中央企业投资监督管理办法

2017-01-18 13:18 来源： 国资委网站

国务院国有资产监督管理委员会令

第34号

《中央企业投资监督管理办法》已经国务院国有资产监督管理委员会主任办公会议审议通过，现予公布，自公布之日起施行。2006年公布的业投资监督管理暂行办法》（国资委令第16号）同时废止。

国务院国有资产监督管理委员会主任

201

中央企业投资监督管理办法

第一章 总则

第一条 为依法履行出资人职责，建立完善以管资本为主的国有资产监管体制，推动中央企业规范投资管理，优化国有资本布局和结构，更国有资本保值增值责任，根据《中华人民共和国公司法》《中华人民共和国企业国有资产法》《关于深化国有企业改革的指导意见》（中发〔20号）和《关于改革和完善国有资产管理体制的若干意见》（国发〔2015〕63号）等法律法规和文件，制定本办法。

第二条 本办法所称中央企业是指国务院国有资产监督管理委员会（以下简称国资委）代表国务院履行出资人职责的国家出资企业。本办法是指中央企业在境内从事的固定资产投资与股权投资。本办法所称重大投资项目是指中央企业按照本企业章程及投资管理制度规定，由董事会研投资项目。本办法所称主业是指由中央企业发展战略和规划确定并经国资委确认公布的企业主要经营业务；非主业是指主业以外的其他经营业务

第三条 国资委以国家发展战略和中央企业五年发展规划纲要为引领，以把握投资方向、优化资本布局、严格决策程序、规范资本运作、报、维护资本安全为重点，依法建立信息对称、权责对等、运行规范、风险控制有力的投资监督管理体系，推动中央企业强化投资行为的全程全

第四条 国资委指导中央企业建立健全投资管理制度，督促中央企业依据其发展战略和规划编报年度投资计划，对中央企业年度投资计划实理，制定中央企业投资项目负面清单，对中央企业投资项目进行分类监管，监督检查中央企业投资管理制度的执行情况、重大投资项目的决策和况，组织开展对重大投资项目后评价，对违规投资造成国有资产损失以及其他严重不良后果的进行责任追究。

第五条 中央企业投资应当服务国家发展战略，体现出资人投资意愿，符合企业发展规划，坚持聚焦主业，大力培育和发展战略性新兴产业制非主业投资，遵循价值创造理念，严格遵守投资决策程序，提高投资回报水平，防止国有资产流失。

第六条 中央企业是投资项目的决策主体、执行主体和责任主体，应当建立投资管理体系，健全投资管理制度，优化投资管理信息系统，科资计划，制定投资项目负面清单，切实加强项目管理，提高投资风险防控能力，履行投资信息报送义务和配合监督检查义务。

第二章 投资监管体系建设

第七条 中央企业应当根据本办法规定，结合本企业实际，建立健全投资管理制度。企业投资管理制度应包括以下主要内容：

（一）投资应遵循的基本原则；

（二）投资管理流程、管理部门及相关职责；

（三）投资决策程序、决策机构及其职责；

（四）投资项目负面清单制度；

（五）投资信息化管理制度；

（六）投资风险管控制度；

（七）投资项目完成、中止、终止或退出制度；

（八）投资项目后评价制度；

（九）违规投资责任追究制度；

（十）对所属企业投资活动的授权、监督与管理制度。

企业投资管理制度应当经董事会审议通过后报送国资委。

第八条　国资委和中央企业应当建立并优化投资管理信息系统。国资委建立中央企业投资管理信息系统，对中央企业年度投资计划、季度及完成情况、重大投资项目实施情况等投资信息进行监测、分析和管理。中央企业建立完善本企业投资管理信息系统，加强投资基础信息管理，提理的信息化水平，通过信息系统对企业年度投资计划执行、投资项目实施等情况进行全面全程的动态监控和管理。中央企业按本办法规定向国资有关纸质文件和材料，应当同时通过中央企业投资管理信息系统报送电子版信息。

第九条　国资委根据国家有关规定和监管要求，建立发布中央企业投资项目负面清单，设定禁止类和特别监管类投资项目，实行分类监管。清单禁止类的投资项目，中央企业一律不得投资；列入负面清单特别监管类的投资项目，中央企业应报国资委履行出资人审核把关程序；负面清投资项目，由中央企业按照企业发展战略和规划自主决策。中央企业投资项目负面清单的内容保持相对稳定，并适时动态调整。

中央企业应当在国资委发布的中央企业投资项目负面清单基础上，结合企业实际，制定本企业更为严格、具体的投资项目负面清单。

第十条　国资委建立完善投资监管联动机制，发挥战略规划、法律合规、财务监督、产权管理、考核分配、资本运营、干部管理、外派监事纪检监察、审计巡视等相关监管职能合力，实现对中央企业投资活动过程监管全覆盖，及时发现投资风险，减少投资损失。

第三章　投资事前管理

第十一条　中央企业应当按照企业发展战略和规划编制年度投资计划，并与企业年度财务预算相衔接，年度投资规模应与合理的资产负债水应。企业的投资活动应当纳入年度投资计划，未纳入年度投资计划的投资项目原则上不得投资，确需追加投资项目的应调整年度投资计划。

第十二条　中央企业应当于每年3月10日前将经董事会审议通过的年度投资计划报送国资委。年度投资计划主要包括以下内容：

（一）投资主要方向和目的；

（二）投资规模及资产负债率水平；

（三）投资结构分析；

（四）投资资金来源；

（五）重大投资项目情况。

第十三条　国资委依据中央企业投资项目负面清单、企业发展战略和规划，从中央企业投资方向、投资规模、投资结构和投资能力等方面，业年度投资计划进行备案管理。对存在问题的企业年度投资计划，国资委在收到年度投资计划报告（含调整计划）后的20个工作日内，向有关企面意见。企业应根据国资委意见对年度投资计划作出修改。

进入国资委债务风险管控“特别监管企业”名单的中央企业，其年度投资计划需经国资委审批后方可实施。

第十四条　列入中央企业投资项目负面清单特别监管类的投资项目，中央企业应在履行完企业内部决策程序后、实施前向国资委报送以下材

（一）开展项目投资的报告；

（二）企业有关决策文件；

（三）投资项目可研报告（尽职调查）等相关文件；

（四）投资项目风险防控报告；

（五）其他必要的材料。

国资委依据相关法律、法规和国有资产监管规定，从投资项目实施的必要性、对企业经营发展的影响程度、企业投资风险承受能力等方面履审核把关程序，并对有异议的项目在收到相关材料后20个工作日内向企业反馈书面意见。国资委认为有必要时，可委托第三方咨询机构对投资项

证。

第十五条　中央企业应当根据企业发展战略和规划，按照国资委确认的各企业主业、非主业投资比例及新兴产业投资方向，选择、确定投资好项目融资、投资、管理、退出全过程的研究论证。对于新投资项目，应当深入进行技术、市场、财务和法律等方面的可行性研究与论证，其中项目应开展必要的尽职调查，并按要求履行资产评估或估值程序。

第十六条　中央企业应当明确投资决策机制，对投资决策实行统一管理，向下授权投资决策的企业管理层级原则上不超过两级。各级投资决投资项目做出决策，应当形成决策文件，所有参与决策的人员均应在决策文件上签字背书，所发表意见应记录存档。

第四章　投资事中管理

第十七条　国资委对中央企业实施中的重大投资项目进行随机监督检查，重点检查企业重大投资项目决策、执行和效果等情况，对发现的问进行提示。

第十八条　中央企业应当定期对实施、运营中的投资项目进行跟踪分析，针对外部环境和项目本身情况变化，及时进行再决策。如出现影响实现的重大不利变化时，应当研究启动中止、终止或退出机制。中央企业因重大投资项目再决策涉及年度投资计划调整的，应当将调整后的年度报送国资委。

第十九条　中央企业应当按照国资委要求，分别于每年一、二、三季度终了次月10日前将季度投资完成情况通过中央企业投资管理信息系统委。季度投资完成情况主要包括固定资产投资、股权投资、重大投资项目完成情况，以及需要报告的其他事项等内容。部分重点行业的中央企业报送季度投资分析情况。

第五章　投资事后管理

第二十条　中央企业在年度投资完成后，应当编制年度投资完成情况报告，并于下一年1月31日前报送国资委。年度投资完成情况报告包括以下内容：

（一）年度投资完成总体情况；

（二）年度投资效果分析；

（三）重大投资项目进展情况；

（四）年度投资后评价工作开展情况；

（五）年度投资存在的主要问题及建议。

第二十一条　中央企业应当每年选择部分已完成的重大投资项目开展后评价，形成后评价专项报告。通过项目后评价，完善企业投资决策机项目成功率和投资收益，总结投资经验，为后续投资活动提供参考，提高投资管理水平。国资委对中央企业投资项目后评价工作进行监督和指导分重大投资项目开展后评价，并向企业通报后评价结果，对项目开展的有益经验进行推广。

第二十二条　中央企业应当开展重大投资项目专项审计，审计的重点包括重大投资项目决策、投资方向、资金使用、投资收益、投资风险管面。

第六章　投资风险管理

第二十三条　中央企业应当建立投资全过程风险管理体系，将投资风险管理作为企业实施全面风险管理、加强廉洁风险防控的重要内容。强期风险评估和风控方案制订，做好项目实施过程中的风险监控、预警和处置，防范投资后项目运营、整合风险，做好项目退出的时点与方式安排

第二十四条　国资委指导督促中央企业加强投资风险管理，委托第三方咨询机构对中央企业投资风险管理体系进行评价，及时将评价结果反业。相关中央企业应按照评价结果对存在的问题及时进行整改，健全完善企业投资风险管理体系，提高企业抗风险能力。

第二十五条　中央企业商业性重大投资项目应当积极引入社会各类投资机构参与。中央企业股权类重大投资项目在投资决策前应当由独立第质咨询机构出具投资项目风险评估报告。纳入国资委债务风险管控的中央企业不得因投资推高企业的负债率水平。

第七章　责任追究

第二十六条　中央企业违反本办法规定，未履行或未正确履行投资管理职责造成国有资产损失以及其他严重不良后果的，依照《中华人民共国有资产法》《国务院办公厅关于建立国有企业违规经营投资责任追究制度的意见》（国办发〔2016〕63号）等有关规定，由有关部门追究中央管理人员的责任。对瞒报、谎报、不及时报送投资信息的中央企业，国资委予以通报批评。

第二十七条　国资委相关工作人员违反本办法规定造成不良影响的，由国资委责令其改正；造成国有资产损失的，由有关部门按照干部管理处分；涉嫌犯罪的，依法移送司法机关处理。

第八章　附则

第二十八条　本办法由国资委负责解释。

第二十九条　本办法自公布之日起施行。国资委于2006年公布的《中央企业投资监督管理暂行办法》（国资委令第16号）同时废止。

扫一扫在手机打开当前页

相关稿件

中央企业、地方国资委负责人会议在京召开

中央企业负责人经营业绩考核办法

国资委公布国有重点大型企业监事会第五任期对中央企业监督检查情况

三部门联合印发《关于进一步规范和加强中央企业中长期经营管理培训工作的通知》

版权所有：中国政府网　中文域名：中国政府网.政务

网站标识码bm01000001　京ICP备05070218号　京公网安备11010202000001号

国务院客户端　国务院客户端小程序

Measures for the Supervision and Administration of Investment by Central Enterprises

2017-01-18 13:18 Source: SASAC website

国务院国有资产监督管理委员会令

No. 34

The Measures for the Supervision and Administration of Investment by Central Enterprises, which have been deliberated and at the director's executive meeting of the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council, hereby promulgated and shall come into force on the date of promulgation. The "Interim Measures for the Supervision and Admini of Investment by Central Enterprises" (Decree No. 16 of the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission) pro in 2006 shall be repealed simultaneously.

Xiao Yaqing, director of the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the Stat

Januar

Measures for the Supervision and Administration of Investment by Central Enterprises

Chapter I General Provisions

Article 1 In order to perform the responsibilities of investors in accordance with the law, establish and improve a state assets supervision system focusing on capital management, promote the standardization of investment management of central ent optimize the layout and structure of state-owned capital, and better implement the responsibility for maintaining and increas value of state-owned capital, according to the "China The Company Law of the People's Republic of China, the Enterprise State Assets Law of the People's Republic of China, Guiding Opinions on Deepening the Reform of State-owned Enterprises (Zhongfa [20 22) and Several Opinions on Reforming and Improving the State-owned Assets Management System (Guofa [2015] No. 63) and other regulations and documents to formulate these measures.

Article 2 The term "central enterprises" as mentioned in these Measures refers to the state-funded enterprises that the S owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council (hereinafter referred to as the SASAC) performs t investor's duties on behalf of the State Council. The term "investment" as mentioned in these Measures refers to the fixed investment and equity investment made by central enterprises in China. The term "major investment projects" as mentioned in t Measures refers to the investment projects that the central enterprise shall study and decide on by the board of directors in accordance with the enterprise's articles of association and investment management rules. The term "main business" as mention these Measures refers to the main business of the enterprise determined by the development strategy and plan of the central e and confirmed and announced by the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission; non-main business refers to business operations other than the main business.

Article 3 The State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission is guided by the national development strategy five-year development plan of central enterprises, focusing on grasping investment directions, optimizing capital layout, str decision-making procedures, standardizing capital operations, improving capital returns, and maintaining capital security. An investment supervision and management system with symmetry, equal rights and responsibilities, standardized operation, and st control promotes central enterprises to strengthen the overall supervision of investment behavior.

Article 4 The State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission guides central enterprises to establish and imp investment management system, urges central enterprises to compile and report annual investment plans according to their devel strategies and plans, implements filing management for central enterprises' annual investment plans, formulates a negative lis central enterprise investment projects, and Carry out classified supervision of investment projects, supervise and inspect the implementation of the investment management system of central enterprises, the decision-making and implementation of major inv projects, organize the post-evaluation of major investment projects, and take responsibility for the loss of state-owned asse other serious adverse consequences caused by illegal investment pursue.

Article 5 The investment of central enterprises shall serve the national development strategy, reflect the willingness of investors to invest, comply with the enterprise development plan, insist on focusing on the main business, vigorously cultiva develop strategic emerging industries, strictly control non-main business investment, follow the concept of value creation, s Comply with investment decision-making procedures, increase the level of return on investment, and prevent the loss of state-o assets.

Article 6 Central enterprises are the decision-making bodies, execution bodies and responsible bodies of investment proje should establish investment management systems, improve investment management systems, optimize investment management informa systems, scientifically prepare investment plans, formulate negative lists of investment projects, and effectively strengthen management. , improve investment risk prevention and control capabilities, fulfill investment information reporting obligatio cooperate with supervision and inspection obligations.

Chapter II Investment Supervision System Construction

Article 7 Central enterprises shall establish and improve investment management systems in accordance with the provisions Measures and in light of their actual conditions. The enterprise investment management system should include the following ma contents:

(1) Basic principles to be followed in investment;

(2) Investment management process, management department and relevant responsibilities;

(3) Investment decision-making procedures, decision-making institutions and their responsibilities;

(4) Negative list system for investment projects;

(5) Investment information management system;

(6) Investment risk management and control system;

(7) Completion, suspension, termination or exit system of investment projects;

(8) Post-evaluation system for investment projects;

(9) Accountability system for investment in violation of regulations;

(10) Authorization, supervision and management system for the investment activities of affiliated enterprises.

The enterprise investment management system shall be submitted to the SASAC after deliberation and approval by the board directors.

Article 8 The State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission and central enterprises shall establish and op investment management information systems. The State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission has established a enterprise investment management information system to monitor, analyze and manage investment information such as the central enterprise's annual investment plan, quarterly and annual investment completion, and major investment project implementation. enterprises establish and improve their own investment management information systems, strengthen investment basic informatio management, improve the informatization level of investment management, and conduct comprehensive and dynamic monitoring and management of the company's annual investment plan implementation and investment project implementation through the informati system. The relevant paper documents and materials submitted by central enterprises to the SASAC in accordance with the provis these Measures shall simultaneously submit electronic versions of information through the central enterprise investment manage information system.

Article 9 The State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission shall, in accordance with relevant national re and regulatory requirements, establish and issue a negative list of central enterprise investment projects, set prohibited an specially supervised investment projects, and implement classified supervision. Central enterprises are not allowed to invest investment projects that are prohibited in the negative list; for investment projects in the special supervision category on negative list, central enterprises should report to the SASAC to perform investor review and check procedures; for investment that are not on the negative list, the central government Enterprises make independent decisions in accordance with enterpris development strategies and plans. The content of the negative list of central enterprise investment projects remains relative and will be dynamically adjusted in due course.

Central SOEs should, on the basis of the negative list of central SOE investment projects issued by the SASAC, formulate stringent and specific negative list of investment projects for their own enterprises in light of their actual conditions.

Article 10 The State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission establishes and improves the investment super linkage mechanism, and exerts the joint efforts of strategic planning, legal compliance, financial supervision, property righ management, assessment and distribution, capital operation, cadre management, dispatched supervisory board supervision, disci inspection and supervision, audit inspection and other relevant supervision functions , Realize the full coverage of supervis the process of investment activities of central enterprises, discover investment risks in a timely manner, and reduce investm losses.

Chapter III Investment Management in Advance

Article 11 A central enterprise shall formulate an annual investment plan in accordance with the enterprise development s and planning, and link it with the enterprise's annual financial budget, and the annual investment scale shall be compatible reasonable level of assets and liabilities. The investment activities of enterprises shall be included in the annual investme and investment projects not included in the annual investment plan shall not be invested in principle, and the annual investm shall be adjusted if additional investment projects are really needed.

Article 12 The central enterprise shall submit the annual investment plan reviewed and approved by the board of directors SASAC before March 10 of each year. The annual investment plan mainly includes the following contents:

(1) The main direction and purpose of the investment;

(2) Investment scale and asset-liability ratio;

(3) Investment structure analysis;

(4) source of investment funds;

(5) Information on major investment projects.

Article 13 The State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission shall, in accordance with the negative list o investment projects of central enterprises, enterprise development strategies and plans, conduct filing management of the ann investment plans of central enterprises in terms of investment direction, investment scale, investment structure, and investm capabilities of central enterprises. For the annual investment plans of enterprises with problems, the SASAC shall, within 20 days after receiving the annual investment plan report (including the adjustment plan), feedback written opinions to the rele enterprises. The enterprise shall revise the annual investment plan according to the opinions of the SASAC.

Central enterprises that have entered the list of "specially supervised enterprises" for debt risk management and control SASAC, their annual investment plans must be approved by the SASAC before they can be implemented.

Article 14 For investment projects included in the special supervision category of the negative list of central enterpris investment projects, the central enterprise shall submit the following materials to the SASAC after completing the internal d making procedures of the enterprise and before implementation:

(1) A report on project investment;

(2) relevant decision-making documents of the enterprise;

(3) Investment project feasibility study report (due diligence) and other relevant documents;

(4) Report on risk prevention and control of investment projects;

(5) Other necessary materials.

In accordance with relevant laws, regulations and state-owned assets supervision and regulations, the SASAC shall perform review and check procedures in terms of the necessity of investment project implementation, the degree of impact on the busine development of enterprises, and the ability of enterprises to withstand investment risks, etc. Feedback written opinions to th enterprise within 20 working days after receiving relevant materials. When the SASAC deems it necessary, it may entrust a thi consulting agency to demonstrate the investment project.

Article 15 Central enterprises shall select and determine investment projects in accordance with the enterprise developme strategies and plans, and in accordance with the proportion of investment in the main business and non-main business of each enterprise and the investment direction of emerging industries confirmed by the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administra Commission, and do a good job in project financing, investment, management, Exit the full course of research justification. Fo investment projects, in-depth feasibility studies and demonstrations in terms of technology, market, finance, and law should b carried out. Among them, equity investment projects should carry out necessary due diligence and perform asset evaluation or v procedures as required.

Article 16 Central enterprises shall clarify the investment decision-making mechanism, implement unified management of inv decision-making, and the enterprise management levels that authorize investment decision-making downwards shall not exceed two in principle. Investment decision-making institutions at all levels shall form decision-making documents when making decisions investment projects, and all personnel participating in the decision-making shall sign and endorse the decision-making documen the opinions expressed shall be recorded and archived.

Chapter IV Investment Management

Article 17 The State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission conducts random supervision and inspection of investment projects being implemented by central enterprises, focusing on inspections of the decision-making, implementation, effects of major investment projects of enterprises, and reminding enterprises of problems found.

Article 18 Central enterprises shall regularly track and analyze investment projects under implementation and operation, a timely re-decisions in response to changes in the external environment and the conditions of the projects themselves. In the e major adverse changes affecting the realization of the investment purpose, the suspension, termination or exit mechanism shall studied. If the re-decision-making of a major investment project involves the adjustment of the annual investment plan of the enterprise, it shall submit the adjusted annual investment plan to the SASAC.

Article 19 Central enterprises shall, in accordance with the requirements of the State-owned Assets Supervision and Admini Commission, submit quarterly investment completion information to the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commis through the central enterprise investment management information system before the 10th of the month following the end of the second, and third quarters of each year. Quarterly investment completion mainly includes fixed asset investment, equity inves completion of major investment projects, and other matters that need to be reported. Central enterprises in some key industrie submit quarterly investment analysis as required.

Chapter V Post-investment Management

Article 20 After the annual investment is completed, the central enterprise shall prepare an annual investment completion and submit it to the SASAC before January 31 of the next year. The annual investment completion report includes but is not lim the following:

(1) The overall situation of the annual investment completion;

(2) Annual investment effect analysis;

(3) The progress of major investment projects;

(4) The progress of the annual post-investment evaluation work;

(5) Major problems and suggestions in the annual investment.

Article 21 Central enterprises shall select some major investment projects that have been completed to carry out post-eva every year, and form a special post-evaluation report. Through post-project evaluation, improve the enterprise investment dec making mechanism, improve project success rate and investment income, summarize investment experience, provide reference for investment activities, and improve investment management level. The State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commiss supervises and guides the post-evaluation work of investment projects of central enterprises, selects some major investment p to carry out post-evaluation, and notifies enterprises of the post-evaluation results, and promotes the beneficial experience project development.

Article 22 Central enterprises shall carry out special audits of major investment projects, with the focus of audits inclu decision-making on major investment projects, investment direction, use of funds, investment income, investment risk manageme other aspects.

Chapter VI Investment Risk Management

Article 23 Central enterprises shall establish a risk management system for the entire investment process, and regard inv risk management as an important content for enterprises to implement comprehensive risk management and strengthen integrity r prevention and control. Strengthen the pre-investment risk assessment and risk control plan formulation, do a good job in risk monitoring, early warning and disposal during project implementation, prevent post-investment project operation and integrati and make good arrangements for the timing and method of project exit.

Article 24 The State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission shall guide and urge central enterprises to s investment risk management, entrust a third-party consulting agency to evaluate the investment risk management system of cent enterprises, and feedback the evaluation results to central enterprises in a timely manner. Relevant central enterprises shou rectify existing problems in a timely manner according to the evaluation results, improve the enterprise investment risk mana system, and improve the enterprise's ability to resist risks.

Article 25 Major commercial investment projects of central enterprises shall actively attract various social investment institutions to participate. For major equity investment projects of central enterprises, an independent third-party qualifie consulting institution shall issue an investment project risk assessment report before making an investment decision. Central enterprises included in the debt risk management and control of the SASAC shall not push up the debt ratio level of enterpris investment.

Chapter VII Accountability

Article 26 Where a central enterprise violates the provisions of these Measures by failing to perform or correctly perfor investment management duties, resulting in the loss of state-owned assets and other serious adverse consequences, it shall be by the "State-owned Assets Law of the People's Republic of China" and "Regulations on the Establishment of State-owned Enterp the General Office of the State Council". The Opinions on the Accountability System for Operation and Investment Violations" (Guobanfa [2016] No. 63) and other relevant provisions stipulate that the relevant departments shall hold the central enterpr business managers accountable. The State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State-owned Assets Sup and Administration Commission will criticize central enterprises that conceal, lie, or fail to submit investment information timely manner.

Article 27 If the relevant staff of the SASAC violate the provisions of these measures and cause adverse effects, the SAS order them to make corrections; if they cause loss of state-owned assets, the relevant departments shall give sanctions in ac with the management authority of cadres; if they are suspected of committing a crime, they shall be transferred to the judici according to law deal with.

Chapter VIII Supplementary Provisions

Article 28 The SASAC shall be responsible for the interpretation of these Measures.

Article 29 These Measures shall come into force on the date of promulgation. The "Interim Measures for the Supervision an Administration of Central Enterprise Investment" (SASAC Order No. 16) promulgated by the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission in 2006 will be abolished simultaneously.

Scan to open the current
page on the mobile phone

Related manuscripts

The meeting of the heads of central enterprises and local SASACs was held in Beijing

Measures for the Evaluation of the Operational Performance of Persons in Charge of Central Enterprises

The State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission announced the supervision and inspection of central enterpr the board of supervisors of key state-owned large-scale enterprises in the fifth term

The three departments jointly issued the "Notice on Further Regulating and Strengthening the Medium- and Long-Term Managemen Training Work of Central Enterprises"

Sponsor: General Office of the State Council Operation and maintenance unit: China Government Network Operation Center

Copyright: China Government Network Chinese

Domain name:China Government Net.Government Affairs

Website identification code bm01000001 Beijing ICP No. 05070218 Beijing Public Security No. 11010202000001

State Council client State Council Client Mini Prograr