



## DUMPING INVESTIGATION

### CASE No. AD0087

## Glass Containers originating in the People's Republic of China (PRC)

### Note to the public file

### Final decision: appropriate representative third country

21 April 2026

On 05 March 2026, the Trade Remedies Authority (TRA) initiated an anti-dumping investigation into glass containers originating in the PRC (the goods concerned) as per our [Notice of Initiation \(NOI\)](#).

The TRA has received an allegation, made by the Applicant, that there is a Particular Market Situation (PMS) in the market for glass containers in the PRC.

The TRA has yet to make a determination on this point. However, if the TRA determines that there is a PMS in the PRC glass containers market which has an effect on the domestic sales price in the PRC and does not permit a proper comparison of the domestic sales price in the PRC to the export sales price to the UK, the TRA may not use the comparable price to determine normal value of the goods concerned.

If the TRA determines that there is a PMS in the PRC glass containers market, the TRA may construct a normal value in accordance with Regulation 8(1)(a) of the Trade Remedies (Dumping and Subsidisation) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 ("the Regulations"). The TRA does this by determining the costs of production plus a reasonable amount for administrative, selling, and general costs and for profits. The TRA may then adjust these figures using data from an appropriate representative third country. The TRA may also use data from this country as part of its examination of a PMS in the PRC glass containers market.

Following the notification of the proposed appropriate representative third country, this notification details the TRA's final decision.

On 10 April 2026, the TRA published a [note to file](#) proposing Brazil as an appropriate representative third country due to the availability of cost data and the similarity of economic development to the PRC, based on indicators such as gross national income per capita and Human Development Index. This appropriate representative third country would apply if the TRA finds there is a PMS in the market for glass containers in the PRC.

Parties submitted comments on our proposed appropriate representative third country. The TRA has assessed all the comments, and the final decision of the appropriate representative third country is detailed in the section "The TRA's final choice of appropriate representative third country" below.



## Summary of submissions regarding our proposed appropriate representative third country

### PRC exporter: GUANGDONG HUAXING GLASS CO., LTD.

The TRA received a [submission](#) from “GUANGDONG HUAXING GLASS CO., LTD.” which made the following comments:

1. The fundamental shortcomings of Brazil as a representative third country
  - a. Brazil’s economy and cost of factors of production are significantly incomparable with those of China;
  - b. Brazil’s glass packaging industry structure differs significantly from that of China
  - c. The availability and transparency of Brazil’s data are extremely poor
2. The full justification and comparability of India as a representative third country
  - a. India’s level of economic development and factor costs are highly comparable to those of China
  - b. India’s glass packaging industry is comparable to China’s in various respects
  - c. Data on India’s glass industry is publicly available, transparent and verifiable

### The TRA’s final choice of appropriate representative third country

Having reviewed the submission made in response to our note to file regarding the proposed appropriate representative third country, and based on the information available to the TRA, the TRA has chosen **Brazil** as the appropriate representative third country in this investigation (for use if the TRA finds there is a PMS in the PRC glass containers market), due to the availability of cost data and the similarity of economic development to the PRC, based on indicators such as gross national income per capita and Human Development Index.

The TRA will confirm which appropriate representative third country was used in its investigation and the reasons for that choice and will address any further comments received in response to this notice in both the Provisional Affirmative Determination (PAD) (where applicable) and in the Statement of Essential Facts (SEF), which are published later in the case timeline. If the TRA rejects information provided, it will also publish our reasons for rejection in the SEF.

### How we will ask for data from our selected third country

Having selected **Brazil** as an appropriate representative third country, the TRA is now inviting producers in that country to register to the investigation by completing a Third Country Producer Registration Form and providing certain sales and cost data



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to assist with the investigation. The Third Country Producer Registration Form is available on the public file [here](#).

If multiple producers choose to participate, we may use an appropriate sampling methodology to select the producers to involve further.

Producers may ask the TRA to treat some information as confidential, for example if it includes commercially sensitive data. The TRA will treat this information as confidential provided parties can show good cause as to why it should be treated as such. The TRA will also ask any producer submitting confidential information to provide a non-confidential version or summary of that information, so this can be published on the TRA's [public file](#) at the [Trade Remedies Service](#) (TRS).

Further information on submitting and summarising confidential information can be found in the TRA's Trade Remedies [guidance](#).

### **Find out more**

You can find more information about our investigations processes in our [online trade remedies guidance](#).

If you have any questions or comments, please contact us at [AD0087@traderemedies.gov.uk](mailto:AD0087@traderemedies.gov.uk).