system and asset management system. Strengthen the joint training of military and civilian personnel, and improve the systems for the exchange and use of military and civilian personnel, and qualification certification. Optimize

the layout of the defense science and technology industry and accelerate the process of standardization and generalization. Promote reforms in weapons and equipment market access and air traffic management. Improve the national defense mobilization system, strengthen emergency response coordination, improve the strengthening of border defense mechanisms, strengthen national defense education for the whole people, and consolidate military-political military-civilian unity. Safeguard the legitimate rights and interests of soldiers and soldiers, and make them a profession respected by the whole society.

Chapter Seventeen: Strengthening the Construction of Socialist Democracy and Rule of Law, Improving the Party and State Supervision System

Persist in the organic unity of the leadership of the Communist Party of China, the people being the masters of the country, and the rule of law to promote the self-improvement and development of the socialist political system with Chinese characteristics.

Chapter 58 Development of Socialist Democracy

Persist in and improve the party's leadership system in which the party takes over the overall situation and coordinates all parties, and implements the party's leadership in all fields and aspects of national development. Persist in and improve the system of people's congresses, strengthen the supervision of the "one government, one committee and two houses" by the people's congress, and ensure that the people manage state affairs, manage economic and cultural undertakings, and manage social affairs through various channels and forms in accordance with the law. Uphold and improve the multi-party cooperation and political consultation system under the leadership of the Communist Party of China, improve the construction of socialist parties with Chinese characteristics, strengthen the construction of specialized consultation institutions for the People's Political Consultative Conference, give play to the unique advantages of socialist consultation democracy, and improve the level of advice and governance and consensus building. Fully implement the party's ethnic policy, uphold and improve the system of ethnic regional autonomy, forge a sense of the community of the Chinese nation, and promote the unity and struggle of all ethnic groups for common prosperity and development. Fully implement the party's basic policy on religious work, adhere to the direction of sinicization of religion in our country, and actively guide religion to adapt to the socialist society. Improve the system of self-government by the masses at the grassroots level, and enhance the effectiveness of self-management, self-service, self-education, and self-supervision by the masses. Give full play to the role of people's organizations such as the labor union, the Communist Youth League, and the Women's Federation, and gather the masses of each other closely around the party. Improve the work pattern of the great united front, promote harmony among political parties, ethnic relations, religious relations, stratum relations, and relations between compatriots at home and abroad, and consolidate and develop the situation of great unity and unity. Fully implement the party's policy on overseas Chinese affairs, unite the hearts of overseas Chinese, and serve the overall situation.

Chapter 59 Comprehensively Promote the Rule of Law

We will unswervingly follow the path of socialist rule of law with Chinese characteristics, adhere to the joint advancement of rule of law, rule of law, and administration of law, and build a country ruled by law, a government ruled by law, and a society ruled by law, and implement the plan for the rule of law in China. Improve the system and mechanism to ensure the full implementation of the constitution, strengthen the implementation and supervision of the constitution, implement the constitutional interpretation procedure mechanism, and promote the review of constitutionality. Improve the legislative system and mechanisms, strengthen legislation in key areas, emerging areas, and foreign-related fields, and simultaneously implement reforms, abolitions, interpretations and codification, and improve the socialist legal system with Chinese characteristics centered on the Constitution. Implement the outline for building a government under the rule of law, adhere to and improve major administrative decision-making procedures, deepen the reform of the administrative law enforcement system, strictly regulate fair and civilized law enforcement, standardize the discretionary power of law enforcement, and promote the reform of the administrative review system. Deepen the comprehensive reform of the judicial system, improve the trial system, procuratorial system, penalty enforcement system, and lawyer system, fully implement the judicial accountability system, strengthen

supervision of judicial activities, deepen the reform of the enforcement system, and promote judicial justice. Implement the implementation outline for the construction of a society under the rule of law, strengthen the construction of a socialist rule of law culture, conduct in-depth publicity and education on the rule of law, implement the "Eighth Five-Year" law popularization plan, and improve the public legal service system, legal aid and national judicial assistance system. Comprehensively strengthen the judicial protection of human rights and promote the all-round development of the cause of human rights. Strengthen the construction of foreign-related legal system and strengthen the training of foreign-related legal personnel.

Chapter 60 Improving the Party and State Supervision System

Improve the party's unified leadership, comprehensive coverage, authoritative and efficient supervision system, and form a power operation mechanism that is scientific in decision-making, resolute in execution, and powerful in supervision. Carry out the responsibility of the party's main body and supervision, strengthen political supervision, deepen political inspections, and strengthen the implementation of rectification and reform. Promote the coordination of disciplinary supervision, supervisory supervision, stationed supervision, and inspection supervision, and promote the coordination of various supervisions led by party supervision, so as to form a normal and long-term supervision force, so that the supervision system can better integrate into the national governance system. Deepen the reform of the discipline inspection and supervision system, strengthen the leadership of the higher-level discipline inspection commission over the lower-level discipline inspection commission, promote the standardization and rule of law in the discipline inspection and supervision work, and play the role of supervision and guarantee implementation and promote perfect development. Improve the power allocation and operation restriction mechanism, improve the system of division of powers, division of powers, graded authorization, and regular rotation of posts, improve the public system of party affairs, government, justice, and various fields, and improve the discovery of problems, correction of deviations, and precise accountability. An effective mechanism to build a full-coverage responsibility system and supervision system. Adhere to no forbidden areas, full coverage, and zero tolerance, and promote the development of a clean and upright political ecology and a development environment that do not dare, cannot, or do not want to be corrupted. Deepen international cooperation in anti-corruption. Perseverely implement the spirit of the eight central regulations, improve the long-term mechanism of work style construction, continue to correct formalism and bureaucracy, effectively prevent the rebound of hedonism and extravagance, and resolutely rectify corruption and unhealthy trends around the masses.

Chapter 18. Adhere to "One Country, Two Systems" and Promote the Reunification of the Motherland

Maintain the long-term prosperity and stability of Hong Kong and Macao, promote the peaceful development of cross-strait relations and the reunification of the motherland, and create a beautiful future for the great rejuvenation of the Chinese nation.

Chapter 61 Maintaining the Long-term Prosperity and Stability of Hong Kong and Macau

Fully and accurately implement the principles of "one country, two systems", "Hong Kong people administering Hong Kong", "Macao people administering Macao", and a high degree of autonomy, adhere to the rule of law in Hong Kong and Macao, maintain the constitutional order of the Special Administrative Region as determined by the Constitution and the Basic Law, and implement the central government's comprehensive management of the Special Administrative Region. Govern power, implement the legal system and enforcement mechanism of the Special Administrative Region to safeguard national security, safeguard national sovereignty, security, development interests, and the overall social stability of the Special Administrative Region, resolutely prevent and contain external forces from interfering in Hong Kong and Macao affairs, and support Hong Kong and Macao in consolidating and enhancing its competitive advantages. Integrate into the overall situation of national development.

Section 1 Support Hong Kong and Macau to consolidate and enhance their competitive advantages

Support Hong Kong to enhance its status as an international financial, shipping, trade center, and international aviation hub, and strengthen its functions as a global offshore RMB business hub, an international asset management center, and a risk management center. Support Hong Kong's construction of an

international innovation and technology center, an Asia-Pacific international legal and dispute resolution service center, and a regional intellectual property trading center, support the development of Hong Kong's service industry in a high-end and high-value-added direction, and support Hong Kong's development of a Sino-foreign cultural and artistic exchange center. Support Macao to enrich the connotation of the world tourism and leisure center, support Guangdong and Macao to cooperate in the construction of Hengqin, expand the function of the business cooperation service platform between China and Portuguese-speaking countries, build an exchange and cooperation base with Chinese culture as the mainstream and multicultural coexistence, and support the development of Chinese medicine in Macao R&D and manufacturing, specialty finance, high-tech, convention, exhibition, commerce and other industries to promote moderately diversified economic development.

Section 2 Supporting Hong Kong and Macao to better integrate into the overall development of the country

Improve the integration of Hong Kong and Macao into the overall development of the country, complement each other with the mainland's advantages, and coordinate development mechanisms. Support the participation of Hong Kong and Macao, assist the country's comprehensive opening up and modern economic system construction, and create a functional platform for the joint construction of the "Belt and Road". Deepen the economic and trade, science and innovation cooperation relationship between the Mainland and Hong Kong and Macao, and deepen and expand the interconnection of the financial markets between the Mainland and Hong Kong and Macao. High-quality construction of the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area, deepening cooperation between Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao and the Pan-Pearl River Delta region, promote the construction of major cooperation platforms such as Shenzhen Qianhai, Zhuhai Hengqin, Guangzhou Nansha, and Shenzhen-Hong Kong Loop. Strengthen exchanges and cooperation between the Mainland, Hong Kong and Macao in various fields, improve policies and measures to facilitate the development and living of Hong Kong and Macao residents in the Mainland, strengthen constitution and basic law education, national conditions education, and enhance the national awareness and patriotism of Hong Kong and Macao compatriots. Support Hong Kong and Macao to carry out exchanges and cooperation with other countries and regions.

Chapter 62 Promoting the peaceful development of cross-strait relations and the reunification of the motherland

Adhere to the one-China principle and the "92 Consensus", promote the peaceful and integrated development of cross-strait relations based on the well-being of compatriots on both sides of the strait, and be highly vigilant and resolutely curb separatist activities in "Taiwan independence".

Section 1 Deepen the development of cross-strait integration

Improve the systems and policies that guarantee the well-being of Taiwan compatriots and enjoy equal treatment in the mainland, and continue to implement policies and measures that benefit Taiwan and the people, so that compatriots in Taiwan can share development opportunities and participate in the economic and social development of the mainland. Support Taiwanese businessmen and enterprises to participate in the "Belt and Road" construction and national and regional coordinated development strategies. Promote cross-strait financial cooperation and support qualified Taiwan-funded enterprises to list on the mainland. Promote the construction of cross-strait cooperation platforms such as the Cross-Strait Industrial Cooperation Zone, Pingtan Comprehensive Experimental Zone, and Kunshan Deepening Cross-Strait Industrial Cooperation Pilot Zone. Support Fujian to explore new roads for cross-strait integration and development, and speed up the construction of demonstration zones for cross-strait integration and development. Strengthen cross-strait industrial cooperation, create a cross-strait common market, and strengthen the Chinese nation's economy.

Section 2 Strengthen cross-strait cultural exchanges

Actively promote cross-strait exchanges and cooperation and personnel exchanges, deepen mutual understanding, and increase mutual trust and recognition. Promote cross-strait exchanges and cooperation in cultural, educational, medical and health care, promote social security and public resource sharing, support the equalization, inclusiveness, and convenience of basic public services in neighboring or comparable areas on both sides of the strait, and promote the common inheritance, innovation and development of Chinese excellence by compatriots on both sides of the strait Traditional Culture. Strengthen cross-strait grassroots and youth

exchanges, and encourage Taiwanese youth to come to the mainland to pursue, build and realize their dreams. Unite the broad masses of Taiwan compatriots to jointly oppose "Taiwan independence" separatist activities, maintain and promote the peaceful development of cross-strait relations, and strive for the great rejuvenation of the Chinese nation.

Chapter Nineteen Strengthen Planning Implementation Guarantee

Adhere to the party's overall leadership, improve the planning and implementation guarantee mechanism, better perform government responsibilities, maximize the vitality and creativity of various subjects, and form a strong joint force for the comprehensive construction of a modern socialist country.

Chapter 63 Strengthening the Centralized and Unified Leadership of the Party Central Committee

Carry out the party's requirements for orientation, overall situation, policy determination, and reform, in-depth study and implementation of Xi Jinping's thoughts on socialism with Chinese characteristics for a new era, strengthen the "four consciousnesses", strengthen the "four self-confidence", and achieve "two safeguards", continuously improve political judgment, political insight, and political execution, and penetrate the party's leadership into all areas and the entire process of planning implementation, to ensure the implementation of major decisions and deployments of the Party Central Committee. Give full play to the leading and guarantee role of strict party governance in an all-round way, and integrate the improvement of the party and state supervision system into the plan and implementation. We will improve the organizational system that is connected from top to bottom and has strong execution, and improve the political ability and professionalism of leading groups and cadres at all levels to adapt to the new requirements of the new era, promote reform, promote development, and maintain stability.

Stimulate the enthusiasm of the whole society to participate in the implementation of the plan, pay attention to the role of labor unions, the Communist Youth League, the Women's Federation, etc., give full play to the role of democratic parties, the Federation of Industry and Commerce and people without party affiliation, and maximize the consensus and strength of the entire society. Build an endogenous incentive mechanism that meets the requirements of high-quality development, improve the incentive-oriented performance evaluation and assessment mechanism and the due diligence mechanism, and mobilize the enthusiasm, initiative and creativity of the majority of cadres, especially the grassroots cadres.

Chapter 64 Improving the Unified Planning System

Accelerate the establishment and improvement of a country that is guided by national development planning, based on spatial planning, supported by special planning and regional planning, and is composed of national, provincial, city and county-level plans, with accurate positioning, clear boundaries, complementary functions, and unified convergence. Planning system.

Section 1 Strengthen the leading role of the national development plan

Give better play to the strategic guiding role of the national development plan, and strengthen the support of spatial planning, special planning, and regional planning to the implementation of this plan. In accordance with the requirements for the development and protection of territorial space and key tasks determined in this plan, a national-level space plan is formulated and implemented to provide space guarantees for the implementation of major strategic tasks. Focusing on the strategic priorities and main tasks identified in this plan, in areas such as technological innovation, digital economy, green ecology, and people's livelihood, a number of national-level key special plans have been formulated and implemented, and the timetable and roadmap for detailed implementation of development tasks have been clearly defined. According to the regional development strategy tasks identified in this plan, a batch of national-level regional plans and implementation plans have been formulated and implemented. Strengthen the implementation of the development strategy, main objectives, key tasks, and major engineering projects proposed in this plan by local planning.

Section 2 Strengthen Planning Coordination and Coordination

Improve planning management systems such as catalogue lists, compilation and preparation, connection and coordination, formulate catalogue lists such as the "14th Five-Year Plan" national-level special plans, promote planning and recordation relying on the national planning integrated management information platform, and bring all kinds of plans into unified management. Establish and improve the coordination mechanism of planning. The plans approved by the Party Central Committee and the State Council and the provincial development plans must be linked with this plan before approval to ensure that national-level spatial plans, special plans, regional plans and other plans at all levels are in line with this plan. The main goals, development direction, overall layout, major policies, major projects, risk prevention and control, etc. are coordinated.

Chapter 65 Improving the Planning Implementation Mechanism

Strengthen the organization, coordination and supervision of the implementation of this plan, and establish and improve the implementation of the plan monitoring and evaluation, policy guarantees, assessment and supervision mechanisms.

The first section implements the responsibility of planning implementation

All regions and departments shall, in accordance with the division of responsibilities, formulate implementation plans for the main objectives and tasks of this plan involving their respective regions and departments. The binding indicators, major engineering projects and public services, ecological and environmental protection, security and other fields of tasks determined in this plan shall be clearly defined for the responsible entities and schedule requirements, rationally allocate public resources, guide and control social resources, and ensure that they are completed on schedule. The expected indicators and tasks in the fields of industrial development and structural adjustment proposed in this plan are mainly realized by giving full play to the role of market players. Governments at all levels must create a sound policy environment, institutional environment, and legal environment. The annual plan shall implement the development goals and key tasks set forth in this plan, decompose the main indicators determined in this plan into the annual plan index system, set annual goals and make a comprehensive balance between the years, and reasonably determine the annual work priorities.

Section 2 Strengthen Planning, Implementation, Monitoring and Evaluation

Carry out dynamic monitoring, mid-term evaluation, and summary evaluation of the implementation of the plan. The mid-term evaluation and summary evaluation are submitted to the Standing Committee of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee for deliberation in accordance with procedures, and report the implementation of the plan to the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress in accordance with the law, and consciously accept the supervision of the National People's Congress. Give full play to the supervisory role of national supervisory agencies and auditing agencies in advancing the implementation of the plan. The implementation of the plan is incorporated into the evaluation system of relevant departments, local leadership and cadres, as an important basis for improving government work. When it is necessary to make adjustments to this plan, the State Council shall propose an adjustment plan and submit it to the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress for approval.

Section 3 Strengthen Policy Coordination Guarantee

Adhere to planning and setting the direction, finance as guarantee, finance as support, and coordination of other policies, and strive to build a coordination and linkage mechanism between planning and macro policies. In accordance with the objectives and tasks of this plan, combined with the economic development situation, rationally determine the macro policy orientation. Persist in the obedience and service of public finance to public policies, strengthen financial guarantees for major national strategic tasks, strengthen the coordination of mid-term fiscal planning and annual budgets, government investment plans and the implementation of this plan, and give priority to central fiscal funds to invest in major tasks and tasks identified in this plan. Major engineering projects. Insist that projects follow the plan, funds and elements follow the project, formulate a list of major engineering projects according to this plan, simplify the approval procedures for the projects in the list, and give priority to ensuring the planning site selection, land supply and capital needs, and the land for major projects alone. The demand is guaranteed by the state.

Section 4 Accelerating Development Planning Legislation

Adhere to the principle of formulating plans according to law and implementing plans according to law, and fix the regulations, requirements and effective practices of the Party Central Committee and the State Council on the construction of a unified planning system and national development planning in legal form, accelerate the promulgation of the development planning law, and strengthen planning Formulate and implement the rule of law guarantees.



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